Weather

Windy, colder weather today. The maximum temperature yesterday was 75.4 and the minimum 54.1, the figures for the corresponding day last year being 68.4 and 58.5.

The China Press

大陸報

A Live Newspaper Devoted to Progress in China

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KOLCHAK ISSUES PLEA TO PEOPLE TO DEFEND OMSK

Retreat Of Loyalists Is Continuing Along Whole Front

MEETING CALLED

Bolsheviki Report Both Judenitch And Denikin Will Be Crushed

DENIED IN LONDON

Authoritative Statement Says North Russian Line Is Holding

(Reuter's Pacific Service)

Omsk, Nov. 2.—General headquarters reports: "Our troops continue to retire."

Omsk, Nov. 1.—General headquarters reports. "Our troops are retiring on the whole extent of the front."

Admiral Kolchak has issued a proclamation to the population of Omsk, appealing to them "to defend the city, arms in hand."

A solemn meeting of groups and political parties has been held in the presence of the Supreme Ruler and the Cabinet.

It was a demonstration of the union of all organisations in the face of danger.

In particular a deep impression was made by the speeches of the representatives of the Co-operative Societies, exhorting the population to rally round the Supreme Ruler and enlist, one and all, as volunteers.

Harbin, Nov. 3.—The Bolsheviki have cut the railway between Borsia and Cloviannaia stations, severing communication between China and Harbin.

It is reported from Nikolsk that the Bolsheviki fired on a train going to Habarovsk, at a siding 399 versts from Vladivostok and again at another point one verst further on. The first six cars of the train reached Sviagino, station, but the other five were derailed and fell over the embankment.

A train-load of Japanese soldiers, which which was sent to the rescue, dispersed the Reds and returned in the evening with many wounded passengers. Fourteen passengers were killed. Urgent measures are being taken to clear the line and restore traffic.

Gains On All Fronts Claimed By Bolsheviki

(Reuter's Service)

London, October 31.—While the Bolshevist wireless asserts that the Bolshevists enemies are retiring on all fronts, that the rout of Admiral Kolchak's army is imminent, that General Judenitch will be crushed in a fortnight and that General Denikin's position is hopeless, an authoritative statement issued in London last night says that General Denikin's advance continues and the army of General Judenitch now holds the line from which Petrograd can be re-attacked at any moment while a War Office communique of yesterday evening says that a strong force of Reds, on October 29, attacked two miles Southwest of Ropscha at a gap between the Esthonians and the Northwest Army.

A counter-attack under General Pirikimi cut off and destroyed the advancing Bolshevist column, capturing 1,500 prisoners, after which General Pirikimi turning eastward marched on towards Krashoye Selo. The report adds that apparently the reported evacuation of Gatchina by General Judenitch is incorrect.

Germany Sends Protest On Blockade In Baltic

Berlin, October 30.—A German note has been sent to the Entente demanding the abolition of the Baltic blockade and the return of the vessels detained at Reval and Libau.

Another note declares Germany's readiness to negotiate with the Powers regarding measures to combat Bolshevism, but only on a basis of equality.

The German Government does not consider that a hunger blockade is the proper measure.

Berlin, October 31.—It is semi-officially announced that in view of the fact that the withdrawal of troops from the Baltic States is inadequate, and the sharpest measures are inperative owing to their behavior, the Cabinet has decided that all the troops who have not crossed the frontier by November first shall be declared deserters, and lose their German citizenship as well as all claims to provisioning.

Briton Begins To Organise Peace Labor Conference

H.B.Butler INTRO.

Mr. H. B. Butler, of London, England, photographed in Washington, where he has begun the organisation of the International Labor Conference provided for in the Treaty of Peace. Mr. Butler is secretary of the committee appointed by the Peace Conference for the purpose of organising the labor conference, which is scheduled to open in Washington on October 26. One thousand delegates, including men from practically every nation in the world, will attend. President Wilson was scheduled to deliver an address at the opening session but will be unable to do so. Vice-President Marshall probably will act for him.

SALVAGE WORK REPORT IS MADE IN COMMONS

Question Of How Much Longer It Is To Be Continued Is Being Considered

(Reuter's Service)

London, October 28.—In the House of Commons, replying to Major Ralph Glyn, Mr. H. W. Forster stated that the number at present employed upon salvage work in the war areas were: British labor troops and other details 81,000; Chinese and other colored labor, 45,000:

The weekly cost of salvage operations was estimated at £537,000 including cost of transportation to the United Kingdom.

The War Office and Ministry of Munitions Mr. Morster added, were closely considering the question how much longer the work should be continued.

United States Army Under Full Strength

Number Of Officers And Men October 21 Reported To Total 264,787

(American Press Wireless)

Washington, November 1.—The United States army is ten percent below the authorised strength for the fiscal year, standing at 264,787 officers and enlisted men on October 21, according to a recent report of the War Department.

GERMANY'S 1919 BUDGET PASSES THIRD READING

New Tax Revenues Just Equal To Interest On The National Debt

(Reuter's Service)

Berlin, October 30.—The National Assembly today passed the third reading of the 1919 budget. Herr Erzberger stated that the expenditure amounted to seventy-nine thousand million marks which he compared with the revenues of 1918, which totalled nine thousand millions.

The new taxes were estimated to yield nine thousand millions.

The national debt amounted to two hundred thousand millions, on which there was an interest charge of approximately nine thousand millions.

Plan Technical College Along American Lines

Chinese To Co-operate With Industrial University Mission Of U.S. To Establish School

A technical university with American teachers and equipment, which is to be administered along American industrial lines is planned for China, possibly at Shanghai, by the Industrial University Mission of America, according to announcements made at a meeting of interested Chinese here yesterday at the former German Club. A committee was appointed to prepare for the establishment of the college in conjunction with the Industrial University Mission.

Speeches were made yesterday by Mr. Z. T. Ing of Nanking University, who leaves here for the United States on Friday in connection with the mission, Mr. C. C. Nieh, vice-president of the Shanghai Cotton Mill Owners' Association and Mr. Yuen Shih-an. The meeting was presided over by Mr. Wu Tingsung of the British-American Tobacco Company.

The university aims to give vocational education to all classes of Chinese and to enable them to make use of their knowledge as soon as they leave college. The entrance qualifications will not be too strict. Unlike other colleges, a student need not be a graduate of a middle or high school.

HISTORY OF MOVEMENT

Professor Ing traced the history of the movement, stating that it originated with Professor Woodworth of the University of California, who was sometime lecturer at the Nanking University. Mr. Woodworth felt the necessity of the improvement of the educational system in China, as the graduates from schools and colleges were unable to make use of what they have received in school. He noticed that although there were a large number of intelligent professors and instructors who were able to discourse theoretically on various technical subjects, they are absolutely helpless when they were confronted with a practical problem.

Consequently, Mr. Woodworth went to the United States to organise the Industrial University Mission to assist the Chinese in industrial development. The United States is now spending $20,000,000 yearly on missionaries, hospitals and education for China, says Mr. Ing. An agitation has been started to devote part of this money to industrial education alone.

The mission will issue stock scripts at $10 each, bearing interest at four percent per year. It is expected that a large portion of the capital of $5,000,000 will be raised in the United States.

Mr. Yuen said that although the educational system of China has improved during the last few years yet no great result has been attained due to the fact that students are learning those subjects which they will not make use of in their future life.

TELLS ADVANTAGES

The speaker then pointed out four special advantages of the technical university; an education which will be of practical use to a student, the production of more native products, the elimination of foreign loans and the utilisation of the labor of idle and undesirable people. Mr. Yuen said that it is difficult to better the living conditions of the people when it is so difficult to earn a living in China.

Mr. Nieh outlined the scheme of an industrial school which he has just recently formulated for the Cotton Mill Owner's Association. His plan is to establish a cotton mill in conjunction with a technical school. The mill is to employ none except the students of the school, who are to work six hours and study three. The idea of the institution is to make people respect labor and not be ashamed of working.

The mission is also planning to issue a monthly bulletin in connection with movement.

The Shanghai committee includes Messrs. Sung Han-chang, Wu Tingsung, Chu Pao-san, Ho Tien-sung, Chao Chin-ching, H. Y. Moh, C. C. Nieh, C. P. Yin, K. P. Chen, Z. T. Ing and T. C. Chu.

AMERICAN COMMISSION ABOUT TO QUIT PARIS

Believed Its Activities Will Cease By The End Of Next Month

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, October 31.—Frank Polk, Assistant Secretary of State, expects to spend Christmas in Washington. Both Henry White and General Bliss also expect to return to the United States when Polk goes so there is a strong belief around the Hotel Crillion that whether the Peace Conference is finished or not the American Commission will cease functioning by the end of November.

Concerning this, Assistant Secretary Polk announced this morning that if no satisfactory government had been established at Budapest by the time the Bulgarian treaty was signed that the Hungarian treaty will be closed up and left with the French Foreign Office until a suitable government has been established in Hungary to sign the Treaty and new boundaries will be settled by a series of protocols among the surrounding states.

The reply of the Peace Conference to Bulgaria is expected to be ready Monday and the Bulgarian treaty may be signed by the end of next week. The Supreme Council will then wind up affairs and will not sit indefinitely awaiting the establishment of a really representative government in Hungary.

However, to settle the frontiers through the exchange of protocols, Rumania must be dealt with, as the Bucharest government has been stubbornly refusing to make any concessions to Jugo-Slavia and has announced that it will not adhere to the Hungarian treaty unless the Serbs' claims (Bulgaria) be recognised.

The Hotel Crillion is gradually being emptied as attaches and advisers are packing up and leaving. Huge boxes of documents, books and papers are being loaded up and sent to America by every boat.

Paris, October 30.—The Supreme Council has decided that a German plenipotentiary must come to Paris to sign the protocol enumerating Germany's breaches of the armistice and guarantee the fulfilment of the armistice obligations which have been evaded.

BRITISH ORDER ISSUED ON TRADING WITH FOE

Clearing House Established To Deal With Debts, Contracts And Business Matters

(Reuter's Service)

London, October 25.—(delayed.) The Gazette today contains an order in Council prescribing the arrangements for carrying out the sections of the peace treaty relating to debts, property, rights of contracts and judgments between British subjects and ex-enemies.

The order, which comes into operation when the peace treaty comes into force, applies to all Overseas Dominions except Canada, Australasia, South Africa, India and Newfoundland, but it is subject to modifications by the local legislatures.

Under the order, a clearing house will be established in the United Kingdom, with the possibility of the establishment of branches in other parts of the Empire, to deal with claims.

With some exceptions, it will not be lawful for a person to pay or accept payment of an enemy debt except through this clearing house, which will have power to enforce payment with interests.

U.S. Senate To Vote On Final Amendment

(American Press Wireless)

Washington, November 1.—Only one amendment of the forty-six proposed by the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations remains to be voted upon. The proposition made by Senator Johnson of California has been rejected by the body.

Norwegian Consul Goes To Legation

Mr. T. Knudtzon is Promoted To Post Of Secretary At Peking

Mr. T. Knudtzon, acting Norwegian Consul-General at Shanghai, has been appointed secretary to the Norweigan legation in Peking and will proceed there in about two weeks. He will be succeeded here by Mr. S. Steckmest, acting Consul at Hongkong.

The head of the legation for Norway in this country and Japan will be Mr. Johan Wilhelm Michelet, formerly attached to the Norwegian legation in Paris and London. He is expected in the Far East at about Christmas time and will first visit Tokio.

Germany Makes First Move In Fight To Regain Commerce

The Bodensee, Germany's new air liner. (INTERNATIONAL)

The giant air liner Bodensee, of the Hamburg-American Line, which recently completed a successful flight from Friedrichshofen to Berlin. The Bodensee completed the flight of about 450 miles in six hours. The vessel, which is the latest type of aircraft, is 395 feet long, is luxuriously furnished and can accommodate fifty passengers. Many more liners are being constructed by the Hamburg-American Line, the directors of which hope to inaugurate a commercial air-line between Berlin and New York within two years. The photograph showing the huge cabin of the Bodensee, was made just before the air vessel started on the flight to Berlin.

ALL PARIS SHIVERING DUE TO COAL SHORTAGE

Serious Hardships Imposed As City Has Only Third Of Needed Fuel Supply

(Reuter's Service)

Paris, October 30.—If enough Americans to shake public opinion in the United States could spend a few days in Paris at this time they might get a vivid idea of what a coal strike would mean to American cities. Which is one way of saying that Paris is shivering and has fair prospects of shivering all winter.

Paris in these days is like any city in the world in the winter time with thirty-three and one-third percent of the needed coal supply.

One shivers when one goes to bed. One shivers when one gets up. One shivers when one eats breakfast and then one goes about one's affairs in the cold rain.

There isn't any heat in many of the restaurants because many of the hotels cannot buy any coal. There isn't any heat because they can only get enough coal to cook with. Lighting concerns have threatened to cut off the current unless more coal comes into the city. Cafe owners announce that no hotel has more than fifteen days supply and only a few have other fuel. Department stores are beginning to curtail heating by turning on the radiators only for a few hours in the morning.

Theaters are besieging the government with demands for fuel saying they must close unless something is done for them. Of course the French fuel shortage is not confined to Paris. It affects all France. Factories in many of the industrial centers have been forced either to curtail their activities or close down altogether.

Looking at the situation from the American tourists' point of view, the lack of fuel isn't the only drawback to visiting Paris within the next few months. One small item is that it is forbidden by the government to serve milk in hotels or restaurants. It is expected that a similar ban will be placed on the public consumption of eggs in a few days. These steps have been taken to conserve these supplies for infants and for the sick.

It should be drawn to the attention of tourists that Paris is greatly overpopulated, which means a shortage of living accommodations which in turn means that all hotels are crowded and have waiting lists. Naturally the proprietors have hoisted the prices.

Hotel prices are one-third higher than one year ago. Seventy francs is the usual daily price for room with bath in a good hotel and fifty francs is considered reasonable. As for the whole scale of prices, it is higher today than ever before. Business France today is not in a position to care for many tourists from America or anywhere else.

Wilson Returning To Official Duties

(American Press Wireless)

Washington, November 3.—President Wilson's condition continues to improve and the Chief Executive has been permitted by Admiral Grayson, his physician, to attend to some of his official business, according to the daily bulletin from the

British Trade Conference Holds First Session Toaay

Meeting Here Of Chambers Of Commerce Will Be Opened With Address Of British Minister

ter, will address the first meeting of the conference of 15 British Chambers of Commerce at the British Supreme Court this morning. The session will start at ten o'clock and in addition to the representatives of Chambers in 15 cities of China, the local British public will be allowed to attend.

Prior to the Minister's address, formal resolutions, including a welcome to Sir John, will be passed. After the address, the conference will go into executive session. To this and other sessions the public will not be admitted and a communique will be issued to the press each afternoon.

Sir John Jordon arrived from Peking last night and was met by a guard of honor and local officials at the Shanghai North Station. General Lu Yung-hsiang sent a battalion of troops from the 37th Regiment and there was a detail of Sikhs from The Shanghai Municipal Police.

DELEGATION AT STATION

Sir John was met by the British Consul-General, Mr. Jamieson, and the entire staff of the Consulate. Chairman E. C. Pearce of the Municipal Council, Commissioner Yang Tcheng of the Bureau of Foreign Affairs, representatives of the Shanghai-Nanking Railway staff, Mr. S. T. Tsao, representing Mr. Wang Yi-tang, chief Northern peace delegate; a representative of Mr. Tang Shao-yi, Mr. S. K. Chen of the Bureau of Foreign Affairs and others.

After the officials had been presented to the British Minister, he inspected the guard of honor and received the salute. He then drove to the British Consulate-General with Consul-General Jamieson. Sir John will remain at the Consulate-General during his stay here.

In addition to speaking at today's session, Sir John will address the concluding meeting and will probably be the principal speaker at a banquet to be given by the Shanghai Chamber on Saturday night.

The Conference that starts this morning marks a new era in British business in the Far East. It will probably mean a union of Chambers of Commerce in all parts of China and an organisation which can aid British business by direct dealing with the British Government.

LIST OF DELEGATES

The delegates are as follows:

S. H. Dodwell, John Johnstone, Hongkong
C. A. Fraser, J. W. Burtwell, H. K. Peters.....Hankow.
E. S. Leeds.....Newchwang.
H. F. Brett.....Canton.
V. Eckford .....Chefoo.
B. G. Buchan, W. J. Warmsley, N. Leslie, K. Mounsey, Tientsin.
F. C. Butcher (Bradley & Co.), Shanghai ..... Swatow.
H. Baker .....Foochow.
P. M. Scott (Representation for British Manufacturers)... Changsha.
A. S. Kent, S. F. Drakeford, Mukden.
S. F. Mayers.....Peking.
A. C. Mackenzie, P. H. Millard, Harbin.
E. C. Masters.....Chinkiang.
W. A. Argent.....Chunking.
W. F. Alway.....Tsingtao.

Shipment Of Stamps Here From America

Threatened Shortage At United States Postal Agency Is Relieved

Fears of a shortage of American postage stamps in Shanghai have been allayed by the arrival from America of a long-delayed shipment of all denominations. Postmaster Everett, however, has in no sense changed his mind about the use of small stamps to post large packages. Instead of consuming a whole sheet of 2c-stamps, 20s or 50s, should be used, he says and then no shortage could be possible.

PLIGHT OF UNEMPLOYED DISCUSSED IN LONDON

Committee Of Trade Union Congress Appointed To Institute Inquiry

(Reuter's Service)

London, October 31.—The parliamentary committee of the Trade Union Congress yesterday passed a resolution expressing indignation at the early cessation of the unemployed donations, and instructing that inquiries should be made regarding the Government's unemployed policy.

Red Cross Sends Comforts To Siberia

Sweets And Christmas Decorations Sent To American Soldiers

Five hundred dollars worth of sweets and Christmas decorations left Shanghai recently for the American soldiers in Siberia, sent by the American Red Cross Central Committee.

Other shipments will follow for other checks from branch chapters in China are being received. For example, one for $100 came last week from Soochow and on Monday another from the Foochow American Red Cross. There are 23 branch societies in China.

Ex-Senator Burton To Be Entertained

Former U. S. Senator Theodore E. Burton and U. S. Consul-General Edwin S. Cunningham will be the guests of honor at a luncheon of the American University Club Friday. The affair will be held in the Carlton Cafe at 12:15 and will adjourn at 1:50. It is expected that addresses will be heard from both of the guests. Mr. J. B. Powell, secretary of the Club and Mr. George A. Fitch, president, are taking reservations.

FINANCE DEBATE IS TRIUMPH FOR BRITISH PREMIER

Critics Of Government Are Anwered But Not Silenced

WILL CUT OUTLAY

Reduction Of Army And Naval Expenditure Is Pledged

AMENDMENT LOST

Lloyd George Promises Surplus For Reduction Of Debt Next Year

(Reuter's Service)

London, October 31.—The newspapers this morning are unanimous in acknowledging that the Government scored a triumph in yesterday's financial debate. Even the Daily News admits that the Premier's speech was a great oratorical success, making a tremendous impression on the House.

The discussion fizzled out when the Premier sat down. Opinion in the lobby is that it was one of the emptiest discussions ever heard in the Commons.

As the division showed, yesterday's debate was merely a labor demonstration without significance.

Critics in the papers however continue their denunciation of what one of them describes as the Government's "faith healer finance." They accuse the Government of relying on rhetoric and despising the logic of facts, a policy which, they say, will speedily bring the country to the most serious position unless high prices are checked.

The Times in a leading article says: "There will be widespread astonishment that the House of Commons was so easily cajoled. Those who believe in representative institutions will tremble for the future of democracy."

The Times lobby correspondent states that the Government is going to undertake a lightning autumn campaign all over the country in an endeavor to regain its lost prestige, and that two hundred mass meetings will be held during the next six weeks especially in the industrial centers, the campaign being wound up with a great demonstration in London which will be addressed by Mr. Lloyd George.

OPENING OF DEBATE

London, Oct. 29.—Great public interest centered in the debate begun in the House of Commons this afternoon on the question of national expenditure.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, opened with the Government's motion "that the House, realising the serious effects upon trade and industry of the enormous financial burdens resulting from the war, promises hearty support to the Government in all reasonable prosposals, however drastic, for a reduction of expenditure and diminution of debt."

Mr. Chamberlain said that while the position disclosed in the recent White Paper was grave, there was no reason for panic. Hysteria was not strength. Moreover the situation today was better than he had anticipated in August, he said. The tax revenues were coming in extraordinarily well while customs and excise were now estimated to yield 38½ millions above the budget estimate.

The tea and tobacco budget estimates would also be exceeded respectively by four and fourteen millions. This was important as it was eloquent of the spending power of the people, which was a great factor alike in social stability and revenue production. Indeed, he no longer thought that new taxation would be required to balance incomings and outgoings.

Dealing with various criticisms of extravagance Mr. Chamberlain pointed out that war expenditure had continued right down to the signature of the German treaty, owing to the uncertainty whether Germany would sign. He declared that no single factor in the world situation at present placed a heavier strain on Great Britain in men and money than the fact that the peace with Turkey had not yet been signed, pending America's decision whether she would share the "white man's burden."

Dealing with the increase of expenditure over the Budget esti-

mate, Mr. Chamberlain mentioned that Italy and France were owing Great Britain much more than had been anticipated.

ANSWERS CRITICISM

Replying to denunciations of the administrative expenditure, the Chancellor declared that if the whole of the organisations created by the war were swept away and the staffs of all departments returned to their prewar salaries, only twenty-two millions would be saved.

The House cheered Mr. Chamberlain's announcement that the unemployment donation would cease on November 21. As regards the bread subsidy, Mr. Chamberlain said that the Government thought it impossible to terminate it immediately.

The Chancellor proceeded to announce drastic and immediate reductions of the army and navy: namely the Home forces would be reduced by 217,000 men, the Rhine army by 116,000, the army in France and Flanders by 130,00 that on the Black Sea by 6,000 that in Egypt and Palestine by 22,000, and that in Mesopotamia by 7,000. These reductions would be effective from November 15, while by December 1 the army in Mesopotamia would be reduced by 94,000, including the Indian troops.

The naval reductions included five battleships of the Home Fleet which had gone to the special reserve and one for sale. There had been large cancellations of ships under construction, showing a saving of £18,000,000. The permanent personnel of the Navy would be reduced by 16,000 men. All this showed that Great Britain was leading the way in disarmament among the nations of the world.

OPPOSES CAPITAL LEVY

Mr. Chamberlain proceeded to deal with various proposals for reducing the national debt. He denounced a general capital levy because he said it was unfair, encouraged extravagance, deterred saving, was detrimental to the influx of foreign capital, and if, once introduced for a good purpose, the public would feel no security against its introduction for other purposes. The question of a special levy on fortunes accumulated by reason of the war stood on a different footing.

He did not dispute the equity of the abstract principle of such a tax, but the difficulties were immense. However a select committee would be appointed to advise the Government on the subject.

The Chancellor concluded by prophesying that a substantial surplus would be available in 1920 for a reduction of debt without additional taxation or borrowing.

"Our burdens are heavy," he declared, "but our shoulders are broad. There is every reason for caution, but none for panic."

Mr. Winston Churchill, Secretary of State for War, stated that owing to the reduced armies of occupation, Germany's indebtedness had been reduced to £48,000,000. That amount would not be received this year, he said, although Germany had paid about a million in currency for the use of the troops at Cologne. The Dominions owed the War Office £50,000,000 in connection with the maintenance of troops in the field in war time. He now anticipated that owing to the financial difficulties of Australia he would receive only £15,000,000 out of £35,000,000 for which it had been budgeted, but the other £20,000,000 was a good debt on which the Dominions were paying interest.

DISPOSAL OF TROOPS

Mr. Churchill pointed out that sixty-seven out of one hundred and eighteen millions sterling, which was the unbudgeted war office deficit, constituted deferred payments and that the remaining fifty one millions were accounted for by increased pay in the army, the railway strike, the rupee exchange and small unanticipated delays in demobilisation.

At present, he said, there were eighty thousand troops on the Rhine. By November 15, there would be forty-five thousand, which would immediately after that date be reduced by twelve thousand. Fourteen thousand were necessary for garrisoning Cologne and sixteen thousand for the plebiscitory division under the Treaty, who would remain six or seven months. The British were guarding 198,000 Germans in France and were dispersing as fast as possible a hundred thousand Chinese native laborers.

In conclusion Mr. Churchill optimistically reviewed the situation in Russia. General Denikin, he said, had now gained enormous territory, including the richest part of Russia with a population of 40,000,000. General Denikin had taken 270,000 prisoners since May. His army was composed of between three and four hundred thousand men, who were well organised. Trade was beginning, the railways were starting and there was every hope that this territory would escape the privations of the rest of Russia. In March when the serious fighting began there were 430,000 Bolshevists troops and 320,000 anti-Bolshevists. By September there were 460,000 Bolshevists and 640,000 anti-Bolshevists.

General Denikin had been advised, Mr. Churchill said, that we expected his forces to become self-supporting by the end of the present financial year. Meanwhile the Cabinet had approved a final contribution to General Denikin of surplus stores valued at £15,000,000 which would be despatched gradually during the winter. Hence they were approaching the end of their own entanglement in Russia in a way which was securing the same objects as those of the anti-Bolshevists. Mr. Churchill hoped he would not be accused of militarism. He pointed out that Great Britain alone among nations of the world had taken steps which would shortly abolish conscription. It was the only country in Europe which practised what it preached and had translated the sentiments of the League of Nations into a great, swift policy of disarmament.

OPPOSITION IS HEARD

London, Oct. 30.—The Debate on the financial situation was continued this afternoon by Mr. J. R. Clynes who moved an amendment declaring that the present national war expenditure was unjustifiable, urging drastic economy and advocating a levy on capital and the reversion to the State of war fortunes for the purpose of reducing the national debt. Mr. Clynes remarked that the worse the financial condition, the more cheerful was the Chancellor of the Exchequer. The Labor party, he said, contended that the financial situation was so extraordinary as to call for extraordinary measures. Mr. Clynes urged an enquiry into the question of a capital levy.

Lord Robert Cecil supported the amendment and asked what allowances had been made for the expenses involved by the British mandates. He was most doubtful whether any territories, the mandate of which was entrusted to Great Britain, would pay expenses for many years.

Mr. Chamberlain interrupting was understood to say that Palestine was paying its way.

Mr. Lloyd George replying, expressed the opinion that the Chancellor had "knocked the bottom out of the case of the critics," and emphasised their disagreements as regards where to retrench. He said that the greatest expenditure was on the army and navy and pointed out that the navy was at present only the prewar navy, and that it would be less by the end of the financial year.

Continuing, the Prime Minister gave details as regards the reduction of the personnel of the army, navy and air force. He said the forecast for March 31 was for 825,000 men. Actually there would be 300,000. He asked was this nothing. Next year there would be a substantial surplus for a reduction of the debt.

DISCUSSES DEBT

Mr. Lloyd George went on to say that the provision for the liquidation of the debt in fifty years was one of the most magnificent propositions concerning international liability ever advanced. It would resound throughout the world, and it was a testimony to British courage and foresight. The critics saw only the enormous expenditure, and therefore the elementary facts of the situation must be re-emphasised. There had been the most costly war in the world's history, entailing the enormous debt of eight thousand millions, for which interest must be paid, and a sinking fund provided. Because the Government faced this annual charge of four hundred millions, it was charged with extravagance, he said.

Furthermore, Mr. Lloyd George continued, responding to the pressure of members of Commons the Government had established pensions amounting to one hundred and twenty millions annually, and not a single penny of this amouut had been challenged. There had been exceptional charges in the current year owing to abnormal difficulties. The British army had been scattered throughout the world more than the army of any other nation.

Replying to a query, Mr. Lloyd George said that they had evacuated Armenia in order to economise. They were unable to police the whole world, and honestly they thought that other powers ought to share the responsibility.

Then, proceeded Mr. Lloyd George, the Government was criticised for not demobilising quicker on the grounds that they knew Germany would sign. On the contrary, the Peace Conference did not know till the last moment that Germany would sign, and then she only signed because she knew that Great Britain maintained a number of reserve divisions in France, and was ready for this eventuality, with which Marshal Foch was prepared to march on Berlin. Without this undemobilised force, we should have substituted defeat for deficit and thrown away all the most terrible sacrifices of brave men to make their accounts balance in 1919. Any Government doing this would deserve impeachment, and would undoubtedly have had it. Owing to the way we were dealing with our financial difficulties, Great Britain need not fear comparison with any country in the world.

Continuing, Mr. Lloyd George said conscription in Germany had gone, her navy lay at the bottom of the sea. This most significant fact gave grounds for confidence of financial stability in the future. Patriotism and pessimism need not be identical. Great Britain could weather the storm as she had weathered every other. Nevertheless he hoped that the economisers would not deny money on objects essential to the national life like education, for the war had fully demonstrated the value of technical education.

PRODUCTION IS NEEDED

In conclusion, Mr. Lloyd George urged that the truest economy was increased production. The depreciation of the sovereign was at the moment the heaviest tax. The only remedy was production, which could be got only by the co-operation of a contented people. It was the greatest folly to urge cessation of expenditure upon the health, comforts and training of people who had been prepared to sacrifice their lives on the battlefields for the country they loved.

The House cheered for several minutes at the conclusion of the Premier's speech. Commander Kenworthy and Mr. J. S. Holmes rose to continue the debate, but were greeted with cries of "divide." The House emptied, when Mr. Holmes and a few other radicals spoke very briefly chiefly urging a levy on capital.

Mr. Bonar Law in winding up the debate, referred to the amount due from Germany for the upkeep of the army of occupation, and said that this first instalment of Germany's debt would undoubtedly be obtained. As regards our eight thousand million debt, certain items should be offset against it. The Allies owed us over seventeen hundred millions, he said. We owed America eight hundred and forty two millions. The latter debt was offset by the debts of the Allies to us. Then the Dominions owed us two hunderd millions and India two hundred and twenty one millions, bringing down the debt to seven thousand millions. Furthermore, Bonar Law did not think that Russia would always be a bad debt. As regards the German indemnity, he was confident we should get a considerable sum to reduce our debt.

Sir Donald Maclean asked permission to move an amendment to the Labor amendment, but the Speaker ruled that it was out of order. Sir Donald consequently stated that he regretted he and his colleagues were unable to vote against the Government, because they could not enter the Lobby with the Labor members, unless an inquiry was held before the capital levy was decided.

The Labor amendment was then put to the vote and rejected, by 405 votes to 50, after which the Government resolution was passed unanimously.

In the division on the Labor amendment the minority was composed almost exclusively of members of the Labor Party.

At The Mixed Court

Mr. Russell W. Burton, 14 Quinsan Gardens, rescued his watch and suit of clothes from a Chinese burglar early yesterday morning and captured his visitor as well. Wearing the suit as evidence he appeared in the Mixed Court later against the intruder.

The man had entered the house by climbing the veranda. When Mr. Burton was awakened by his wife, the man had already made up a bundle containing among other things a wrist watch, a suit of clothes and some money. It was 3:45 a.m. The man was cornered, a short struggle ensued and when it ended Mr. Burton had him securely tied with a piece of rope. Then the police were then notified.

In court it was shown that the burglar's name is Yu Ah-sung, that he is a blacksmith by trade and has five times been convicted by the Mixed Court. His case was remanded for one week.

Vaudeville At Apollo

Tight wire walking from the stage to the balcony and back thrilled the audience at the Apollo last night for the opening engagement of the Brackens vaudeville troupe. They are jugglers and equilibrists of ability, dancing on wires and ropes, jumping over chairs and climbing ladders. The program ends with a five-part film story, "Sporting Blood," written and directed by Bertran Bracken.

To Supply Clothing To Wounded Czechs

Red Cross Here Plans To Aid Men Arriving On West Heffron

When the U. S. Shipping Board steamer West Heffron arrives from Vladivostok, perhaps today, with wounded and disabled Czechs on their way home, the visitors will be met with something more in clothing comforts than was available when the last ship-load bound for Europe surprised this port. Last June the men came ragged and with no change of garments. Those they had were of wool and it was with difficulty that they were replaced here.

Nine hundred Czechs are expected and they will be met by Miss Jo Benn and Mrs. J. J. M. Carst of the American Red Cross Committee with 900 "B.V.D's." or short, light-weight Union suits, 900 sun helmets and 900 suits short khaki trousers and short-sleeved khaki shirts.

PLAN SURVEY OF SHANGHAI

By vote of the Shanghai Missionary Association, in the Union Church last night, an invitation will be extended to Mr. Sidney Gamble, connected with the Y.M.C.A. in Peking, to make a social survey of Shanghai similar to the one he completed recently for Peking. The investigation in Peking mapped the distribution of Christian converts and missionary work and showed where missionary efforts were conflicting and other sections entirely englected.

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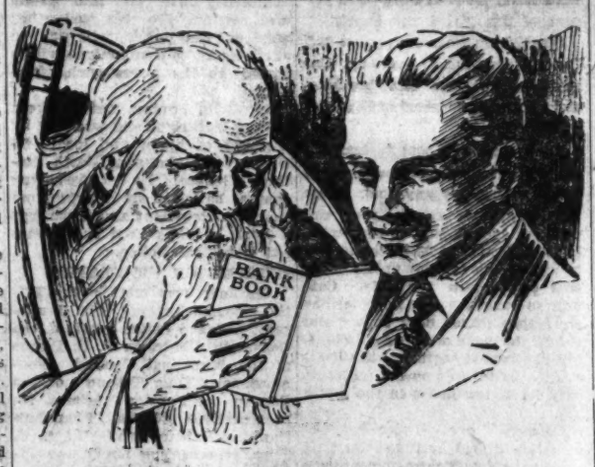

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The Opera

Though not one of the greatest productions of the Russian Opera Company "Mignon" will long be a favorite work.

The half-demented minstrel who recovers his lost daughter, his castle and his wits at the same time has an irresistible appeal as a story (adapted from "Wilhelm Meister,") while the charm of tunes like "Knowest thou the land?" and the music of "Titania" is ever fresh.

M. Magsky as "Count Lotario" has a genius for that type of part—as we saw in "Lakme"—and his powerful singing is one of the outstanding features of this opera as well as others.

As the vivacious and captivating "Filina" Miss Karanskaya was completely successful.

Mr. Preobragensky was a most engaging "Wilhelm," and has a certainty of voice and manner that gives much pleasure. Miss Zirianova in the contralto "Frederick" gave a spirited and not unhumourous reading of her part. The audience was quick to appreciate these excellences of the principals as well as of Miss Ossipova's singing of "Mignon." Her success was the more noteworthy as the part is not one that is perfectly suited to her.

The choruses in Act II were finished and effective and of course the orchestra under Mr. Vasilieff as excellent a feature as ever.

Tonight is the operetta "Love's Night" announced as a phenominal success in Russia.

MORE MUSICAL "TREATS"

Among the operas still to come are Night's Love, a comic operetta in which M. Danilov has had a tremendous success in Moscow and Petrograd; Thais, which has been given with great success in every musical capital of Europe; Romeo and Juliet, a love duet overflowing with charming music that will be listened to with pleasure; Madam Butterfly, an enduring success. Six to eight performances of it have been given each season at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York since its first representation there in 1907. Most of these operas were never before presented to the Shanghai public.

In aid of the Russian Red Cross Fund, the Company will present "The Tsar's Bride" by Rimsky-Korsakov. This will be followed by The Huguenots, Gioconda, The Gypsy Baron, and Troubadour.

An announcement that will indeed be welcome is to the effect that Mr. Danilov, the leading tenor of the company, who has now completely recovered, will appear in most of the operas here enumerated.

To sum up, a veritable musical feast is to be spread for the delectation of the local theatergoers, who, it is hoped by the management, will not fail to partake liberally of these offerings, as it may be many a season before we will have another such opportunity afforded us to hear the world's masterpieces of music presented by such a distinguished opera assemblage as is the present one.

R. B. HURRY.

Trim Yacht Trilby Wins First Lipton Cup Race Since War

Yacht "Trilby."

The trim yacht Trilby, of San Diego, Cal., crossing the finish line first in the recent Lipton Cup race at Coronado Beach, Cal. The race for the Lipton Cup at Coronado is the first since the beginning of the war, when international yacht racing was stopped.

Cavalry Under Semenoff With Japanese In Kiakhta

Report Of Appearance Of Force Of Russians On Siberian-Mongolian Frontier Reaches Peking

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, October 30.—An American observer who has just returned to Peking from an extended journey through Outer Mongolia reports that between October 10 and 15 over 500 officers and men belonging to a Semenoff cavalry regiment arrived in Kiakhta, the most important town on the Siberian-Mongolian Frontier, and commenced to requisition all the river boats and considerable quantities of food supplies and many horses. He says that the Russians were well mounted and equipped and under good discipline and that it was the evident intention of their officers to obtain full control of the entire river traffic between Kiakhta and Verchne-Udinsk. The Semenoff officers announced to the American that they were but the forerunners of a considerably larger force, estimated at between 2,000 and 5,000 men, which was expected to reach Kiakhta before the end of this month.

In addition to the above Russian troops the American observer states that he saw some 40 Japanese officers and men, evidently belonging to the Intelligence Service of the Japanese Army, at Kiakhta. Most of these troops were officers, and they were very active in and about Kiakhta during the American's stay at that place. Their relations with Semeonoff's force were friendly.

The arrival of these two army detachments in Kiakhta has created considerable excitement among the Chinese and Outer Mongolians, who fear that Semenoff is at last trying to realise his long discussed plan for the formation of an Independent Outer Mongolia with himself as president. Chen Yi has already sent numerous telegrams to the Government at Peking asking for more and larger re-inforcements and urging that the authorities here hasten forward the arrangements for taking over a greater control over the affairs of Outer Mongolia. The Outer Mongolians or that section of them which is opposed to the plans of Semenoff, are likewise acting; and everything possible is being done to bring Outer Mongolia and China into a closer and more binding relationship.

In competent foreign military circles the assertions of Chen Yi—who is said to hope for big things for himself if he can be instrumental in reuniting Outer Mongolia with China—and of the pro-Chinese party in Mongolia are thought to be based upon desire rather than on facts. It is, they say, too late for Semenoff to undertake a campaign in Outer Mongolia this year, as the weather in that country is already very cold and snow is likely to fall at any time, rendering military operations in so large a territory and over so long a line of communications out of the question. It is, furthermore, pointed out that Semenoff's forces are too weak to attack the Outer Mongolians and Chinese with any hope of success. General Hsu Shucheng has 2,500 Frontier Defense troops of all arms of the service stationed at Urga under General Chu Chi-hsiang; and this force, together with the permanent Chinese guards across the border from Kiakhta and other frontier towns, is quite sufficient to account for Semenoff's army.

It is, accordingly, much more probable that Semenoff has sent a detachment to Kiakhta for the suppression of Bolshevik uprisings in that vicinity than that they are there to make a war of conquest on Outer Mongolia. Kiakhta is a notoriously Bolshevik center and Bolshevik raids of a nature dangerous to the Kolchak Government have been frequent there during the past months. A detachment of troops supposedly loyal to the Omsk Government will, it is believed here, be of use in killing Bolshevism in this district and can at the same time keep open the important Solanga River traffic to Verchne-Udinsk.

The Japanese, through their squad of observers at Kiakhta and through Colonel Matsui, an intelligence officer who has been stationed at Urga for over six months, are keeping a close watch on developments in Outer Mongolia, which they are reporting by telegraph to their authorities at Vladivostok almost daily. Although Colonel Matsui's efforts to get on terms of friendly intimacy with the leaders of Outer Mongolia have thus far failed, he is in touch with many of the minor officials of the country and has succeeded in obtaining much accurate news for his Government. Indeed he is regarded here as the best informed man of today on subjects relating to Outer Mongolia.

OFFICIALS IN SHANTUNG FAVOR MARTIAL LAW

Tuchun And Civil Governor Tell Peking Disturbances Are Imminent

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Peking, October 30.—The Tuchun and the Civil Governor of Shantung have sent a joint telegram to the Central Government advising against the abolition of martial law in their province for the time being. They report that, while raids by bandits in Shantung have been effectively suppressed and the bandit bands dispersed, the province is still in a state of great unrest owing to the excitement of the population over the Shantung question. The students, merchants and many other classes of the people are raising strong objections to the continued retention of the Leased Territory by Japan, and agitation for the boycott of all things Japanese continues as strong as ever. Nothing but the existence of martial law would have availed to maintain order in the province under these conditions; and both the Tuchun and the Governor fear the outbreak of serious popular disturbances in the event that martial law be abolished at this time.

Farewell Tonight For Rev. Darwent

Parishioners and old friends of the Rev. C. E. Darwent will meet tonight in the large hall of the Union Church for a farewell social in his honor. He leaves shortly for Tientsin to answer a call to the Union Church of that city after many years as the pastor of the Union Church here.

News Brevities

Quarantine on steamers from Shanghai to Tsingtao has been lifted. Quarantine on vessels arriving at Nagasaki has been reduced to one day.

* * *

Exchange banks holding membership in the Foreign Bankers' Exchange Association will open from nine until 11 o'clock on the mornings of November 10, 11 and 12, on account of the Autumn race meeting.

* * *

A resolution expressing sympathy for the Korean people was introduced into the United States House of Representatives by Congressman William Mason, according to private telegrams received here. This is the first time that the Korean question was ever presented to the American Congress.

* * *

Three laundry employes at 261 Harbin Road found sprinkling clothes by the primitive but now outlawed Chinese blowing process, resulted in their employer appearing in the Mixed Court yesterday and paying a fine of $5. Sanitary Inspector N. J. Hughes appeared as the complaining witness.

* * *

A Government Gazette issued at Singapore on October 22 takes sugar out of the list of articles that may not be exported, it being no longer necessary to prohibit its export.

* * *

Mr. Yeh Kung-cho, former Vice-Minister of Communications, Peking, is expected in Shanghai this week. He is returning from a year's absence in Europe where he made a special study of Industrial Development on behalf of the Chinese Government. Friends of Mr. Yeh in Shanghai state that he will devote his entire attention from now on toward the industrial development of China and will not return to political affairs.

* * *

Depositors with the Municipal Investment Bank are reminded that today is the last day for paying in November deposits.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Eichwald and infant, Mr. J. S. Dolan and Mr. W. L. Dolan were among the passengers who left on the Loongwo for Hankow yesterday. British Consul-General J. A. Jamieson, Mrs. N. L. Smith, Mr. G. G. Franklin and Mr. A. C. Hay left for Hongkong and Mrs. C. N. Holwill and three children and Mr. S. G. Kirkland were passengers on the Tungchow for Tientsin yesterday.

* * *

Among the passengers who left for Japan on the Suwa Maru Monday were Mr. and Mrs. Bertus van Exter, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Paulden, Mr. G. A. Clayton, F. Smith and Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Bixby and child

* * *

The Rev. A. J. S. Stearn, formerly of Shanghai, has been appointed acting headmaster of the Diocesan Boys' School, Hongkong, during the absence on leave of the Rev. W. T. Featherstone.

* * *

Theft of a small quantity of firewood and charcoal from a godown at 1221 Yangtszepoo Road cost the thief one month at the Mixed Court and the two men who bought the stolen property were sentenced to two days or two dollars each.

* * *

American Consul W. R. Dorsey has engaged passage on the Pacific Mail steamer Colombia and will sail for America en route to Italy next Saturday.

* * *

Building changes are still in progress at the American Consulate-General. Indirect lighting fixtures have been installed and a telephone switch-board is due to go in this week. Consul-General E. S. Cunningham yesterday moved his private office to the third floor of the new quarters and workmen started giving the entire block a new coat of paint.

* * *

The Pacific Mail steamer Ecuador having been chartered to carry delegates from the East to the Seventh National Foreign Trade Convention to be held in San Francisco May 12-15, special notices outlining the purposes of the meeting are being mailed to every businessman in Shanghai. None but delegates and their families will be taken on the vessel that trip. The convention will be devoted to the topic of "The Problems of the Pacific."

Shipping Board Ships Bringing Big Cargo

The U.S. Shipping Board freighter Elkhorn has arrived at Japan ports and is due to arrive here on 9th instant with 1,000,000 feet lumber and 1,400 tons general cargo for local consignees.

The Bravecouer, substituted for Duel, sailed from Seattle on October 25 and is due at Shanghai, via Japan ports, about November 28, with 900 tons of general cargo for local consignees.

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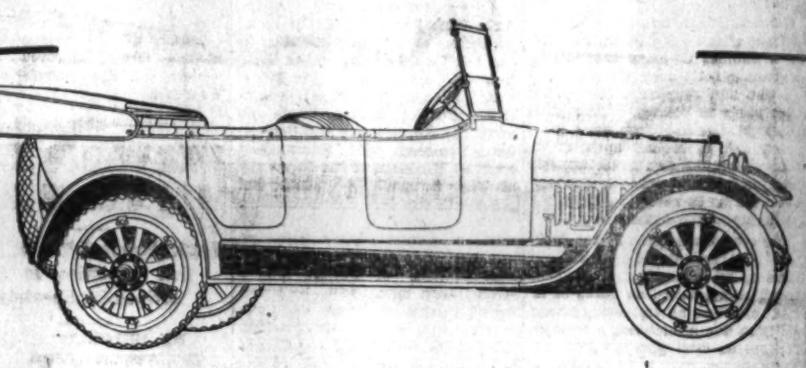

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Anfu Club Members Slated For Important Posts In New Cabinet At Peking

Ministry As Now Outlined Will Be Distinctly Given Over To Militarists---Future Policies Announced By Premier Chin

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Peking, November 4.—In the Senate this afternoon out of 104 members present 103 voted for General Chin Yun-peng's premiership and one voted against.

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, October 31.—The nomination of General Chin-Yun-peng as formal Premier passed the Lower House of the Peking Parliament this afternoon by a vote of 249 to 12 and will go before the Senate, where it is certain to be passed, on Monday afternoon. Chin's majority in the House is a result of the combining of all parties in his favor, it being the opinion of politicians in Peking that the Government must have a formal Premier and Cabinet and that General Chin is the best man available for the premiership at present.

General Chin not only had the backing of the Anfu Club in return for a number of posts that are to be given to Anfu men in his Cabinet but was also supported by every other party in Peking. Although a militarist, General Chin has a good record and is looked upon as a moderate rather than a reactionary; and this fact accounts for the support that he is receiving from the opponents of the Anfu Party.

The conditions made by the Anfu Club with regard to Chin's premiership were that its members should be appointed as heads of at least three and as vice-heads of not less than five ministries; a number of posts as civil governors in the provinces are also to be kept open for Anfu men, and a good berth is to be reserved for Wang Yi-tang to atone to him for his unfortunate experiences at Shanghai.

OUTLINES HIS POLICY

In a public interview yesterday General Chin Yun-peng is quoted as having outlined the following four points as the cardinal features of his policy as Premier:

(1) A determined effort will be made to unite the Anhui and Chihli factions of the Peiyang Party, headed respectively by Marshal Tuan Chi-jui and ex-President Feng Kuo-chang; and after this has been done the entire Peiyang Party will take steps towards the union of the whole country.

(2) The Central Government will conduct simultaneous negotiations with the individual Southern leaders and with the Southern Military Government as a whole, it being the intention of the North to conclude peace terms with the South at the earliest possible moment.

(3) The foreign policy of the Government under General Chin's premiership will have the aim of cultivating friendly relations with all foreign powers alike; and everything will be done to avoid showing special friendship or preference for any one power.

(4) All talented and capable persons will be eligible to employment under the Government regardless of their political views and their previous careers.

The significant features of these four points are the advocacy of peace by direct negotiation with the Southern military leaders and Government, which constitutes the first official Northern statement along these lines; the policy of maintaining friendly relations with all powers without, however, according undue friendship or special preference to any one power; and finally the statement that efficient men will be selected for service under the Government regardless of their politics or past activities. The program is regarded here as excellent in many ways and, in any event, as good as can be put forward by any Chinese statesman at the present time and under existing circumstances. If General Chin Yun-peng can put it through as it stands, or even if he can come anywhere near living up to the standards that he has set for his Government, he is certain to gain a reputation for popularity, moderation and ability.

IS COMPROMISE CABINET

The Cabinet itself will of necessity be a compromise affair, as the Anfu Club has imposed too many conditions to enable General Chin and the President to select their men with a free hand. Lu Tseng-hsiang is to be retained at the head of the Foreign Office, while Admiral Liu Kuan-hsiung and General Chin Yun-peng will retain their posts as Ministers of the Navy and of War. So much is certain; but the candidates for the remaining ministries have not yet been finally selected. Latest reports here are, however, that Chu Shen, the present Minister of Justice and a strong Anfu man, will be transferred to the Ministry of Communications, while Tseng Yu-chun the present acting incumbent, will be made Director-General of the Currency Bureau.

The post of Minister of Finance lies between Li Shih-hao who is at present Acting Minister, and Chang Hu of the Salt Gabelle, a man of great experience in Chinese financial matters. General Wu Ping-hsiang is slated for the Ministry of the Interior if he will take it, but it is understood here that the offer of this post is conditional to his recommending General Yang Yi-teh, of Tientsin, to succeed him here as Chief of Police; and this General Wu has so far been unwilling to do. Mr. Tien Wen-lieh is regarded as likely to succeed himself as Minister of Agriculture and Commerce, and the appointees for the Ministries of Justice and Education are still doubtful. Kuo Che-yun is to have another term as Chief Secretary of the Cabinet.

The entire complexion of the Cabinet as thus outlined is distinctly Anfu, and it is worthy of note that in Chu Shen, Tseng Yu-chun and Li Shih-hao, the most likely candidates for the posts of Minister of Communications, Director-General of the Currency Bureau and Minister of Finance, the Anfu Club will have three of its strongest and most reactionary members in charge of the most important posts that the Government has to offer. If Chang Hu becomes Minister of Finance instead of L. Shih-hao the strength of the Anfu Club will not be so great; but in any case it is certain that Anfu views and policies will prevail at future Cabinet meetings unless General Chin Yun-peng is wise enough and strong enough to divorce himself from Anfu control and make good his own political views.

U.S. Revenue Agents Capture Mexican Bootlegger On Border

Revenue agents catch Mexican bootleggers

There is one thing that Mexicans will not be permitted to do, and that is to smuggle booze into the United States. Here are shown American revenue agents separating a Mexican bootlegger from three pints of whiskey which he had skilfully concealed in the crown of his large sombrero. The photograph was made at the International Bridge in El Paso.

Only France And Japan Will Get German Ships

By Agreement Those Allotted To United States And Great Britain Will Be Sunk

(*American Press Wireless*)

Paris, October 30.—France and Japan are the only Allied powers which will receive any German warships according to an agreement reached by the Supreme Council of the Peace Conference this morning.

Since Great Britain and the United States had previously agreed to sink such vessels as the Peace Conference allotted them, it is now decided to give France a few serviceable ships which remain afloat in her ports or in German harbors, Japan will keep a few German cruisers. Italy will receive her warships from the Austrian navy.

Immediately after the signing of the Armistice the British Admiralty launched a campaign of propaganda favoring the sinking of all German warships. This was constructed in some circles as an effort to prevent the United States Navy from being reinforced by powerful German units but then Admiral Benson came out supporting the plan for the sinking of the German ships.

The French apparently changed their attitude and were not so anxious to sink the surrendered ships. Admiral Benson remained insistent, however, and is reported to have intimated to the English that if they retained the units allotted to them the American naval building program would be augmented.

As a gentleman's agreement was reached between England and America that each side would sink whatever German warships were allocated to them, a tentative distribution of the ships was made when suddenly the Germans scuttled the whole fleet at Scape Flow leaving only a few ships afloat. Since that time two more big ships and a few destroyers have been floated.

If the remaining ships were redistributed France, Britain and America would each receive very few and in the face of the determined French demands, the Inter-Allied Naval Commission decided to give France the original number of ships agreed upon before the Scapa Flow incident which will comprise all German warships afloat either at Scapa Flow or in German harbors.

Commander Fuller, as a representative of the British Admiralty, reported to the Supreme Council that the Admiralty accepts the responsibility for the negligence in letting the Germans sink their vessels at Scapa Flow and in view of the fact that Great Britain and America had an agreement to sink their units, it is agreed to give France the original allotment which will take up nearly all of the remaining German Navy.

It is not believed that the American people would have supported Admiral Benson's plan to sink the German ships which would be the United States share of the main fleet, especially since information has been obtained about the efficiency of the newest German models, their improved control system and the accuracy of their weapons.

WOMAN'S CLUB HEARS OF Y.W.C.A. IN FRANCE

Work Among Girls Of Munition Factories Is Described By Speakers

BY HELEN WILLIAMS

The American Woman's Club held a meeting yesterday afternoon at the Carlton Cafe. Miss Anne Seesholtz was to read a paper on the work of the Y. W. C. A. in France during and after the war but owing to illness she was not able to do so. Her paper was then read by Miss Jane Ward, of the Y.W.C.A.

She told of the splendid work done by the Y.W.C.A. among the women munition workers of France. They had absolutely no place for recreation during their luncheon and they would come out of the factories with hair, face and clothing stained an ugly yellow from the picric acid used in the making of munitions. They would sit on the curb in an apathetic manner and eat their lunches and there would never be a smile or any light words exchanged, for they were all remembering one thing, and that was either the living or dead men at the front.

The Y.W.C.A. came to these different places and built temporary structures for the comfort and happiness of these women, who were giving their all for their country, as in France it was not a case of earning big wages. They received barely enough to live on.

These houses all had a central living room in them that was always large and furnished cheerfully. They were bright rooms, large fireplaces. Yet even in that environment, it took much patient work on the part of the Y.W.C.A. workers to bring a smile to the faces of these women. They finally taught them to play games, to laugh. And these munition workers gradually changed their viewpoint of life. One of these war-worn toilers said to one of the Y.W.C.A. workers, "You came just in time. Thank God you have come to our country and taught us that there is still sanity and light in this world."

Hundreds and hundreds of American women volunteered in the service of the Y.W.C.A. and during the first part of our participation in the war they would arrive in France with no quarters having been found for them, as the congestion was terrible. Finally this organisation bought and furnished the Hotel Petrograd in Paris. This was the beginning of a series of comfortable, homelike hostelries established throughout France for these workers.

The American soldier could also come here for meals during his leave, and the great demand upon the part of our fighters was always for apple pie and ice-cream. Many of these places were established for the nurses both back of the lines and right near the front. It was a great relief to them, as heretofore they had been quartered only with people who were under the same terrific strain as they were, and their conversation and thoughts all ran in the same groove. After this, however, they were able to mingle with the Y.W.C.A. workers in bright, cheerful, homelike rooms and they went back to their work rested and refreshed.

By the request of the French government the Y.W.C.A. and the Y.M.C.A. are continuing their work in France until the French acquire more knowledge of this kind of work. There are at the present 900,000 thousand women workers out of employment in France and these organisations are doing all in their power to lighten their burdens.

Many American soldiers have married French girls and the American Government is paying their expenses to the United States. As it is impossible for them to travel on the transports with their husbands, they are sent over on passenger liners. There are many amusing incidents connected with their arrival at an Altantic port. One bride, upon being asked what she desired, said that her husband came from Wisconsin. She wanted a taxi to take her there.

Y. W. C. A. WORK HERE

Mrs. J. B. Sawyer read a paper on Y. W. C. A. work in Shanghai and its tremendous growth here. She also showed what great interest the American woman was taking in the welfare of the American and foreign sailors landing here from their country's battleships.

After these papers had been read Mrs. Lunt announced that Mr. and Mrs. Sammons had presented a chair to the American Woman's Club, which was to be added to their Permanent Equipment Fund. She also suggested that a bulletin be kept by the club registering the meetings of the club and also keeping permanently the interesting papers read by various members at the Literary Club meetings.

The next meeting of the Literary Department of the American Woman's Club will be held next Thursday at the Carlton Cafe, at which Mrs. Vincent Vizinvinovitch will read a paper on her wonderful collection of embroideries.

British Naval Chief Going To Yokohama

(*Reuter's Pacific Service*)

Shanghai, Nov. 4.—Reuter's Agency understands that H.M.S. Hawkins is due at Weihaiwei on November 7, to embark the Commander-in-Chief, China, Vice-Admiral Sir Frederick C. T. Tudor, K.C.M.G., C.B., and his Staff for Yokohama, where he will transfer the command of the Station to Vice-Admiral Sir Alexander L. Duff, K.C.B., and haul down his flag.

Warns French Women Against Marriages With Chinese There

(*Reuter's Service*)

Paris, October 27.—In view of the number of marriages between Chinese laborers and French women, the French Government has issued a circular warning women of the possibility of finding themselves in the inferior position of second wives on arriving in China.

Benefit Dance At Carlton

A prize ball to be given at the Carlton Cafe tomorrow night will be for the benefit of the Russian Red Cross. The ladies of that organisation will receive the entire amount of the admission charge of two dollars to use for the aid of wounded and sick Russian soldiers in Siberia. For dancers there will be three prizes.

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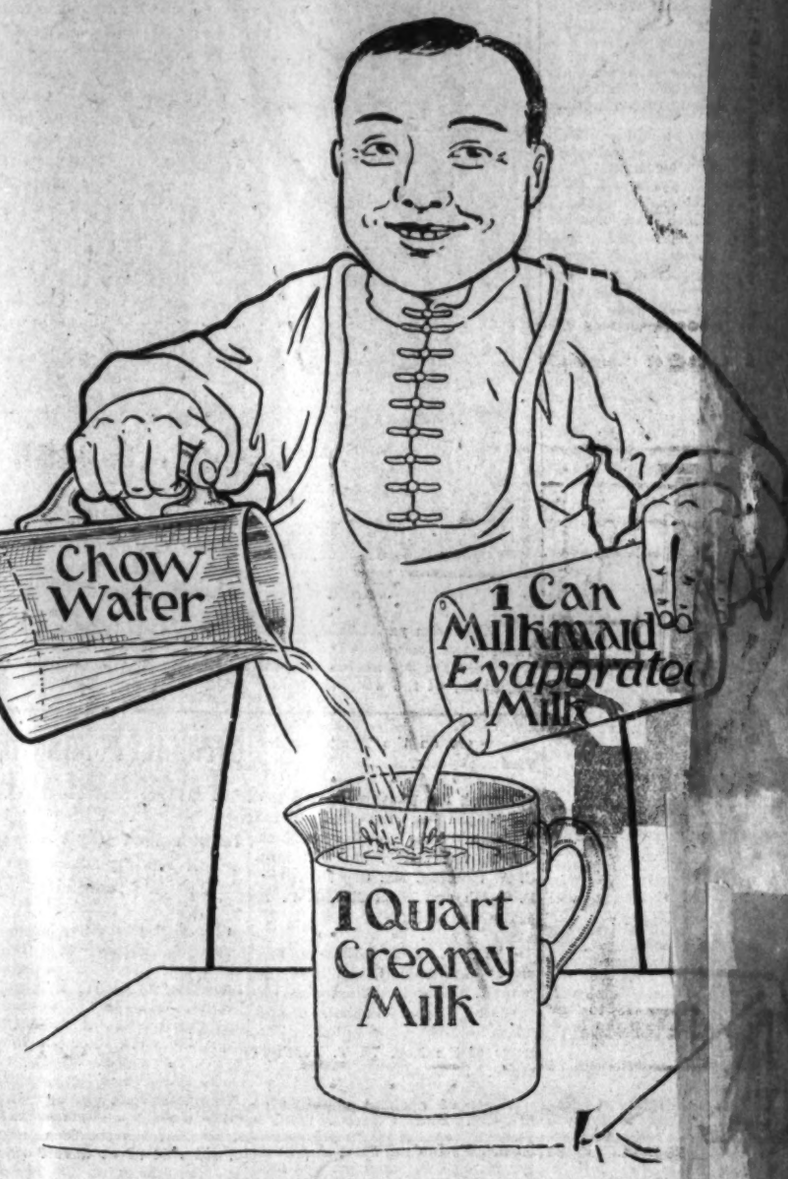

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from New York, and also a fine assortment from London and Paris. You'll be pleasantly surprised when you go over our Millinery Dept., for there is no end of new effects and attractive styles. The present market conditions couldn't prevent [illegible] offering you our usual

Shops Show Smart Things For Coming Race Meeting

BY HELEN WILLIAMS

THE approaching races are the predominating factor in Shanghai life just at the present time. Consequently it behooves my lady to give her wardrobe a thorough going-over so that she may appear in her most becoming frills and furbelows, and one of the most important things in the wardrobe is the hat. Extremely smart hats which are particularly appropriate for wear at the meet, are being shown at the leading shops. Black is invariably used as the basic color of the new hat, and with it, lovely shades of burgundy, navy blue and ginger. The popular material for the autumn hat is velvet, or a combination of velvet and satin. Duvetine toques in henna, brown and burgundy are also in great demand. The elaborate veil has come to the fore as a decidedly attractive frame for the fall hat. There is the snug face veil of figured mesh which is always smart, but the veil that is pleasing our fancy most is the large square veil of Chantilly lace or of embroidered black tulle. Their gracefulness adds an exquisite touch to the costume and helps to produce an ensemble of chicness and beauty that is entrancing.

An attractive outfit to be worn to the races is a sports costume, and Hall and Holtz are featuring sports accessories this week for that very purpose. They have some fleece wool sports coats and jumpers of lovely pastel shades and others in the deeper and more brilliant colors. Still others are in the Scotch heather mixtures, with collars of contrasting colors. Then there are some new hats from Paris and London that are just the thing for this kind of an outfit, and their colors would harmonise beautifully with those in the coats. A new shipment of Dent's gloves in black, white, tan, gray and brown, has just arrived. The quality of leather in these gloves is of the finest, as the Dent glove has built up its reputation on this, and on the excellence of the workmanship in the gloves. A large line of fashionable coats for women and children in a variety of materials is also being shown here.

Boyes, Bassett and Co. have received a new supply of lovely evening dresses and wraps, and also some new artificial flowers in delicate shades to match almost any gown. One of the most attractive of these frocks is made of a flame colored chiffon velvet, with a draped skirt, and with the bodice trimmed in feathers. Another is of lavender satin with a two piece skirt, the upper tier being trimmed in ruffles of the same material. These ruffles are new and very smart. An evening wrap of pink taffeta, trimmed with silver lace and bands of silver under this lace is indeed a dainty creation. Tricollete is one of the popular materials for the fall dress, and there is one shown here in burgundy, embroidered in self color, that would be a valuable addition to anybody's wardrobe.

Red Fox furs are among the most attractive furs that can be worn during the cold weather, for they are so bright that they form a constant and cheerful contrast to the dull gray days of winter. Laou Kiu Chwang are showing unusually large and bright red fox skins, and their white fox furs are also beautiful, as they are very large with long, silky hair. One always associates furs and fine silks and in this case the association of thought is well merited, as wonderful silks, as well as furs, can be purchased here. There are silks for every and all occasions. Silks for evening frocks and wraps, and silks for little afternoon dresses and simple party dress. There are fine sheer silks with which to make dainty underwear and heavier ones for the blouse. So no matter what purpose the silk is needed for, it can be purchased here with the knowledge that you are getting the best that can be had.

The new seal plush coats with skunk collars, in black, brown and hunter's green have been received in a recent shipment by Whiteaway and Laidlaw. They are lovely warm coats, very rich looking, and the prices are such that they come within the range of all. They are also showing heavy cloth coats of fine Scotch materials in a large variety of colors. These coats have the new and attractive shawl collar, which is such a splendid protection against the raw, cold winds of winter. The new ladies' raincoats have arrived and they are nearly all of the smart, mannish type. The material used in some of these coats is the transparent oil silk. One of the things so essential for the beautification of a home are beautiful cushions, and they have some of the prettiest and most exquisite cushions I have ever seem, which are a real bargain considering the material used in them.

Squires-Bingham are showing some very attractive sweater and cap sets which are particularly pretty for the young girl. The Christmas cards are now on sale, hand-painted and with attractive Chinese designs. For use at the party and in the evening there are some pretty vanity cases, in delicate shades of lavender, green and old rose, with a small round mirror at the bottom. There are also some silver vanity cases with colored enameled tops. Whoever intends giving a bridge party can buy bridge prizes and little novelties here that are always welcome.

Scotch plaid tams made of knotted wool are one of the attractive purchases that can be made at Silberman's this week. For those who do not favor the plaids, there are other tams of the same material in solid colors. There is nothing more welcome these chilly mornings than warm, comfortable bedroom slippers, and a big line of them are carried here in all colors, with an edging of fur around the top. There are also slipper booties for the kiddies. A new stock of smart sports hats has arrived, and many of them are in the new shades and they should be of great interest to those who desire to wear sports clothes to the races.

As the proper costume is a necessity to the well-dressed woman so is the piano an adjunct to a well appointed home. Consequently as much care should be used as in selecting a costume. Robinson's are showing a splendid line of new pianos, all of which are both beautiful and useful and they also contribute to the happiness o the home.

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WINTER
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Supremacy Of Veteran Golfers Challenged By Youngsters

By Francis Ouimet

While the past season of golf has been filled with what we have put down as being surprises it seems to me that what happened in amateur ranks was not so unexpected after all. It but proved that golf in this country is reaching a high level and that Americans are in a position to battle on equal terms with golfers of any nation.

While some may regret the wholesale overthrowing of former champions by the younger players I feel sure all holding such views will agree with me that this is proof of the fact that our golf has improved, nationally speaking. This is a good thing for the game as it makes every championship a more interesting affair each year.

When I had the good fortune to visit England in the summer of 1914 with a small group of American stars bent on once more wresting the British amateur crown from our good friends overseas, the title which Walter Travis alone of all American entries ever succeeded in winning, I was surprised as were all of our party, at the fact that the English papers and golf experts did not give us a look in. It took us a long time to discover the reason for this sublime confidence on their part. One day it was explained very plausibly.

The English, it seemed counted on overwhelming us. They freely admitted that the American team was composed of brilliant and consistent golfers but they figured that they had thirty or forty men just as good and that we were bound to fall before some of them before we reached the finals. That is just what happened to us. This past spring I referred to just this point in speaking of the outlook for the season in America.

At that time I felt sure that the younger golfers of this country had just as fine a show to come through in the amateur event as did the former title-holders. In fact, as our British friends would put it, they had the odds with them.

Now, up to the time we entered the war our amateur title was somewhat like a foregone conclusion. You could name half a dozen, yes, even a fewer number of stars, and count on one of them winning every time. The year 1919 in American golf rather conclusively proved that those days were over.

The rapid rise to popularity of golf in America has been responsible for this upsetting of the so-called dope in the recent championship. Nearly everywhere one goes now-a-days the most played game is golf. We are just beginning to reap the reward of all this in its effect upon championships. And as each year passes by more and more will we find new names appearing in the struggle for top rank.

Another thing that has contributed to the widening of the possibilities is the big and widespread advancement in golf architecture. Not many years since the number of championship courses was limited to the vicinity of a few large cities. Today nearly every city of prominence has a course that tests the skill of any golfer. Instructors are plentiful, and as boys are taking up the game and playing it as they formerly played baseball the general play is bound to improve.

This season is but a forerunner of what is to come. By all odds it was our biggest year, yet next year should and will surpass it in interest. As to the title matches he who wins will indeed be a golfer of merit, as was Herron this year, what with such a large and experienced field to play through and with the precedent already established that no champion of former days, no matter how skilled he may be, is too firmly established to be featured. This is what makes for more interest, more fun and better matches and incidentally keeps every player keyed up to the highest point.

Much the same conditions apply to the Open. That event has evidently resolved itself in the public's mind to a struggle between the best professionals and amateurs or, as it has been more aptly put, between teachers and pupils.

This year Walter Hagen, Mike Brady and the other professionals certainly won handily, but in another year, if our leading amateurs of this season enter the long grind of seventy-two holes of medal play they will thus bring about one of the most interesting clashes American golf has ever witnessed.

Stars Of Tennis World Compete For National Singles' Title

R. N. Williams W. T. Tilden M. E. McLoughlin

The tournament for the national singles championship, the biggest annual tennis event of the country, is now under way on the courts of the West Side Lawn Tennis Club at Forest Hills, L. I., with an entry list that surpasses that of any previous national tournament. The greatest exponents of the sport in the world, including Gerald Patterson, the Australian star who recently won the world's championship at Wimbleton, are playing for the title. Here is shown several of the American stars entered in the tourney: R. Norris Williams II, T. Tilden and Maurice E. McLoughlin, the California "Comet."

Anti-Opium Body Seeks Support Of British Chambers

Aims Of Association Told To Delegates To Conference At Shanghai

(*From Our Own Correspondent*)

Peking, October 29.—The Board of Directors of the International Anti-Opium Association met at the International Press Club this afternoon for the purpose of giving Messrs. S. F. Mayers, Peking representative to the coming meeting of British Chambers of Commerce at Shanghai, and C. A. W. Rose, British Commercial Attache, detailed information as to the work and objects of the association. Mr. Mayers has been requested to lay the association's statement covering these points before the representatives of the British Chambers of Commerce with a view to their passing a resolution endorsing the aims of the association and requesting the support of the British Government in the campaign against the drug traffic in China.

It is the particular aim of the association to get support from all British, French and American representative bodies in China with a view to inducing the British, French and American Governments to take prompt action on the provisions of the Hague Convention of 1912 for the control of drug manufacture and the suppression of all illicit traffic in drugs. These provisions are of a thorough and far-reaching nature, but have never been made effective owing to the fact that their final clause provides that they shall not be put into force until they have been ratified by all the powers which were represented at their negotiation.

As the control of the source of supply is vital to the success of the present anti-opium and anti-drug campaign in China the supervision of drug manufacture and export by Great Britain, France and the United States on the basis of the provisions of the Hague Convention of 1912 will be of material aid to the efforts of the Anti-Opium Association; and it is believed here that these three powers will be willing to act along these lines, the more so as the British and American Legations have already expressed their approval, in principle, of the aims of the International Anti-Opium Association in this direction.

The Japanese Government is likewise showing a desire to co-operate with the Association for the suppression of the drug traffic out here and has recently instructed its Consuls in China to issue a consular order by which the list of drugs recognised as such by Japan is extended to include heroin and the penalties for conducting an illicit traffic in drugs in China are made severer for Japanese subjects.

CHANGES IN LAW FIRMS

The law firm of Ellis and Hays will be known henceforth as Ellis, Hays, Priestwood and Levinson with offices at 19 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. Mr. W. Strafford Levinson, head of the firm, entered into partnership at the beginning of this month with Mr. J. G. Priestwood, who conducted the business of Messrs. Drummond and Holborrow during the war.

The latter firm has amalgamated with Messrs. Hansop, McNeill, Jones and Wright, and Mr. A. C. Holborrow has left here for Hankow where he will start a branch office for this firm.

Recent News Events At The Capital

(*Reuter's Service*)

Peking, November 4.—On his arrival at Urga on Saturday General Hsu Shu-tseng reported to the Government, approving the policy of cancelling the autonomy of Mongolia, but severely criticising General Chen Yi's methods, and also pointing out that some of Altaman Semenoff's men had been allowed to remain at Tawuli without a protest.

It appears that General Hsu Shu-cheng as hostile towards General Chen Yi and desires the latter's removal, which would clear the way for his schemes.

One of the recent Lama visitors to Peking was the Chakhan Hutuktu who is the legitimate successor of the Living Buddha. He was officially entertained at the Waichiaopu where he received flattering attentions.

In the troubled days of 1912 the Chienmen was placed under the American Guard which has held it uninterruptedly ever since, excepting on national anniversaries and on the occasion of Yuan Shih-kai's funeral which passed through that Gate.

The Government recently requested restoration of control and the Diplomatic Corps agreed, and on Saturday the Chinese took it over.

The report that General Yang I-teh is being transferred from Tientsin to Peking has aroused the keenest opposition in business and student circles in Peking.

Excursion Rates For Race Meeting

From Friday, November 7, until Monday, November 17, the Shanghai-Nanking and Shanghai-Hangchow-Ningpo Railways will issue return tickets at a fare and a half at the principal stations.

First, second and third-class through return tickets at a fare and half will be issued from and to Shanghai North, Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang and Nanking on the S. N. R. and from and to Shanghai North, Jessfield, Siccawei, Shanghai South, Sunkiang, Fungching, Kashai, Kashing, Yehzah, Changan, Konzenchiao and Hangchow on the S. H. N. R.

RACING IN ENGLAND

(*Reuter's Service*)

London, October 30.—The result of the Jockey Club Cup race run today was:

Gay Lord 1
Queen's Square 2

Two ran.

Won by one and a half lengths.

Betting:—9 to 4 Gay Lord; 4 to 9 Queen's Square.

PRICE OF SILVER

(*American Press Wireless*)

New York, November 3.—Bar silver is quoted on the exchange today at $1.23.

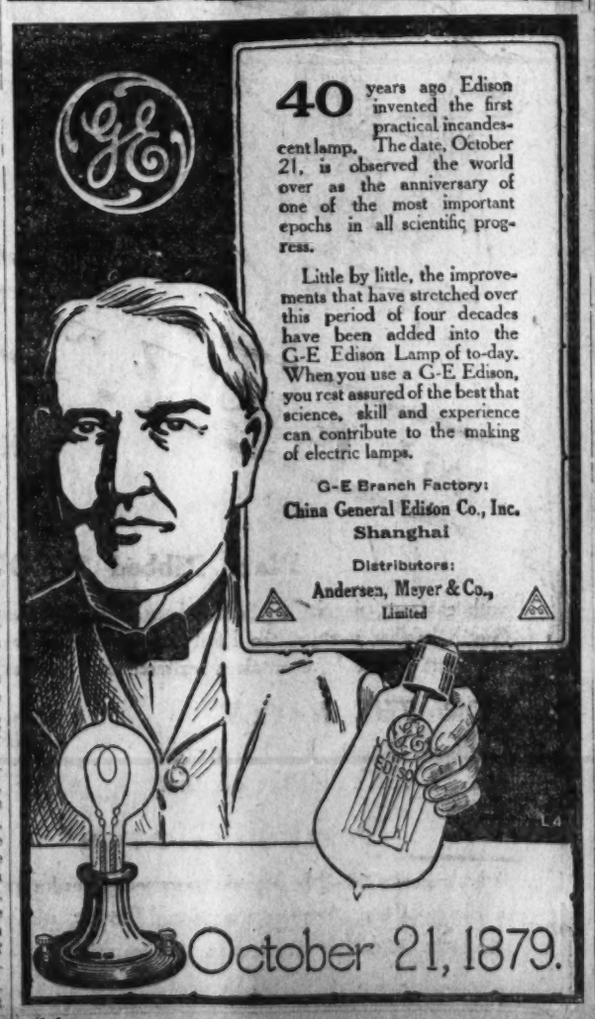
International Shooting

The winning team that represented the United States in the International small-bore match against England follows:

Wotkyns, G.	391
Morgan, A.	388
Richard	386
Stokes, W. R.	386
Hart, A. E.	385
Raymond, P.	385
Miller, J. E.	384
Preussner, D.	382
Rice, E.	382
Lee, W. A.	382
Andrews, W.	382
Renew, J.	379
Cheeley, G.	379
Stewart, R.	377
Crossman, Mrs. E. C.	377
Denny, H.	376
Laudensack, A.	375
Boles, J.	374
Schneering, J.	374
Wade, J.	373

The shooting of Armand Morgan who made next to the highest individual score, and that of Mrs. E. C. Crossman is worthy of special mention. Morgan is a 17-year-old school boy from Washington and in all of the N.R.A. matches on the service range has managed to keep up with most of the older shots. His score in the small-bore International of 391 includes 194 points out of 200 at 50 yards, and 194 points at 100 yards. Morgan's scores in the other small-bore matches were above the average, although he was up against some of the best shots in the country.

Mrs. Crossman has shot in practically every one of the N.R.A. service range matches both this year and at Camp Perry in 1918, and is never to be found among the tail-enders. She is probably the only woman who has ever shot in an International small-bore match, and in the contest just ended she finished in fifteenth place, tied on her total score with the holder of 14th place, and bested five experienced shots. At 50 yards, Mrs. Crossman made a score of 191 out of 200 at 100 yards, a score of 186.


40 years ago Edison invented the first practical incandescent lamp. The date, October 21, is observed the world over as the anniversary of one of the most important epochs in all scientific progress.
Little by little, the improvements that have stretched over this period of four decades have been added into the G-E Edison Lamp of to-day. When you use a G-E Edison, you rest assured of the best that science, skill and experience can contribute to the making of electric lamps.
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Shanghai
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BOVRIL
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By Appointment

Those who have given up Bovril in order that the fighting men should have it can now obtain their share.

During the War Bovril was so indispensable to the soldiers, wounded, and the people in the United Kingdom that it had to be retained in the British Isles where it is made, or sent to the fighting fronts.

Fresh supplies of Bovril have now reached this country and no one need be any longer deprived of the wonderful body-building powers of this unique food.

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AUSTRIA REVEALS KAISER URGED WAR

Diplomatic Notes Between Berlin And Vienna In July, 1914, Made Public

WAR PLANS DATE TO JULY 5

Austrian Ambassador Reports Promises Of Backing From Kaiser

By George Renwick

Berlin, September 20.—The Berlin press is printing short messages from Vienna giving summaries of the remarkable revelations published there in the Socialist organ, the Arbeiter Zeitung, regarding the diplomatic events which led up to and caused the outbreak of the war. These revelations are from a striking official volume to be published in the course of the next day or two with the authority of the Austrian Foreign Office.

A copy of this work, one of the most interesting and revealing volumes of political disclosures, is in my hands. It lays bare as few works of this sort do how determined was the game played by the war-makers of Central Europe. One of the most engrossing parts of it answers the question: How [illegible] William and the German [illegible]nt of the time in agreement in association with the [illegible]nt of the Dual Monarchy? [illegible] connection it gives two hitherto unpublished telegrams in code, dated July 5, 1914, in which the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador in Berlin, Count Szegenyi-Marich reported to his chief in Vienna, Count Berchtold, of his audience with William and of his conversation with Bethmann Hollweg.

[I should say that the Austrian Foreign Office before the Serajevo assassinations took place had drawn up a memorandum regarding its policy toward Servia, the object of the document being to influence the Berlin Government in favor of Austria-Hungary's contemplated energetic action. After Serajevo that memorandum was added to and slightly altered. It formed the basis of the [illegible] agree to a [illegible] moment as more favor[illegible] than one later would be. He [illegible] agreed we should inform neither Italy nor Rumania before hand of any eventual action against Servia.

AUSTRIAN COUNCIL FOR WAR

On July 7 a Ministerial Council was held in Vienna and those two telegrams were placed before it. The volume then proceeds to give a long account of the discussion at this council.

It is obvious that all those present were determined on war, the only voice of caution raised being that of Count Tisza, the Hungarian Minister-President. Count Berchtold, who presided, declared military action against Servia could easily lead to war with Russia, which he said was carrying on a far-sighted policy of creating a Balkan league, including Rumania, to be used against the Dual Monarchy at a favorable moment. In view of that it must be reckoned that the Dual Monarchy's position must continue to be weakened, all the more so as inaction on the part of Austria-Hungary would be taken for weakness by Austria-Hungary's Balkan neighbors. The logical policy, therefore, was an opportune reckoning with Servia, which would nip that Russian idea in its development, which would not be possible later.

Tisza, while expressing his belief that the possibility of war with Servia had come nearer, declared that matters with Servia should be settled either by war or diplomacy but immediately. The Tisza standpoint was, however, agreed to that mobilisation should only take place after Servia had rejected an ultimatum.

Yet the report shows that despite this agreement all those present except Tisza retained their belief that a diplomatic success would be valueless and that such conditions must be imposed [as was eventually the case] that their rejection would be a foregone conclusion.

Tisza eventually yielded a little. The terms, he agreed, must be "very hard," but yet not so severe as to render acceptance quite impossible. He declared that he could not accept any responsibility, were his advice not followed.

The military aspects of the situation were then considered, but regarding this part of the discussion the report is silent. After that Tisza again pleaded for caution and the council terminated.

The report of this council meeting is followed by several pages dealing with Tisza's attitude. The Count eventually toed the jingo line, however, the cause of that being a telegram on July 16 from the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador in Berlin to the effect that von Jagow, the German Foreign Minister, feared that any delay in the intended demarche at Belgrade would cause the sympathetic opinion and interest in Germany to weaken.

PLAN TO DEAL WITH RUMANIA

To return to the memorandum, it is clear the attitude of Rumania caused no little uneasiness to the war plotters. Kaiser Wilhelm evidently sent King Carol a letter which in pointedness left nothing to be desired. The attitude of the Rumanian people was mournfully referred to in Emperor Francis Joseph's letter to Kaiser Wilhelm, in which it was stated that Rumania was in close friendship with Servia and that King Carol had told the Austro-Hungarian ambassador that "in view of the popular feeling against the Dual Monarchy and Germany he (King Carol) was not in a position in case of a crisis to carry out his alliance engagements."

The suggestion was made that the Bucharest Cabinet should be given to understand that the Dual Monarchy would stand by Bulgaria but that it was ready to persuade Bulgaria to ally herself with Rumania, whose territorial integrity would be guaranteed. It was thought that this policy would win Rumania over and that this could be followed by an arrangement between Bulgaria and Greece and by a general arrangement with Turkey. Thereby the Balkan League was to be formed under Triple Alliance auspices, "a limit set to the Pan-Slav flood, and peace assured to the lands of Kaiser Wilhelm and Kaiser Francis Joseph."

"That would, however, only be possible," the letter concluded, "if Servia ceased to be reckoned as a factor of political power in the Balkans."

It is clear both from the letter and the memorandum how anxious Austria-Hungary was to wage her cunning campaign of propaganda in Berlin official circles.

Referring to Russia, the memorandum declares that to that country one could not reasonably ascribe plans of conquest at the expense of Germany. What Russia was aiming at was to wipe out the dual alliance military superiority by means of the Balkan countries' military forces. In Europe and Asia Russia had designs which would injure Germany's interests. In Europe the chief Russian aim was to make Austria-Hungary powerless. The final goal was so to weaken Germany and reduce the outside help on which she could rely that she would eventually be not strong enough to thwart Russia's plans.

So the argument runs in the memorandum. Germany by standing behind Austria-Hungary was not merely rendering the Dual Monarchy assistance but also insuring her own future. Such were the persuasions which Austria Hungary whispered into Germany's ready official ear to prepare her for the war which Vienna was plotting and planning.

BELITTLE INDICTMENT

September 20.—The Berlin press this morning publish long extracts from Austria's book of war revelations. Conservative newspapers pay little attention to this tremendous indictment of their former gods, some commentators claiming, however, that the revelation "exonerates Germany."

The once extremely Pan-German Lokal Anzeiger goes a little further and declares that "while the book exonerates Germany in the eyes of foreign countries, it indicts the former German Government still more severely in the eyes of the German people," and it sums up with this pathos:

"That we allowed ourselves to be driven into war by our weaker ally and against our better judgment shows such a degree of incapacity that we must not blame the Entente for not believing the German assurances. The Entente could not possibly accept the belief that Germany allowed herself to be hustled blindly along by Austria in a matter which was really a life and death question for the Fatherland."

The Tageblatt also thinks that Germany is exonerated in proportion as the charges against Austria-Hungary increase, and that point is heavily labored by nearly all the papers. But few will admit that had Berchtold not been so deadly certain that Austria-Hungary could in all eventualities rely on German support, the war plotters of Vienna would have acted otherwise.

The Tagliche Rundschau is bold enough to claim that it is impossible after the publication of this book to hold to the verdict of Versailles that Germany was responsible for the war.

"The hideous shame for Germany" is Vorwart's description of the volume.

"That we endured the incapacity of the last Hohenzollern for thirty years," it says, is "our guilt, and for it we must now pay."

The Freiheit, organ of the Independent Socialists, will have nothing to do with exoneration talk. On the ground that the question of guilt cannot be settled entirely out of the history of a few weeks before the war, it declares that the latest revelations only add to the proof that both Berlin and Vienna Governments wanted war and in the decisive days left everything undone which could have prevented it.

INDOOR SPORTS
By Tad
BOYS!! THIS WILL BE A DUDE OF A SALAD — OH BABY
WE TRIED ONE OF HIS ROTTEN COCKTAILS NOW HES GONNA MAKE THE SALAD DRESSING — YOURE THE CAUSE OF THAT YOU TOLD HIM THAT HE WAS A CHAMP
I WAS ONLY KIDDIN HIM — GEE I GOTTA EAT IT TOO — I DIDNT THINK HED START TO COOK
WHY DONT WE KILL HIM WHILE HES HAPPY — IT HES A COOK IM A MAGICIAN
WELL I GOTTA GET AWAY SOMEHOW — ILL GET A BOY TO CALL ME ON THE PHONE — I CANT STAND HIS COOKING
HES NOT GONNA TRY IT OUT ON ME - I'LL SAY HE ISNT
PUT OUT THE SERVICE FLAG MOTHER — FATHERS GONE TO WORK
INDOOR SPORTS
ACCEPTING AN INVITE TO A GUYS HOUSE ONLY TO FIND THAT HES ONE OF THOSE NUTS WHO INSISTS UPON MAKING HIS OWN COCKTAILS AND MIXING HIS OWN SALAD DRESSING
TAD '21

NEW PLAN ANNOUNCED FOR CONSULAR INVOICES

Documents Will Be Handled According To Definite Schedule

Consular invoices for goods to be sent to America will be certified at the American Consulate-General and returned according to a definite schedule, says an announcement posted yesterday by Vice Consul Allen G. Loehr, head of the Shipping Department.

Invoices presented before 12 noon will be ready for return to the shipper by 3 p.m. the same day. Those presented after 12 will be ready the next morning at 10 o'clock.

On Saturdays, when the office is open but a half day, all consular invoices presented before 11 o'clock will be ready for return at 12:25 p.m. The new arrangement is of interest to shippers because of the requirement that all shipments to the United States of more than $100 value must be accompanied by a Consular invoice properly certified.

SOCIAL SERVICE INSTITUTE

The Social Service Institute which has been going on for the past ten days at the Y.W.C.A. was concluded Monday afternoon with a lecture by Mr. C. H. Han on "The Deeper Need."

The Institute has included classes, lectures, and excursions. Excursions were made to the School for the Blind, the Children's Refuge, two cotton mills, the Yangtszepoo Community Center, and the Siccawei orphanage. The daily program at the Y.W.C.A. consisted of two afternoon sessions lasting from 3:00 to 5:30 p.m. Two classes held the first hour, one on the "Cotton-Industry and Women Workers," the other on "Social Degradation and Reclamation," including such problems as "Labor and Poverty," "Prisons and Prison Reform," "The Home, Infancy and Childhood," etc. The second hour was taken up with a series of seven lectures on "The Structure of Government."

This is the first time that such a comprehensive course has been offered the women of Shanghai. There was a registration of 120.

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Announcement

We beg to announce the arrival in China of a shipment of "GOLD FLAKE" cigarettes from England.
Gold Flake brand has not only been a favourite at home but won great popularity on the Western Front during the War.
We feel sure that our friends in China will be pleased with this new arrival which has so decidedly proven its good qualities.

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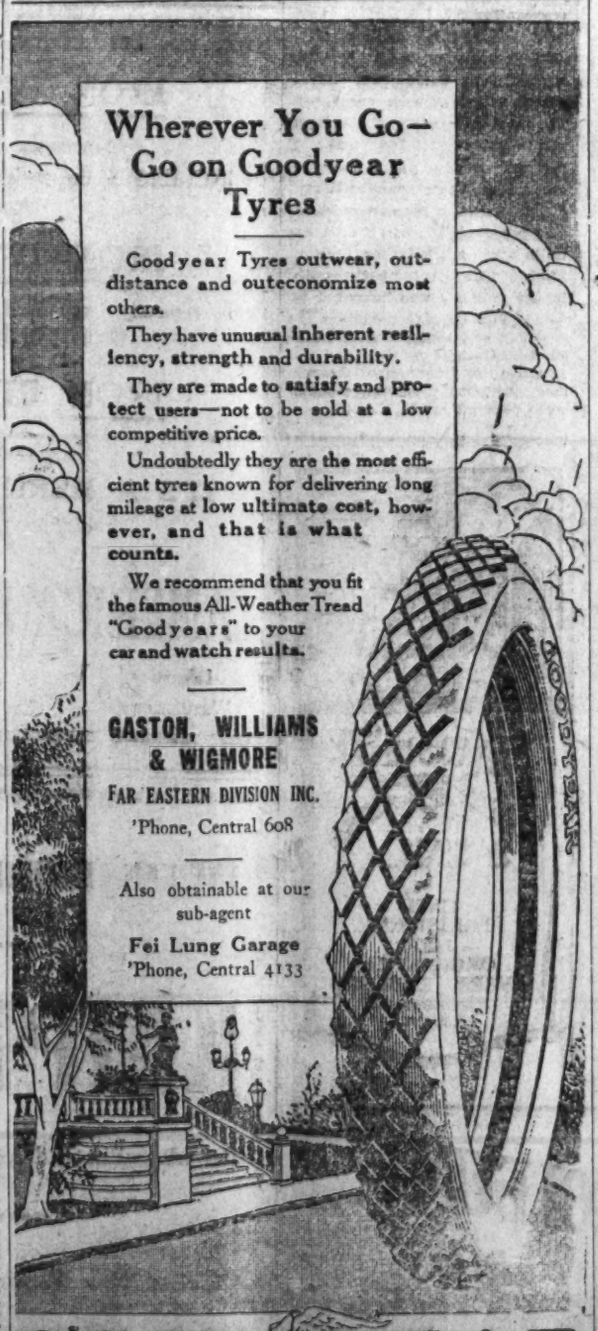

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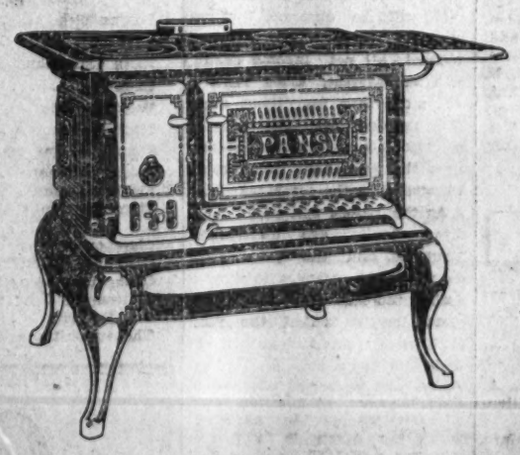

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US BOYS — Speaking Of Mean Tricks — By McNamara

HA,HA,HA!- I SEE UAN IS GIVED UP THE IDEA OF BEIN' A BASEBALL MANAGER, AND WENT BACK TO FLORIDA!
NANG YANG!
THAT WAS A MEAN TRICK YOU PLAYED ON UAN BY BUSTIN' UP HIS TEAM, FOR HIM, KNOW THAT?
MEAN TRICK NOTHIN'. I JUST OUTGENERALED HIM. HE TRIED TO BUTT IN AND SHOW ME UP AS A MANAGER, AND I SHOWED HIM UP, THA'S ALL!
WELL I WILL ALWAYS THINK IT WAS A MEAN TRICK!
C'MON UNCLE DAVE!
NANG YANG
CENSORED
TOM McNAMARA

Obituary

M. ALFRED PHILIPPE ROLL
(Reuter's Service)

Paris, October 28.—The death occurred here yesterday of M. Alfred Philippe Roll, the well known painter. M. Roll, who was President of the Ecole Nationale des Beaux Arts, was born in 1847.

MR. CHARLES CARTER GUNN

News has been received here of the death of Mr. Charles Carter Gunn, at one time a resident of Shanghai but more recently of Dairen. No particulars concerning his death are available except that he expired in Dairen on October 29 and the body has been cremated.

MR. SHEN YEN-CHEN

The funeral procession of Mr. Shen Yen-chen, third son of Shen Kung-pao, the late Minister of Posts and Communications, took place yesterday. The cortege was most elaborate and was as gorgeous as that of the late minister.

The procession passed along Bubbling Well Road, Myburgh Road, Burkill Road, Thibet Road, Avenue Edward VII, Honan Road, Foochow Road, Ningpo Road, Shansi Road and North Soochow Road.

The coffin was then taken to a junk at the wharf of the China Merchants' Inland Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., and conveyed late in the afternoon to Soochow where it will rest at the Liu Yuen Garden together with that of Shen Kung-pao.

Passengers Departed

Per I-C. s.s. Loongwo for Hankow: Mr. and Mrs. Mason and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Eichwald and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas and infant, Miss McEwan, Messrs. McEwan, Fenton, Holborrow, Ting, J. S. Dolan, W. L. Dolan, Hegeburn.

Per P. and O. s.s. Dunera for Hongkong: Mr. W. H. and Mrs. Plant, Mrs. N. L. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Ho Wing and child, Misses Ho Wing, D. and F. Ho Wing, Hon. Mr. and Mrs. Ho Fook, 2 Misses Ho Fook, Mr. and Mrs. Ho Leung, Mrs. Ho Li Shi, Misses Cheung Yim-yau, Cheung Yim-min, N. Ho Fook, Mrs. Ho Ki, Mr. A. Gub; for Singapore: Mr. G. G. and Mrs. Franklin, Mr. S. F. Mackenzie, Mrs. R. Gordon, Master P. and Miss Bessie Gordon; for Colombo: Mr. A. C. Hay; for Bombay: Mr. E. and Master Elli Newman; for London: Messrs. T. P. Young, J. McNiven.

Per C.N. s.s. Ngankin for Wuhu: Mrs. McGarity; for Kiukiang: Mr. R. S. Jorgusen; for Hankow: Mrs. J. W. Field, Master R. Johnston, Messrs. Wallace, C. T. Boyce.

Per C.N. s.s. Suiyang for Hongkong: Capt. D'Oliveiya, Lieut. A. B. Purvas, Miss D. L. M. Marques, Messrs. J. A. Jamieson, R. G. Stevens, J. A. Hyndman.

Per C.N. s.s. Tungchow for Tientsin: Mr. S. G. Kirkland, Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Holwill and 3 children.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru for Seattle: Mr. and Mrs. Bertus Van Exter, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Paulden, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Bixby and child, Mrs. F. F. Ruhl and 2 children, Master E. A. Ruhl, Messrs. W. N. Ruhl, Henry Waser, J. Pearl, G. A. Clayton, F. Smith, Sung Shengchou, Hung Yin, Tse Fan Hu Tse, Fan Ko Guy, Stockhem, Baker, Mapelli.

Passengers Arrived

Per C.M. s.s. Hsinming from Tientsin: Mr. Wallace, Mrs. Hughes.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo Maru from Japan: Messrs. S. A. Moody, F. H. Gubbins, J. Joondeph, A. Marson, B. I. Prideaux, D. Glooloosky, Yoshizawa Hiroe.

Per N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru from Hongkong: Messrs. R. Carucire, R. C. Finlater, Chin Ting-shang, Mas Shin-pa, Tsang Yu-sing, Chep Kin-po, Lap Kang-ho, Tse Han, Ho Wan-hung, R. Ikeda, I. Kumabe, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Galluzzi, Mr. and Mrs. T. Pinkney, Mr. and Mrs. Tam Shinhaig.

Chinese Government Railways In 1918

Results Are The Most Favorable In History Of The Government Lines

The Ministry of Communications announces the complete and final tabulation of the returns for the year 1918. Since considerable time will be required to print the full report with its many analytical summaries and diagrams, a synopsis of the extensive volume has been issued in advance. It will be observed that the appearance of these results at this time marks the achievement of a goal toward which the Ministry has been striving for some time, namely, the prompt and regular compilation of railway statistics. It may now be said that these reports are "on time."

Compared with the year before, revenues show an increase of $13,778,000 or over 20 percent. While expenses show a considerable increase also, $4,282,000, Net Revenues were $9,496,000 in advance of the year before or almost 30 percent. At the same time interest payments and similar items decreased to such an extent that Net Income Debits, showed a decrease of $2,378,000. The final result is that the surplus for the year is $33,505,000. This sum is nearly $11,875,000 more than the same result in 1917, an increase of more than 50 percent. This comparison is fully as good as it appears, for while there were some depreciated bank notes included in the totals in 1918, the quantity is not so large by half as that in 1917. Among cash and special funds in 1918 these notes amounted to some $6,000,000, while in 1917 these items amounted to fully $12,000,000. In both years, of course, a certain proportion of such notes had been earned in the year previous.

The results upon the individual lines are shown by the following summary which shows revenues, expenses, net revenues, net income debits, and surplus for the year upon each line.

It will be observed that net operating revenues are sufficient to meet all net income debits, such as interest, taxes, rentals, etc., more than four times over. The surplus for the year is equivalent to a 29 percent return upon the permanent Government investment in the combined lines.

As the report will point out, these results are abnormally favorable, and the year 1919 should not be expected to show a similar increase over 1918. The reason for this is that the year 1917, with which comparison is made did not show normal revenues due to floods and other disturbances. In addition considerable traffic which naturally should have moved in 1917 was left over until 1918 and swelled the normal traffic. On top of this, the season of 1918 was unusually favorable. Crops were heavy and there was practically no interruption to the lines. The only exception of importance to this statement was the closing down of the Peking-Suiyuan during the early months of the year as a measure of "plague" prevention.

As would be expected, operating percentage, or ratio, shows a considerable decrease. It stands at 44 compared with 47 in 1917 and 52 in 1915. The present figure is probably the lowest average in any country on the globe. Several lines show much better percentages, but the total is raised because of the unfortunate position of certain lines isolated from fuel supplies or without traffic connections. The individual lines rank as follows:

Peking-Hankow	33.1
Peking-Mukden	33.5
Cheng-Tai	41.7
Taokow-Chinghua	44.9
Tientsin-Pukow	50.2
Kaifeng-Honan	55.4
Kirin-Changchun	60.5
Shanghai-Nanking	61.1
Peking-Suiyuan	65.1
Shanghai-Hangchow Ningpo	86.2
Chuchow-Pinghsiang	89.6
Canton-Kowloon	112.9
Changchow-Amoy	187.5
Chinese Government Railways	44.2

Such an operating percentage naturally leaves large net revenues. The proportion which these bear to the investment in the various lines indicates the wisdom of the investment, provided sufficient time has elapsed to prove inherent possibilities. Unfortunately in several cases, plans for the completion of lines have been held up by unavoidable causes, and the possibilities have not been proven, but for the most part very creditable returns upon the sums invested have been earned. This is reflected in the following summary, in which the percent which net operating revenues bears to cost of road and Equipment is shown by lines.

Summary 2

Peking-Mukden	22.7
Peking-Hankow	15.8
Kirin Changchun	10.6
Chen-Tai	8.4
Taokow-Chinghua	7.1
Tientsin-Pukow	6.2
Shanghai-Nanking	6.2
Peking-Suiyuan	5.6
Kaifeng-Honan	4.2
Shanghai-Hangchow Ningpo	1.5
Chuchow-Pinghsiang	0.0
Canton-Kowloon	Deficit
Changchow-Amoy	"
Chinese Government Railways	10.4

These results have been made possible by increased business and by improved efficiency. Passengers carried one kilometer increased 9 percent and tons hauled one kilometer increased 24 percent. In 1918, 229 passengers were carried per train compared with 211 during 1917, and in goods service there was a similar increase from 244 to 257 tons per train. Thus the additional passengers were carried with practically no increase in train service, while the 24 percent increase in goods traffic resulted in only 17.6 percent increase in goods train kilometers. There is a noticeable increase in the average length of haul per ton. The typical ton of goods in 1918 was hauled 184 kilometers compared with 165 in 1917 and 141 in 1915. Rates have remained unchanged.

Very little change was made in the physical property during the year. Two short branches, aggregating 28 kilometers were built. The investment in physical property upon all lines increased some $4,336,000. Seven new locomotives were purchased. The seating capacity of carriages was increased by 1,506 seats, 2 percent. Goods stock was increased by 21 wagons built and 200 leased on a permanent basis. The performances of all of these units were much larger than in 1917. The government's equity in the property was increased by $7,664,000 through additions to property and repayment of funded debt through surplus and the increase of permanent Government investment. Mortgage bonds were reduced by $2,550,000.

Summary 1.

	Revenues (gross)	Expenses	Net Revenues	Net Income Debits	Surplus for the Year
	$	$	$	$	$
1...Peking-Hankow	23,822,621.24	7,977,853.50	15,844,767.74	2,456,899.85	13,387,867.89
2.—Peking-Mukden	20,853,532.26	6,903,148.24	13,950,384.02	less 29,216.28	13,979,600.30
3.—Tientsin-Pukow	12,602,359.05	6,334,726.56	6,268,632.49	3,554,116.57	2,714,515.92
4.—Shanghai-Nanking	4,863,436.58	2,969,195.92	1,894,240.66	987,041.21	907,199.45
5.—Shanghai-Hangchow	2,397,350.59	2,066,830.96	330,519.63	467,007.14	less 136,487.51
6.—Peking-Suiyuan	4,394,397.58	2,859,949.12	1,534,448.46	123,542.60	1,410,905.86
7.—Chen-Tai	3,210,437.29	1,337,384.15	1,873,053.14	418,034.08	1,455,019.06
8.—Taokow-Chinghua	948,917.33	426,453.83	522,463.50	402,069.84	120,393.66
9.—Kaifeng-Honan	1,270,205.45	703,622.51	566,582.94	419,351.61	147,231.43
10.—Kirin-Changchun	1,776,144.09	1,075,219.57	700,924.52	424,687.12	276,237.40
11.—Chuchow-Pinghsiang	554,392.78	552,598.44	1,794.34	less 1,444.21	3,238.55
12.—Canton-Kowloon	911,199.00	1,029,082.52	less 117,883.52	477,057.09	less 594,950.61
13.—Canton-Samshui (Not reported)			less		less
14.—Changchow-Amoy	46,159.71	86,549.80	40,390.09	125,261.74	165,651.83
	77,652,152.59	34,322,615.12	43,329,537.83	9,824,418.26	33,505,119.57

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China Political Notes From Chinese Press

A Foochow telegram states that troops in Lienkiang have mutinied and that the forts there are disabled. The Joint Bureau of the General Staff and the Ministry of War has telegraphed to General Li Hao-chi, Tuchun of Fukien, to make a full report of the incident.

For the purpose of discussing the scheme of reducing the army, the government will call a conference of military commanders of the provinces. Except distant provinces, which will have to send deputies, the Tuchuns of those near Peking will attend in person.

General Ma Liang's resignation will be accepted and General Chang Huai-ping will succeed him as Military Commissioner of Tsinanfu. It is reported that General Chang Shu-yuen, Tuchun of Shantung, will also be superseded, which report is however denied by those in power.

General Chiang Kwei-ti, Tartar-General of Jehol, called on President Hsu Shih-chang Monday, reporting on frontier defense plans, for which Mr. Hsu expressed much appreciation.

In order to placate the members of the old Parliament, the Chen Hsueh Hui has decided to pay $130,000 per month out of the customs surplus as constitutional drafting expenses. A proposal to this effect will be submitted to the Administrative Council for decision in a day or two.

Of the demands made by Hutuktu, the Government has agreed to raising his title and financial allowance, but matters referring to his political and military powers are still under consideration.

Regarding the plans of reclaiming the waste land in Mongolia a program has now been jointly drawn up by the different ministries and will be referred to the Cabinet for decision in a

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The China Press

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SNR & SHNR.

RACE WEEK

On and from Friday, the 7th, until Monday, the 17th November, 1919, inclusive, Return Tickets at a fare and a half will be issued as shown below:—

S. N. R. First and Second Class.

Between Shanghai North, Soochow, Wusih, Changchow, Tanyang, Chinkiang and Nanking.

S. H. N. R. First, Second and Third Class.

Between Shanghai North, Jessfield, Siccawei, Shanghai South, Sungkiang, Fungching, Kashai, Kashing, Yehzah, Changan, Konzenchiao and Hangchow.

First, Second and Third Class Through Return Tickets at a fare and a half will be issued from or to any of the Stations mentioned above on either line.

By Order,

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

26192

LOST

Two Godown bills of the Pao Foong Cotton Mill (寶豐紗廠), for ten packages each of No. 16 "Gold Cock" Cotton Yarn; one No. 223, due on the November 9, 1919, in name of the Yee Foong (義豐); the other No. 224, due on the November 10, 1919, in name of the Yuen Sung (源昇), have been lost.

The public are hereby cautioned against negotiating the said bills as the loss and cancellation have been declared at the Pao Foong Cotton Mill.

HSU HUNG-TSU.
許衡之

Shanghai, November 4, 1919.

26188

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Autumn Race Meeting, 1919.

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TUESDAY.....11th „
WEDNESDAY.....12th „
First Sadding Bell at 11.30 a.m.
and
SATURDAY.....15th November
First Saddling Bell at 1.15 p.m.

Members and their wives and daughters who require new badges are asked to notify the undersigned without delay.

Grand Stand tickets giving admission to the Members' enclosure and Grand Stand may be obtained on application to the undersigned:—
Price—$10 each for Gentlemen.
$ 5 each for Ladies.
Single day Grand Stand tickets:
Price ..... $3 each.

Badges giving admission to the unreserved part of the enclosure may be obtained from Messrs. Kelly & Walsh, Ltd., or at the Gate
For the 4 days..... $6 each
Single day badges.... $2 each

Tiffins and Refreshments will be obtainable at the Course.
For Members and Grand Stand Tickets Holders—in the Coffee Room.
For the Public—in the Public Refreshment Rooms.

The Tiffin Interval will be after the Third Race.
The First Bell after Tiffin will be rung at 2 p.m. PROMPT.

By Order of the Stewards,
A. W. OLSEN,
Secretary, Shanghai Race Club.

26161

Dr. James Yuking's

Office for Venereal Diseases is now removed to 73 NANKING ROAD.
Hours: 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily and by appointment.
Special consideration to men in uniform.

Seventh Open Autumn Lawn Tennis Tournament

to be held at the CERCLE SPORTIF FRANCAIS.

Play will commence at 2 p.m. each day from Saturday the 8th inst. up to and including the 16th inst.

Entrance forms and rules can be obtained from the undersigned. Entries with fees should be returned not later than 5 p.m. on Thursday, the 6th inst. to

A. ALEXANDER,
Hon. Secy. & Treas.
care of Babcock & Wilcox, Ltd.,
1 The Bund.

26205

NOTICE

S.S. "WHEATLAND MONTANA" FROM SEATTLE

An examination of broken and ship-damaged cargo will be held at the China Merchant's Eastern Wharf on Friday, 7th instant, at 10 a.m. when the Marine Surveyors, Messrs. Paulsen and Bayes-Davy will be in attendance.

THE ADMIRAL LINE,
Agents.

26199

Shanghai Foreign Exchange Bankers' Association

The Exchange Banks which are members of the above Association will open at 9 a.m. and close at 11 a.m. on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 10th, 11th and 12th November on account of Autumn Race Meeting.

26206

Shanghai Stock Exchange

NOTICE is hereby given that the December Settlement day has been altered from Monday 22nd, December to TUESDAY, 23rd DECEMBER.

By Order of the Committee,

F. B. WALKER,
Secretary.

26187

TO LET

The Following Desirable Properties

Comfortable well furnished home on fashionable thoroughfare in Western District; 4 large rooms, enclosed verandah, garage, tennis court and garden; tenant may purchase furniture and fittings; rental Tls. 90.00.

Flat in Range Road District, unfurnished; 2 rooms and bath; with private family; rental $35.00.

Partially furnished apartments; 2 big rooms; Range Road District; rental from $60 to $70, monthly, depending on lease.

Apply to Box 271,
THE CHINA PRESS.

26191

The North China Insurance Co., Ltd.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

The Sixteenth Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Head Office, Shanghai, on Tuesday, the 18th November 1919, at 4.30 p.m., for presentation of the Report of the Directors and Accounts to 30th June last.

The Transfer Books will be closed from 7th to 18th November, both days inclusive.

By order of the
Court of Directors,
H. G. SIMMS,
Secretary & General Manager.

Shanghai, 4th November, 1919.

26178

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the resignation of Mr. Wai Pak Tsaih as Compradore of this bank has been accepted to take effect November 1st, 1919, and that Messrs. Chiu Wai Ching and Chen Tze Tsau have been engaged as joint Compradores.

PHILIPPINE NATIONAL BANK.
J. W. MILLER,
Manager.

26123

Amusement Advertising will be found on Page 16

[redacted]

Money Cannot Buy More

It's made a real hit, and no wonder with such a beautiful Crepe de Chine. Hand-made, pure, in its original shade, it is offered to you in one piece, ten yards long and twenty six inches wide. Makes beautiful shirts. As a present for either sex what better article could you choose? There is sufficient Crepe in the piece to make the most beautiful dresses. For women's underwear it can't be beat. Think of the memories this Crepe brings to its owner. Think of the distance from whence it comes. Think of Marco Polo, of Kublai Kahn, of Kings, Queens and Millionaires. The richest people in the world cannot buy, any finer, more pliable, silk than this Crepe de Chine. The price of twenty dollars per piece is within reach of all. Send along your cheque or Chinese postal money order, and we will at once mail you one piece of Szechwan Crepe de Chine, postage free. If you really want to be keen, send her a piece of Crepe de Chine.

WIDLER & CO.
Chungking, West China.

Rare Curio For Sale

A very rare Pearl, naturally affixed to the shell, resembling a lion playing ball; length, 3 inches, width 1 inch, height, 1.2 inch, weight 2½ ounces. Bona fide buyers are cordially invited to call on Mr. Liu Yei Ching, No. 133 Range Road, Shanghai, between 3 and 5 p.m. for view and particulars.

CHUN YOU HSU.

26111.

MUNICIPAL INVESTMENT BANK

NOVEMBER

DEPOSITS

will be received at the Finance Department of the Council, 24B Kiangse Road.

Up to
and
Including

Wednesday, November 5

26094

Dr. med. F. T. Kiang
Physician and Surgeon

(Formerly Assistant at the Surgical University Clinic of Berlin)
Specialist in veneral diseases.
Office 85 Szechuen Road.
Consultation Hours: 2-4 p.m.
Telephone: No. C. 3844.

HONMA HOSPITAL
No. 8A Miller Road.
Tel. N. 2961

DR. K. HONMA
(former Assistant at the Imperial University at Fukuoka.)
Women's Diseases
Confinements, Surgery
X-Ray and diathermy
Examination with Uretroscope
Skin Diseases
Massage Treatment

The Shanghai Chemical Laboratory
No. 20 Nanking Road
3rd Floor

FOR BRITISH AND AMERICAN

METALS, HARDWARE & SUNDRISE

PHONE OR WRITE TO

W. Z. ZEE & SONS

BROADWAY-SHANGHAI PHONE: NORTH 1448

HAVE YOU SEEN

THE

BABY FOX

The latest and best little Portable Typewriter on the market.

Specifications: Weight 7 lbs., backspacer, two-color ribbon, variable line spacer, writes 84 characters, stencil device, movable page fingers, handsome leather carrying case, outside measurements of case 12-ins. by 12-ins. by 4½-ins.

PRICE $85.00

THE OFFICE APPLIANCE CO.

Phone: Central 4778 — SPECIALISTS IN OFFICE EQUIPMENT — 22 Nanking Road, Shanghai — Cable Add.: Mackbauck

The *Stewart* AUTOGUARD

Guards you and your car against the annoying, troublesome and, sometimes, expensive accidents, which you are sure to meet with sooner or later.

Distributors and Service Station for China of Stewart Products

The Shanghai Horse Bazaar & Motor Co., Ltd.

"CLAUDIA"

ITALIAN MINERAL TABLE WATER
In Cases of 50 Bottles (Liters)

CLERICI, BEDONI & CO.

Import Dept., 17, Museum Road, Phone, C. 4707

CAFÉ PAULISTA CO.

Opening Saturday, November 1st,

The Cafe Paulista Company which has operated so successfully throughout Japan, having eight branches in Tokio alone, opens its main establishment in Shanghai at No. 448 Nanking Road.

The Paulista Company has made a reputation for the excellence of its cuisine, the cleanliness of its equipment, low price and up to date service.

They are making a bid for the public's patronage along these lines, moderate price being one of their features. A cup of the finest Brazilian coffee for the modest price of five cents and everything else in proportion will be furnished. The Company has its own bakery attached so that pastry is served fresh daily.

The Cafe is situated on the second story and is large, airy, light and elegantly furnished.

Private dining rooms for parties are found in cozy nooks with plenty of light.

448 NANKING ROAD (NEAR FOKIEN ROAD)

Opening, Saturday, November 1st,

26082

PROF. ZALSMAN

will resume his singing lessons from the 1st of November. Particulars regarding terms, etc., may be obtained every day, except Sundays, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. at the CARLTON CAFE, second floor.

Dr. S. S. SHPILBERG
Physician and Surgeon

Consulting hours: 11-1 and 4-6
Phone, North 2035

36 Quinsan Road.

24927

Dr. R. Holper M.D.

Specialist in Venereal, Skin and Internal Diseases.
85 Szechuen Road
(Corner Nanking Road)

Office hours: 11-1 and 4-6.
Tel. North 1316.

25580

Prof. J. K. Seto
Turkish Bath and Massage Establishment
Corner of Nanking and Szechuen Roads.
Tel. North 2768

SITUATIONS WANTED

РУССКАЯ Дама окончившая полный курсъ гимназій желаетъ получить место въ Русской конторѣ, знаетъ пишущую машину. Предложенія, адр. The China Press, Box 285.

26204 N.11

AN experienced Chinese clerk, with thorough knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting, correspondence and office routine, seeks position. Apply to Box 267, THE CHINA PRESS.

26201 N.6

AN experienced business woman desires position in office, any capacity. Small private office preferred. Apply to Box 287, THE CHINA PRESS.

26196 N.7

AGGRESSIVE young man, good stenographer and all-round office assistant, desires immediate engagement. Very good local references. Apply to Box 288, THE CHINA PRESS.

26197 N.7

MIDDLE-AGED lady, recently arrived from America, seeks position of responsibility. Thoroughly conversant with office routine, good typist, capable of taking charge of confidential correspondence, supervising stenographers and filing. Best references. Apply to Box 279, THE CHINA PRESS.

26175 N.6

AMERICAN, university graduate, general office experience, knowledge of coding, invoicing ad typewriting, wants position. Apply to Box 280, THE CHINA PRESS.

26176 N.5

WANTED: Chinese young man seeks position in Chinese or American firm. College education in engineering. Can write good English and official Chinese documents, with experience in business and understands coding. Good references. Apply to Box 265, THE CHINA PRESS.

26143 N.8

YOUNG man, good stenographer and typist, just out of school, seeks employment. Apply to Box 269, THE CHINA PRESS.

26154 N.7

POSITION WANTED, by foreigner, with good knowledge of shipping, Customs formalities, financing and invoicing. Also good knowledge salesmanship. Apply to Box 254, THE CHINA PRESS.

26101 N. 6.

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED to rent from January 1st, five or six-roomed furnished house, with garden, in French Concession or Western district. Apply to W. H. Bolton, 647 Great Western Road, Telephone West 191.

26135

APARTMENTS

Connaught House
8 Quinsan Gardens.
Board. Residence.
Apply
Mrs. Pollock.

TO LET, with board, large comfortable newly furnished flat, with private bathroom. Excellent cuisine, telephone, garage. Apply to Box 223, THE CHINA PRESS.

TO LET, nicely furnished rooms, with bathroom attached, suitable for bachelors, in private family, breakfast if required. Apply 36 Quinsan Road.

26194 N.8

TO LET, furnished rooms with bathrooms attached, full board. Garage. Day and month. Tram close door. No. 304 Avenue Joffre.

26180 N.6

TO LET, well-furnished rooms with bathroom and verandah, in Avenue Joffre (French family), with board, convenient to trams. Apply to Box 275, THE CHINA PRESS.

26171 N.9

TO LET, from November 15th, one furnished room with board, in private family, 90 Carter Road.

26177 N.8

FOR RENT during winter months, new flat in Central district, handsomely furnished, lift service and all modern conveniences. Table service and house linen not provided. Will afford living quarters four people. Taels 200 monthly. Apply to Box 282, THE CHINA PRESS.

26185 N.6

IN exclusive residence section, Western District, a furnished room with board and bath-room in select home, $110 monthly; also a fine room, third floor, with board, at $85 monthly. Prompt attention will be given to enquiries. Address to Box No. 272, THE CHINA PRESS.

26190

APARTMENTS WANTED

WANTED by bachelor, furnished flat with cooking arrangements, or would be willing to share rooms with another bachelor. Rent must be moderate. Apply to Box 284, THE CHINA PRESS.

26189 N.6

HOUSES TO LET

TO LET, 20 Robinson Road, excellent ten-roomed residence with garage, facing Park. Rent only Taels 90. Apply premises or J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

26137

MISCELLANEOUS

TRANSLATIONS from English to Chinese, or vice versa, undertaken by specialists. Work efficient, charges reasonable. Please apply Employment Dept, local Y.M.C.A.

26129 N.9

PARTIES holding three excellent first-class passages, Shanghai-Vancouver, "Empress Asia," Nov. 27th (one full cabin and one berth for gentleman) would like exchange same for relative accommodations on either "Korea Maru," Dec. 22, or "Empress Russia," Dec. 27. Apply to Box 277, THE CHINA PRESS.

26167 N.5

OFFICES WANTED

GENTLEMAN stopping temporarily in Shanghai, representative of large American concern, desires small office or desk room. Apply to Box to 273, THE CHINA PRESS.

26190

EDUCATIONAL

MINING ENGINEERING: In your own home you can receive complete training in Metal and Coal Mining, Prospecting, Smelting, etc. I.C.S. Textbooks easy to study and apply in practice. Necessary supplies such as Blowpiping, Drawing Outfits, etc., carried in stock by China Agency for convenience of students. Write for information today. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

FRENCH taught in three months by experienced and well-recommended young French lady. Best references. Apply to Box 274, THE CHINA PRESS.

26169 N.6

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED by a British firm in Shanghai, a foreigner with knowledge of Chinese products, to take charge of godown. Reply, giving particulars and salary required, to Box 291, THE CHINA PRESS.

26203 N.7

PLEASANT EMPLOYMENT: One of our Courses in Commercial Illustrating, Newspaper Illustrating, Caricaturing and Cartooning, Magazine and Book Illustrating, Industrial Design, etc., will give you preparation for pleasant and well-paid employment. Increased use of advertising in China demands more Commercial Illustrators. I.C.S. Illustrating Courses include drawing outfits and materials needed. Send for interesting catalog. Office 15A, International Correspondence Schools, 11c Nanking Road.

WANTED by a large American firm in Shanghai, party to take charge of mailing room. Apply to Box 268, THE CHINA PRESS.

26152 N.5

WANTED, Chinese gentleman to manage office in America for trading firm. Only man with commercial experience and executive ability need apply. Reply, giving references to Box 248, THE CHINA PRESS.

26090 N. 5

OFFICES, ETC., TO LET

TO rent four rooms godown space, also one small office. Canton Road. Telephone No. C. 2304.

26207

TO LET, light, airy godown in Central district, about 35 ft. x 60 ft., Tls. 75 per month, including services of watchmen. Apply to Box 289, THE CHINA PRESS.

26198 N.7

OFFICES to let, 6 Foochow Road, ground floor, four very large rooms with godowns; also have to let several suites of offices, from one to four rooms, in other buildings Central district, near this office. Apply J. T. Hammond, 51 Szechuen Road.

26136

Exchange and Mart

WANTED, house-boat for Race Week. Apply to Box 290, THE CHINA PRESS.

26202 N.6

BABY'S Perambulator, cot, basket and bath, all in good condition. Apply to Box 286, THE CHINA PRESS.

26195 N.7

BIG safe for sale, two tons weight, 8 ft. high, 4/5 ft. wide best European make. Price very moderate. Please apply to Box 283, THE CHINA PRESS.

26186 N.5

FURS for sale, just arrived. Skunk, real sealskin, moleskin, astrachan, sables, etc. Moderate prices. Please apply, 46 Nanking Road, "La Vogue."

26170 N.6

FOR SALE, 6-seater Ford Landaulette car, in good running order, owner leaving for home. Any reasonable offer accepted. Apply to Box 276, THE CHINA PRESS.

26174 N.6

WANTED: Second hand copy Commercial Atlas and Gazeteer of China (Published by North China Daily News); must be in good condition and a bargain. Apply to Box 278, THE CHINA PRESS.

26167 N.5

INDIAN twin-cylinder motor-cycle for sale, used only four months. In thorough running order. Quick sale, $290. Owner leaving town. Apply to Box 266, THE CHINA PRESS.

26146 N.6

PHILATELISTS: What offers for the following new issues of German stamps (unused):—Deutsches Reich—pf. 2½ (4), 7½ (4), 10 (2), 15 (2), 20 (2), 40 (2), 75 (1): Deutsche National Versammlung—pf. 10 and 25. Reply to Box 201, THE CHINA PRESS.

Chinese and Foreign Banking Announcements

Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853.

Capital	£2,000,000
Reserve Fund	2,000,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£2,100,000

Head Office:
28 Bishopsgate, London, E. C.

Court of Directors:
Sir Montagu Cornish Turner, Chairman.
Sir Duncan Carmichael.
T. Cuthbertson, Esq.
Sir Alfred Dent, K.C.M.G.
W. H. Neville Goschen, Esq.
The Rt. Hon. Lord George Hamilton, G.C.S.I.
W. Foot-Mitchell, Esq.
James Maxwell Grant Prophit, Esq.
Lewis Alexander Wallace, Esq.

Bankers:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint City & Midland Bank Limited.
The London County and Westminster and Parrs Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial Bank of England, Limited.
The National Bank of Scotland, Limited.

Agencies and Branches:

Amritsar	Ipoh	Puket
Bangkok	Karachi	Rangoon
Batavia	Klang	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seremban
Calcutta	Kuala Lumpur	Singapore
Canton	Madras	Shanghai
Cebu	Manila	Sourabaya
Colombo	Medan	Taiping
Delhi	New York	(F. M. S.)
Haiphong	Penang	Tavoy
Hankow	Peking	(Lower Burma)
Hongkong	Yokohama	Tientsin
Iloilo		

Shanghai Branch 18 The Bund.

Drafts granted on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world. Bills of Exchange bought, Travelling Letters of Credit issued and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

Interest allowed on Current Deposit Accounts, according to arrangement.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

C. J. SCOTT.
Acting-Manager.

Banque De L'Indo-Chine

Capital .... Frs. 48,000,000.00
Reserve .... Frs. 30,000,000.00

Succursales et Agences:

Bangkok	Hanoi	Saigon
Battambang	Hongkong	Shanghai
Canton	Mengtze	Singapore
Djibouti	Noumea	Tientsin
Doudichery	Peking	Tourane
Haiphong	Papoete	
Hankoou	Pnom-Penh	

Bankers:
In France: Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris; Credit Lyonnais; Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas; Credit Industriel et commercial; Societe Generalle.
In London: The Union of London and Smith's Bank, Ltd.; Comptoir National d'Escompte des Paris; Credit Lyonnais.

This Shanghai Agency undertakes all banking operations and exchange business, grants credits on goods and approved securities and receives deposits on current and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

L. ARDAIN.
Manager.

The Exchange Bank of China

SHANGHAI BRANCH
41 Kiangse Road.

Telephone C. 1941.
Telegraphic Address "Knabex."

Capital .....Yen 10,000,000

Head Office ..... Peking.
Registered in the Ministry of Finance.

General Banking Business of Every Description transacted.

Foreign and Domestic Exchange Business a specialty. We issue Demand Drafts, T/T, Letters of Credit, Buying and Selling Specie, etc., etc.

Foreign and Domestic Commercial Papers and Bills discounted.

Loans and Advances made on approved Securities.

Interest allowed on current accounts and fixed deposits according to arrangement.

Foreign Agencies at Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Nagasaki, Moji, Singapore, Bombay, London, New York.

Domestic Agencies at Tientsin, Hankow, Kiukiang, Tsingtau, Dairen, Changchun, Mukden, Foochow, Amoy, Swatow, Hongkong, Canton.

T. G. KONG,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

Paid-up Capital ...	$15,000,000
Reserve Funds:—	
Sterling £1,500,000 @ 2/-	$15,000,000
Silver	21,000,000
	$36,000,000
Reserve liability of Proprietors	$15,000,000

Head Office: HONGKONG
Court of Directors:
J. A. Plummer, Esq., Chairman.
Hon. Mr. E. V. D. Parr, Deputy Chairman.
J. W. C. Bonnar, Esq.
A. H. Compton, Esq.
Hon. Mr. S. H. Dodwell.
C. S. Gubbay, Esq.
P. H. Holyoak, Esq.
Hon. Mr. J. Johnstone.
W. L. Pattenden, Esq.
Chief Manager.
Hongkong—N. J. Stabb.

Branches and Agencies:

Amoy	Ipoh	Penang
Bangkok	Johore	Rangoon
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	S. Francisco
Calcutta	London	Shanghai
Canton	Lyons	Singapore
Colombo	Malacca	Sourabaya
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Harbin	New York	Vladivostock
Iloilo	Peking	Yokohama

London Bankers:
London County Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.

Shanghai Branch: 12, The Bund.
Sub-Agency: 9 Broadway.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and on Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Local Bills Discounted.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, Africa, China, Japan and America.

A. G. STEPHEN,
Manager.

Russo-Asiatic Bank

	Roubles.
Capital (fully-paid) .	55,000,000
Reserve Fund	26,960,000
	Kup. Tls.
Capital Contributed by Chinese Government	3,500,000
Reserve Fund	1,750,000

Head office: Petrograd.
Paris office: 9 Rue Boudreau.
London office: 64 Old Broad. Street, E. C. 2.

Bankers:
London: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Paris: Societe Generale pour favoriser le Developement du Commerce et de l'Industrie en France. Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
Milan: Credito Italiano.

FAR EASTERN BRANCHES:

Bombay	Hailar	Nicolayewsk
Chanchun	Hankow	O/Amur
(Kwan-chendze)	Harbin	Peking
	Hongkong	Shanghai
Chefoo	Manchouli	Tientsin
Dairen (Dalny)	Newchwang	Vladivostock
		Yokohama

Branches and Agencies in Russia, Siberia and Mongolia.

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, and Dollars. Terms on application.

Local Bills discounted. Special facilities for Russian Exchange.

Foreign Exchange on the principal cities of the world bought and sold.

Safe Deposit Boxes.

L. JEZIERSKI,
Manager for Asia.

The Bank Of China

(Specially authorised by Presidential Mandate of 15th April, 1915)

Authorised Capital	$60,000,000.00
Paid-Up Capital ..	$12,279,800.00
Reserve Fund ..	$1,298,522.60
Special Reserve Fund	$1,898,983.68

Head Office: Peking.
Branches and Agencies:

Peking	Taiyuan	Shanghai
Tientsin	Kaifong	Hankow
Chanchun	Wuhu	Ichang
Antung	Anking	Changsha
Dalny	Hangchow	Nanchang
Moukden	Ningpo	Kiukiang
Newchwang	Nanking	Foochow
Harbin	Chinkiang	Amoy
Kirin	Hsuchow	Canton
Tsinan	Soochow	Hongkong
Chefoo	Wusieh	Swatow
Tsingtao	Yangchow	Chungking

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
3 Hankow Road.

Loans granted on approved Securities. Local Bills discounted. Interests allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels or Dollars according to arrangement.

Sung Han-chang,
Manager.
Shanghai, 15th February, 1919.

Banque Belge Pour L'Etranger

Societe Anonyme
Filiale de la Societe Generale Belgique
(THE BELGIAN BANK)

Paid-up Capital	£2,000,000
Reserves	£481,890

Head office: BRUSSELS
London: 2 Bishopsgate, E.C.2
Branches: Alexandria, Tantah, Cairo, Peking, Tientsin,
Agents:
New York: 31 Pine Street
Manchester: 31 Mosley Street

President:
JEAN JADOT
Gouverneur de la Societe Generale Belgique

Bankers:
London: Martin's Bank, Ltd.
Brussels: Societe Generale de Belgique.
Antwerp: Banque d'Anvers.
Paris: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Lyons: Banque Nationale de Credit.
Marseilles: Banque Nationale de Credit.
New York: Guaranty Trust Co. of New York.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in gold or local currency and fixed deposits according to arrangements.

Every description of banking and exchange business transacted.

M. DEMETS,
Manager.

Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation

SavingsBank Office:
12 The Bund and 9 Broadway.

Deposits of not less than $1, or over $100, will be received at one time.

Not more than $1,200 will be received in one year from any single depositor whose credit balance shall not at any time exceed the sum of $5,000.

Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent per annum will be allowed on the monthly minimum balance. Deposits may be withdrawn on demand. Accounts will be kept either in Mexican Dollars or Taels, at the option of the depositor.

Depositors will be presented with Pass Books in which all transactions will be entered. Pass Books must be presented when paying in or withdrawing money.

Office Hours—10 a.m. to 3 p.m. Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

BANK OF COMMUNICATIONS

Specially authorised by Presidental Mandates of April 7th, 1914. and October 31, 1915.

Capital: Kuping Taels 10,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: PEKING
Over 60 Branches and Agencies at principal cities and commercial centers in China.

Agencies abroad; Singapore, Hongkong, Tokyo (Japan).

SHANGHAI BRANCH
35 Szechuen Road

Interest allowed on both Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts; Credit granted to approved securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

H. TAO, Manager,
Y. M. CHIEN, Sub-Manager.

The National Commercial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1907.

Paid-Up Capital ...	$1,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	391,347.41

Head Office: Shanghai
Peking and Kiangse Roads.
Tels: Managers' Office: Cen. 2650
General Office: Cen. 2613 & 2614
Branches:
Hangchow, Hankow, Peking, Tientsin, Mukden and Harbin.

FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS
London, New York, San Francisco, Tokio, Yokohama, Kobe and Osaka.

Correspondents at the principal cities throughout China.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Gold Dollars, Sterling and Yen according to arrangement.

Interest allowed on Deposits at Call both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Domestic and Foreign Drafts purchased and sold.

Credit granted on approved securities.

Savings accounts—4% per annum.

Every description of banking business transacted.

Modern Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent.

Shen Chu Hsu, Manager.
Shu Chin Min, Sub-Manager.
C. C. Yang, Sub-Manager.

International Banking Corporation

Capital & Surplus	U.S. $6,500,000
Undivided Profits	U.S. $3,054,000

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK,
Sole Stockholders.

Head Office:
National City Bank Building,
55 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

London Office: 36 Bishopsgate E.C.
Lyons Office: 27 Place Tolozan
San Francisco Office:
232 Montgomery Street

Branches:

China	Philippines
Shanghai	Manila
Peking	Cebu
Tientsin	
Tsingtau	Straits Settlements
Hankow	Singapore
Hongkong	
Canton	Colombia
Manchuria	Medellin
Harbin	
India	Dominican Republic
Bombay	Santo Domingo
Calcutta	San Pedro de Macoris
Rangoon	
Japan	Sanchez
Yokohama	Santiago
Kobe	Puerto Plata
Java	Panama
Batavia	Panama
Soerabaya	Colon

Branches of THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK

Argentina	Cuba
Buenos Aires	Artemiso
Once (Buenos Aires)	Bayamo
Rosario	Caibarien
	Camaguey
Brazil	Cardenas
Bahia	Ciego de Avila
Pernambuco	Cienfuegos
Porto Alegre	Cruces
Rio de Janeiro	Guantanamo
Santos	Havana
Sao Paulo	Manzanillo
	Matanzas
Chile	Pinar del Rio
Santiago	Placetas
Valparaiso	Remedios
	Sagua la Grande
Uruguay	Santa Clara
Montevideo	Santiago
	Sancti Spiritus
Venezuela	Union de Reyes
Caracas	Yaguajay
Maracaibo	
	Russia
Siberia	Moscow
Vladivostok	Petrograd
	Spain
Italy	Madrid
Genoa	
	Trinidad
Porto Rico	Port of Spain
San Juan	

Commercial and Travellers' Letters of Credit, Bills of Exchange and Cable Transfers bought and sold. Current accounts opened and Fixed Deposits in local and foreign currencies taken at rates that may be ascertained on application to the Bank.

H. C. GULLAND, *Manager.*
1a Kiukiang Road.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited

(Established 1880.)

Head Office: Yokohama Japan.

	Yen
Capital Subscribed	100,000,000
" Paid up ..	48,000,000
Reserve Fund	Y.28,000,000

London Bankers:
The London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank, Ltd.
The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.
The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd

Branches and Agencies

Batavia	Los Angeles	S. Francisco
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Ayres	Lyons	Shanghai
	Manila	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Mukden	Singapore
Chanchun	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Dalny	Newchwang	Sydney
Hankow	New York	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokio
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinanfu
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtao
Kaiyuen	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock
Kobe		

SHANGHAI BRANCH
Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Taels and Dollars, according to arrangement.

Drafts granted on principal places in Japan, Korea, Formosa, China and the chief commercial places in Europe, India and America.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

K. KODAMA, Manager.

Commercial Bank of China

Head Office: SHANGHAI

	Sh. Tls.
Subscribed Capital ...	5,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	2,500,000

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent per annum on daily balance. On Fixed deposits:
For 3 months at 3% per annum
For 6 months at 4% per annum.
For 12 months at 5% per annum.

On deposits in Dollars according to arrangement.

H. G. MARSHALL.
Chief Manager.

Nederlandsche Handel Maatschappij

(Netherlands Trading Society.)
Established 1824.

Paid-up-Capital:	Guilders 80,000,000 (about £6,666,666)
Reserve Funds:	Guilders 14,590,545 (about £1,215,879)
Special Reserves:	Guilders 17,000,000 (about £1,416,666)

Head Office: AMSTERDAM.
Head Agency: BATAVIA
Agencies in Holland:
THE HAGUE and ROTTERDAM.

Branches:

Bandjermasin	Penang
Bandoeng	Pontianak
Cheribon	Rangoon
Djember	Semarang
Djokjakarta	Singapore
Hongkong	Soerabaya
Kota-Radja	Soerakarta
Langsa	Tebing-Tinggi
Makassar	Tegal
Medan	Telok-Betok
Padang	Tjilatjap
Palombang	Weltevreden
Pekalongan	

London Bankers
National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Correspondents at the principal places in Europe, Asia, Australia and North America.

The Bank buys, sells, and receives for collection bills of exchange, issues letters of credit on its branches and correspondents and transacts banking business of every description.

Shanghai Interest Allowed on current tael accounts and fixed deposits, according to arrangement.

B. G. J. WYNBERG.

The
Chekiang Industrial Bank, Ltd.

Established 1908.

Capital	$1,000,000
Reserve Fund	$50,000

Head Office, Branches & Agencies.
Hangchow, Shanghai, Haimon, Lanchi.

Agencies at the principal Cities throughout China.

Foreign Agencies:—London, New York, Tokio, Yokohama, Osaka Kobe, Hakodata, Seoul and Fusan

SHANGHAI BRANCH
U 39 Peking Road.
Tel. No. C. 3145, Manager's Office
Tel. No. C. 2147, General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted

Interest allowed on Current and Fixed Deposits in Taels, Dollars, Sterling, Gold Dollars and Yen according to arrangements.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent on application.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
4% Compound Interest allowed on Savings Current Deposits.

Interest allowed on Savings Fixed Deposits according to arrangements.

Cheque-books or Savings Pass-books at Depositor's disposal.

Li Ming, *Manager.*
Chen Sin Tseng, *Sub-manager*
Zai Moh Zung, *Sub-manager.*

THE BANK OF CANTON, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1912

Capital (fully paid)	H.$2,000,000.00
Reserve Fund...	H.$ 400,000.00
Investment reserve fund ...	H.$ 40,000.00

Head Office
No. 6 Des Voeux Road, Hongkong

Shanghai Office
No. 2 Ningpo Road

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES

Canton	Bangkok	S. Francisco
Batavia	Bombay	Colombo
New York	Manila	Samarang
London	Singapore	Calcutta
Honolulu	Rangoon	Yokohama
Sourabaya	Canada, etc.	

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits according to arrangement.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. C. WONG,
Act. Manager.

The Mercantile Bank of India, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital ..	£1,500,000
Paid up Capital	750,000
Reserve Fund	700,000

Head Office, 15 Gracechurch Street, London, E. C.

London Bankers:
London Joint City and Midland Bank, Ltd.

Branches & Agencies.

Bombay	Howrah	Madras
Calcutta	Handy	Penang
Colombo	Karachi	Port Louis (Mauritius)
Delhi	Kota Bahru	
Galle	(Kelantan)	Rangoon
Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
	Singapore	

Shanghai Branch.

EVERY description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Teal Current Accounts at 2 % per annum and Fixed Deposits at rates which may be ascertained on application.

C. T. BEATH Manager.
26 The Bund.

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

An American Bank

Head Office—New York City
[redacted] for the Far East, Shanghai,
[redacted]d Kiangse Roads.

[redacted]CH OFFICES
[redacted]ankow-Hongkong
[redacted]g-Tientsin

[redacted]tion offers an American [redacted]ully solicits your patron- [redacted] for the purpose of fostering [redacted] the Orient and the United [redacted]ormation and TIME of our [redacted]nts are at the disposal of

[redacted]t, fixed and saving accounts [redacted]rs, U.S. Gold, Sterling and

[redacted]rchased at best rates, or

[redacted] Imports and exports financed.

Commercial credits established.

Drafts sold on, and telegraphic payments effected in, any part of the World.

PARK-UNION

FOREIGN BANKING CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE: 56 Wall Street, New York
Fully Paid Capital and Surplus $2,250,000

Owned and controlled by

The National Park Bank New York — Union Bank of Canada

We beg to announce the opening of a Branch in Shanghai in temporary quarters at

No. 1 KIUKIANG ROAD

BRANCHES

SAN FRANCISCO — SEATTLE
PARIS — YOKOHAMA

DIRECTORS

Richard Delafield	H. B. Shaw
Stuyvesant Fish	R. O. McCulloch
Gilbert G. Thorne	Stanley E. Elkin
Cornelius Vanderbilt	Stephen Haas
R. H. Williams	F. E. Kenaston
E. C. Hoyt	W. J. Dawson
A. P. Villa	F. L. Appleby
Sir Wm. Price	T. Fred Aspden

Charles A. Holder

THE SHANGHAI COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK LTD.

9 Ningpo Road

Capital (registered)	$1,000,000.00
Capital (paid-up)	655,900.00
Deposits (June 30, 1919)	5,242,000.00

Branches and Agents in all principal cities of China.

Correspondents in London, Paris, New York, San Francisco, Chicago, Tokyo, Kobe and Osaka.

Your business is solicited.

K. P. CHEN,
General Manager.

Provisions Prices In Local Market

Prices quoted are in Mexican dollar cents at Hongkew Market compiled on November 4, 1919.

Butcher's Meat		
Beef	per lb.	14-20
Mutton	,,	16-20
Pork	,,	25-30
Veal	,,	25-30
Fish		
Bream	per lb.	16-18
Cod	,,	14-18
Mandarin	,,	20-30
Mackerel	,,	20-30
Pomfret	,,	25-30
Salmon	,,	16-18
Samli	,,	40-60
Soles	,,	18-20
Whitebait	,,	none
Game, Poultry And Eggs		
Deer	each	$2.50-$3.00
Duck	,,	40-70
Hare	each	30-35
Eggs	per doz.	18-20
Fowl	per lb.	18-20
Geese	each	60-90
Pheasant	,,	45-55
Pigeons	,,	16-18
Quail	,,	12-14
Snipe	,,	12-14
Teal	,,	12-14
Turkey	per lb.	45-50
Woodcock	each	40-50
Wild Duck	,,	25-30
Wild Pigeons	,,	10-12
Fruit		
Apricots	per lb.	none
Apples	,,	16-20
Bananas	,,	5-6
Figs	per doz.	none
Lemons	each	5-6
Lichees	per lb.	none
Mangoes	each	none
Oranges	per lbs.	6-8
Peaches	per lb.	none
Pears	,,	10-15
Persimmons	,,	none
Peeboes	,,	none
Plums	,,	none
Pumeloes	each	15-20
Pineapples	,,	none
Strawberries	per lb.	none
Walnuts	,,	14-15
Vegetables		
Artichokes	per lb.	3-4
Asparagus	per doz.	none
Bread Beans	per lb.	4-5
Beetroot	per bunch	2-3
Bamboo Shoots	per lb.	none
Cabbage	each	3-5
Carrots	per bunch	2-3
Cauliflower	each	none
Celery	per bunch	8-10
Egg Plant	per lb.	10-12
French Beans	,,	4-5
Green Corn	each	2-3
Leeks	per bunch	2-3
Mushrooms	per lb.	30-40
Onions	,,	6-8
Parsnips	per bunch	3-4
Peas	per lb.	4-5
Potatoes	per picul	$3.20-$3.50
Spinach	per lb.	3-4
Tomatoes	,,	3-4
Turnips	per bunch	1-2
Grain And Flour		
Flour, American	per 50 lbs.	—
Flour, Australian	,,	$3.60
Flour, Shanghai	,,	$2.30
Rice	per 200 lbs.	$7.60
Milk		
Foreign dairies	per bottle	20
Chinese dairies	,,	17
Fuel		
House Coal	per ton	Tls. 19.00
Stove Coal	,,	Tls. 23.00
Firewood	per 50 bundles	$1.00
Laundry		
Per 100 articles		$3.00-$4.00

E. KILNER,
Chief Inspector.

Banque Industrielle de Chine

Capital ..... Francs 45,000,000 one-third of the Capital, i. e. Frs. 15,000,000, subscribed by THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CHINESE REPUBLIC

Statutes approved by the Government of the Chinese Republic on January 11, 1913.

President, Andre Berthelot.
General Manager, A. J. Pernotte.

Head Office
74, Rue St. Lazare, Paris.
Branches in Marseille, Vladivostock, Peking, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Saigon, Haiphong and Yunanfou

BANKERS:
In France: Societe Generalle pour Favoriser le Development du Commerce & de l'Industrie en France.
In London: London County and Westminster and Parr's Bank Ltd.
London City & Midland Bank Ltd.
In New-York: Redmond & Co.
In Italy: Banca Commerciale Italiana Credito Italiano

Taels, Dollars, Gold Accounts

Interest allowed on Current Accounts in Gold or Local Currency and fixed deposits on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Savings accounts in Gold and Local Currency.

G. LION, Manager.

行 衆 孚 中 Chung Foo Union Bank

(Established in 1917.)

Statutes approved by the Government in 1916.

Head Office: Tientsin

Subscribed Capital ..	$2,000,000
Paid-Up Capital	$1,020,000
Reserve Fund .....$	20,000

Managing Director:
T. CLARENCE SUN
Deputy Managing Director:
NIEH CHI-WEI

Branches and Agencies in Domestic Cities and Foreign Countries:

Tientsin	Chinkiang	Ichang
Shanghai	Soochow	Changsha
Peking	Wusieh	Shansi
Hankow	Hangchow	Wuhu
Nanking	Ningpo	London
Yangchow	Shaoshing	New York
Hsuchow	Canton	S. Francisco
Pengpu	Hongkong	Boston
Changchun	Changteh	Tokio
Antung	Chengchow	Kobe
Kiukiang	Tsinkiangpu	Osaka
	Yokohama	

And also other principal cities in foreign countries.

SHANGHAI BRANCH.
S. 441 Ningpo Road.
Tel. Central 1929 Managers' Office.
Tel. Central 2618 General Office.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted. Interest allowed on Current Account and Fixed Deposits both in Taels and Dollars according to arrangement.

Credits granted on approved securities.

Y. R. SUN, Manager,
T. D. Zar, Sub-Manager.

Sailed from Shanghai

For San Francisco		
West Vaca	Oct.	1
Tancred	Oct.	5
Ecuador	Oct.	12
Tamaha	Oct.	13
Archer	Oct.	18
Nile	Oct.	18
West Cactus	Oct.	26
Royal Arrow	Oct.	28
Lumina	Oct.	30
West Ialip	Nov.	2
For Tacoma		
Manila Maru	Oct.	22
For Seattle		
City of Spokane	Oct.	7
Stanley	Oct.	14
West Segovia	Oct.	26
For New York		
Eurymedon	Oct.	22
Bolton Castle	Oct.	22
Naneric	Nov.	4
For Vancouver		
Monteagle	Oct.	15
Bessie Dollar	Oct.	31
Empress of Russia	Nov.	1
For London etc.		
Titan	Oct.	8
Wakasa Maru	Oct.	11
Shidzuoka Maru	Oct.	13
Peleus	Oct.	2
Delagoa Maru	Oct.	25
Khiva	Oct.	28
Kaga Maru	Oct.	29
Prinzessin	Oct.	30
For Liverpool		
Alcinous	Oct.	11
For Marseilles		
Batavia	Oct.	5
Java Maru	Oct.	6
Wollowra	Oct.	16
Cape Town Maru	Oct.	20
Toyooka Maru	Oct.	28
Paul Lecat	Oct.	31
Bansei Maru 5	Nov.	1
For Bombay		
Dilwara	Oct.	1
Dunera	Nov.	4
For Singapore		
Lowther Castle	Oct.	16
Castor	Oct.	27
For Calcutta		
Gregory Apcar	Oct.	28
For Hull		
Benavon	Oct.	11

Financial And Commercial News

Exchange and Bullion

Shanghai, November 4, 1919.
Money and Bullion
Foreigns: buying rate.
@ 6/6=Tls. 3.0769
@ exch. 75=Mex. $4.1025
Hd Dollars: Bank buying rate.
@ 136¼=. 73.39
@ exch. 75=Mex. $97.85
x. Dollars: Market rate: 74.8
ai Gold Bars: 978 touch
Tls. 170
pper Cash .. per tael 181.700
tive Interest ..... Tls. 18

Latest London Quotations
r Silver ..... 66d.
k Rate of Discount 5%
, Paris on London ..Fr. 36.75
, New York on London T.T. G.$4.17

Exchange Closing Quotations
ndon ..... T.T. 6/6
ndon ..... Demand 6/6¼
lia ..... T.T. 318½
ris ..... T.T. 1170
ris ..... Demand 1173
w York ..... T.T. 186
w York ..... T.T. 136
ngkong ..... T.T. 67½
pan ..... T.T. 37
tavia ..... T.T. 351
ngapore ..... T.T. 36¼

Bank's Buying Rates
ndon ..... Demand 6/7
don Nom. 4 m/s. Cdts. 6/9½
don Nom. 4 m/s. Docy. 6/9¾
don Nom. 6 m/s. Cdts. 6/10¼
don Nom. 6 m/s. Docy. 6/10½
ris ..... Nom. 4 m/s. 1280
w York .. o/d. Docy. 138
w York ..... 4 m/s. 144¾

ROUBLES EXCHANGE
Today's Bank Buying Rate For Roubles
oubles 18,500 .....=Tls. 100
oubles 100 .....=Mex. 0.95

CUSTOMS HOUSE EXCHANGE RATES FOR NOVEMBER

k. Tls. 2.75	@	6/6¼	£1
,, 1	@	1173 Fr.	13.07
,, 0.66	@	136¼ Gold	$1
,, 1	@	37 Yen	3.01
,, 1	@	15 Rupees	5.45
,, 1	@	1.50 Mex.	$1.50
,, 1	@	— Roubles	—

Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, November 4, 1919.
Official
Yangtszepoo Cotton:
Tls. 22.75: Tls. 22.85: Tls. 23.25 December
Ewo Cotton Tls. 500.00 Dec.
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 43.00 Tls. 43.50 December
S. & H. Wharves:
Tls. 165.00 cash
Tls. 175.00 December
Shanghai Docks Tls. 126.50 Tls. 127.00 December
Oriental Cotton Tls. 165.00 December
New Eng. Tls. 27.00
Unofficial
New Eng. Tls. 28.25 Dec.
Kungyik Cotton Tls. 43.00 Dec.
Y'poo Tls. 23.00 December

Sharebrokers' Association
Transactions

Shanghai, November 4, 1919.
Official
Tls. 223.00 November
Ziangbes Tls. 4.00 cash
S. M. 7% (1917) Deb. Tls. 93.00 cash
Unofficial
1 Central Stores, Founder $1,000 Cash

Shanghai Produce & Stock Exchange
Transactions

Shanghai, November 4, 1919.
Japanese Bond: 5%
Tls. 32.20 November
Shanghai P. & S. Exchange
Tls. 33.70 December
Tls. 34.60 January
Japan-China S. & W. Co.
Tls. 36.70 November
Tls. 41.70 December
Tls. 42.80 January
Yangtszepoo Cotton Mill
Tls. 22.50 December
Local Yarn
Water Moon 16/20's
Tls. 227.50 December
Tls. 231.00 January
Tls. 233.00 February
Tls. 234.50 March
Tls. 234.00 April
Local Yarn for Standard
Tls. 225.00 December
Tls. 227.50 March

Hongkong Market

Messrs. Moxon and Taylor write as follows in their report for week ending October 31:

Business has continued on a fairly generous scale throughout the past week. Investment Stocks are very difficult to sell nowadays in view of the high Sterling Exchange ruling. Although the money market is easier than it was, cash is none too plentiful. In the speculative department, Indo Chinas and Sugars have both improved their position.

Banks.—Hongkong Banks are weak with sellers at $630, possibly at $620 there would be buyers.

Marine Insurances.—Cantons have changed hands at $440. North Chinas are wanted at Tls. 200: Unions are very quiet at $200.

Fire Insurances.—China Fires at $138 are without business as the Hongkong Fires at $345.

Shipping.—Douglases are stronger at $82 for cash. Steam? boats are quiet at $24. Deferred Indos continue to be a great center of business and many shares have changed hands on a rising market from $205 ex dividend to $120 at which rate they close with strong buyers. London quotes buyers £56 ex dividend for shares on the spot and on the London Register. Star Ferries are on offer at $33.

Refineries.—China Sugars continue in good demand at $177 for cash and equivalent rates forward. Malabons have sellers at $44.

Oils and Mining.—Raubs at $2.10 are without business. Ural Caspians have risen to 50/— buyers and Tronohs are nominal at 3879. Kailans have improved to 90/— buyers. Langkats are very quiet at Tls. 19 with nothing doing. Shells remain about the same as last week. London quotes £9.13.9 sellers. Mexican Eagles are unchanged at £10.7.6.

Docks, Wharves and Godowns.—Kowloon Wharves are easier with sellers in evidence at $110. Hongkong Docks after sales at $175 for cash have sellers at the rate. Shanghai Docks are quiet at Tls. 117 with buyers at Tls. 127 for December. New Engineerings are without business at Tls. 28. Hongkew Wharves still remain at last quoted price in Shanghai.

Lands, Hotels and Buildings.—Centrals at $109½ are quiet but steady. Hongkong Lands are for sale at $119. Humphreys at $8.70 could be placed. Hotels at $120, Kowloon Lands at $46 and Reclamations at $175 are all lifeless. West Points are very quiet at $90.

Electric Companies.—Hongkong Electrics are nominal at $90½. China Lights are firm at $7½ and $5½. Hongkong Trams are neglected at $8.

Miscellaneous.—China Borneos at $13½ are in demand. Dairy Farms at $24 are on sale. Ropes at $29½ are quiet. Providents are offering at $8 Cements might be placed at $7. Powells are wanted at $12. Waterboats are for sale at $15. Steam Laundries at $3¼ are without business. Watsons are still wanted at $6.10 as are Steel Foundries at $10 ex dividend.

Rubbers. — Are firmer — The Raw commodity showing an appreciable advance.—Plantation being quoted 2/5¼ per pound. Linggis are quoted £3.10/— in London.

Exchange.—The Demand selling rate on London is 4/5½ and the T.T. selling rate on Shanghai is 66.

The China Mutual Life Insurance Co., Ltd.

A PEACE RISK.
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Is it your family,
or
A Life Assurance Office?
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HEAD OFFICE:
10 Canton Road, Shanghai.

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TIENTSIN
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Spacious and Luxurious Dining and Reception Rooms.
Fifty Bedrooms with private Baths and Toilets.
First Class Cuisine and Selected Cellar, under Foreign supervision.
Central Heating, Electric Light, Modern Sanitary Arrangements.
Hotel Motor-Omnibus and Porters meet all Trains and Boats.
THE MANAGEMENT.

CONGOLEUM
RUGS
SANTARY - WATERPROOF - ROTPROOF

GERMANS IN DISCORD OVER HEAVY TAXES

Erzberger Hints At Resignation Of Government If Opposition Is Pressed

ASSAIL BIG CAPITAL LEVY

Clash In Committee Over Tax On Business Sales—American Help Wanted

BY GEORGE RENWICK

Berlin, September 25.—Will the Government come to grief on the rocks of finance? Various committees of the National Assembly are now at work preparing for the reopening of the parliamentary session on Tuesday and the deliberations of those who are dealing with financial matters certainly suggest breakers ahead, which Erzberger and the Ministry may find it difficult to ride.

There is an uneasy feeling in political circles that the National Assembly will not agree to the proposed great capital levy on the ground that the more Germany can produce in taxation the heavier will be the Allies' subsequent demands.

In one committee today there was something like a storm regarding the prosposal for a tax on business sales, from which the Government expects much. In the business world it is looked upon as a scheme which will be very difficult to work. The consumer, too, will feel it heavily. For instance, on raw material there is a tax of 1 percent on each sale and there is 5 percent on the unfinished article, so that in some instances the impost will be considerable.

The Majority Socialist representative on the committee proposed a postponement of consideration of this tax until the question of direct taxes shall have been settled. The people, said the proposer of this resolution, could not bear the burden involved in such a tax.

A Democratic Party representative declared that his party would not agree to such a proposal as, if insisted on, it might bring down the Government.

CABINET MAY RESIGN

Erzberger stuck to his tax. He said that he recognised the heavy load of taxation, which the people had to bear but the financial requirements of the country imperatively demanded big taxes. The Government's whole program of taxation was founded on the principle that direct and indirect taxes must be fixed and carried through at one and the same time. Erzberger hinted at the resignation of the Government should the matter be postponed.

The proposal for postponement was rejected, but the Socialists secured an adjournment of the committee in order to decide their attitude. It is noteworthy that opposition to the Government policy came from one of the two Government parties and that the members of the Center (which is the other Government party) were decidedly cool toward Erzberger, who—and this also is interesting—had the support of the Democrats.

In another committee dealing with finance Erzberger imparted confidential information regarding plans for restoring the value of the mark. The best taxation would be loss, he declared, without the re-establishment of the customs barrier in the west and a big foreign loan. Such a loan could only be settled, he added, by an international commission and with the help of the United States.

That a president can be an expensive dignitary was the discovery made by another committee. Herr Ebert has a salary of 120,000 marks. In addition to that 200,000 marks are demanded for his general expenses. Then he must have free a furnished official residence and a bureau presided over by an under Secretary of State, consisting of three counsellors and countless underlings.

The magnitude of the expense of all this alarmed the committee and it was decided that the parties must be consulted and give their decisions before the matter could be brought before the National Assembly for consent.

Indeed, the situation is such that the Government recognises the need for a reinforcement of strength. Overtures have even been made to the Independent Socialists, but these failed. Through the medium of Dr. Schiffer, formerly German Finance Minister, negotiations are now going on with the Democrats, the latter knowing that their presence in the Government is becoming more imperative, are naturally putting forward stiff terms and are laying claim to some of the highest posts. Although nothing is as yet definitely settled, it is looked upon as certain that such men as ernstorff and Dernburg will return to in... cabinet posts.

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SOLE OFFICIAL DEPOSITORY OF THE PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT
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1, The Bund, Shanghai; Tel. C. 2741
J. W. MILLER Manager

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WEATHER

Variable breezes until the high pressures of Siberia come nearer, bringing along a wave of strong N.-W. winds and a period of cold, possibly with some showers at the beginning.

IMPARTIAL & PROGRESSIVE

SHANGHAI, NOV. 5, 1919

A British View Of The Senate's League Of Nations Inquisition

(By W. P. Crozier, in The New Republic)

IT does not matter much to Americans what we in England think of the grand inquest which they are holding on the peace treaty and the Covenant of the League. It has probably never occurred to them how extraordinary is the spectacle which they present at this moment to European eyes. Here is the greatest of existing democracies poking its nose, its ears and its intelligence into foreign policy. It is actually found debating whether or not and on what terms it shall accept as part of its future life a complete immersion in world-politics. It would seem as though the people of the United States really believed that the catastrophe of a great war, the possibility of which is at the back of this controversy, with the consequent killing and maiming of millions of their lives, was a matter that concerned them quite as closely as the politics of railroads or tariffs or the parish pump.

It is not so much the debate in the press that surprises us, although that too is carried on with a rigor in dissection and a thoroughness in research that has no parallel here. It is the activities of the Senate and its Foreign Relations Committee that make us gasp. These audacious people, we read, are going to debate the peace treaty for weeks or, it may be, for months. Some of them are for rejecting it, out of hand, some for sending it back with such qualifications as would make it in effect a new instrument, others are for accepting it only on certain understandings which they will attach to their consent. All these sections, apparently, are determined that their voice and their views shall be impressed on the final settlement when it is reached. And how do they behave, to attain their end? They hold an inquiry into the character and origin of the peace treaty. They examine statesmen, journalists, anyone who can throw light into the dark places. They ask for documents, including "secret" documents, and even the original drafts on which the diplomats built up the finished work. They want to know how certain clauses were arrived at. It is bad enough to "want to know" in general, but when curiosity extends to the means and methods by which diplomacy arrives at its conclusions, it becomes (in the eyes of diplomacy) indecent.

How is the old diplomatic game to be carried on at all if its conventions of furtive reticence are to be exposed to an ignorant but honest world? "I know," says one statesman to another, "that I deceived you when I kept back from you the knowledge of such and such an agreement, and you know that I deceived you. But, after all, that is the game, of which I know—and you ought to have known—the rules and customs. On such terms we could meet again, but if all the world comes prying and you blurt it out to all the world, where shall we be? Heavens! if the House of Commons should suddenly insist on having the record of all the negotiations, written and oral, which went to the making of our new convention with Persia or to the 'deal' with France over Syria and the East!" But if the Senate Committee has gone even further. It has a three hours' heart-to-heart talk with the President. From him also, most pertinaciously, it "wants to know." It asks whether he is satisfied with the treaty in certain points, and, if not, whether he worked to make it better, whether he is himself responsible for this or that, what precise obligation will be laid on the United States by its assent to the Covenant, and so forth. We must be pardoned for repeating what is so well known in the United States, but these things make us rub our eyes. Here is a strange phenomenon—a democracy which insists on knowing what manner of road it is on which it is invited to go, who laid the road and with what materials and what goal lies at the end of it. No, indeed, such things "are not done" in the democracy of England.

Making all allowances for the influence of partisan feeling in the United States, British liberals regard what is happening there with envy and anticipation. In England it would be idle to pretend that the public mind is greatly stirred over the French treaty, the peace treaty or the deficiencies of the League Covenant. The French treaty, which binds us to France in the event of "unprovoked aggression"—an ambiguous and disputable phrase—has been swallowed without a tremor; few people recoginse the admission which it implicitly makes of lack of confidence in the League or realise the advantage which it gives to France in her ubiquitous politico-military campaign to establish her leadership in Europe. The House of Commons had its debate on the treaty but it has long ceased to exercise any real influence on foreign politics. It is, as it has been for years, intimidated by the Executive, which has the power to threaten members with a general election (that is to say with the loss of their seats) whenever they show signs of contumacy. It has no organ of inquiry and of criticism like the Foreign Affairs Committee of the French Chamber or the American Senate. Liberals have agitated for such a body and the immense service which it might do to the State has been shown by the new Committee on Expenditure, which has at least provided a great mass of useful material for public opinion and Parliament to work on. But the public is by inclination and tradition too apathetic about foreign affairs to take an interest in the demand for a committee. The House of Commons, but for a few exceptional members, shares the ignorance and insularity of the public, and the government (with the Foreign and War Offices behind it) would resist the innovation to the death.

There is a relevant story of the first peace conference at the Hague. Some distinguished British journalists had interviewed Marshall von Biebersetin, afterwards Ambassador to England about Germany's aims and policy He gave them full and frank material to lay before the British public. Then they went on to the British delegation to obtain the British point of view for publication. An interval of waiting followed and then the message came that there was "nothing to say to reporters." The tradition still persists. The Foreign office can, and does, ignore Parliament and the public because neither one nor the other is concerned to do what the Senate Committee has been doing—to find out the history and the significance, the past and the future, of the policy to which the Executive intends to commit the nation.

Of course Parliament and, ultimately, the nation are to blame. The only thing that a ministry is supremely sensitive about is loss of power, or in other words the discontent of the electorate. The only aspect of foreign policy that has lately stirred the British public is the Russian expedition, and on that subject the government, simply and solely through its fear of the electorate, has been compelled so far to yield as to promise the withdrawal of the British troops in north Russia (not, by the way, of the naval squadrons or the military "missions") before next winter. The case of Russia illustrates the insularity and the lack of imagination of the average Briton. He is agitated about Russia because it means the actual and present loss of British lives, which comes home to him at once, and because he sees in it the seeds of permanent conscription, which comes home to him as an immediate threat; he sees in it, too, a campaign against labor, and, being himself engaged, as he dimly realises, in the first stage of a bitter struggle by which labor will eventually transform the social and industrial system, he interprets the Russian expedition as being in some measure directed against labor aims in general and his own half-realised aspirations in particular. But he has neither the knowledge nor the vision, even after the war, to realise the close connection of European and world politics with the provision of bread, butter and security for his own family. If he did but realise it, he would insist on having the necessary machinery for informing himself about the doings of his government in the foreign field and he would insist on the government carrying out the general policy which he approved.

It is one of the weaknesses of the British Labor party that it has always underestimated alike the importance of foreign policy and its capacity to understand and influence it. The task of working for a liberal foreign policy in Parliament has been left almost exclusively to a tiny group of radicals who, with their limited opportunities, have always been unable to break through the barrier of official obstruction and make-believe. It is something of a tragedy for us that the Labor party, which furnishes the only force in England that is likely to pursue a sincere policy of international peace and reconciliation, has concentrated itself so long and exclusively on wages, hours and the conditions of labor, that it has little experience, knowledge or driving power to bring into the international field. Yet how ironical is it, after our recent experiences, to talk of democracy holding the reins of power. In 1917-18 our watchword was that no peace could be made with Germany until she established herself as a democracy. What sort of democracy, then? The democracy that was responsible for the Briand-Doumergue agreement about the Rhine provinces or the secret treaties about the Adriatic and Syria? The democracy that has produced the British Convention with Persia (about which the British people know nothing and care nothing) or that has swallowed the guarantee to France, the peace treaty and the Covenant at a single, smooth and unimpeded gulp?

Perhaps now Americans will understand why their vivisection (without anaesthetics) of the peace treaty—and ought we to add the President?—surprises and delights us. Has there been any instance before in history of a numerous and powerful people debating in cold blood—is it all cold blood, by the way?—whether it shall or shall not embark on a new and adventurous chapter of their national life? The nearest parallel, perhaps, at all events in our time, was Russia in 1917, when, weary of the refusal of the Allies to revise the imperialist treaties, once and for all, she broke the shackles of the old world. But Russia's action was a rude and violent gesture, the fruit of a passionate and overwhelming impulse, beside which America's examination of the ground is cold and constitutional. So much the better for America and us. This national catechism is in some sort a substitute for our own deficiencies. Shantung, the Saar Valley, Poland, article X and the rest—We would have liked to have them all out in the broad light of day, to have Mr. George and Mr. Balfour cross-examined and General Smuts to check their answers by. But as we are a people who have "secret covenants" served out to us and like the fare, liberals will gladly take their "open diplomacy," if they can get it, from the United States. After all, it is no new thing. Liberals the world over have been looking to that quarter ever since Mr. Wilson began to make his speeches. Perhaps they deserve some recompense for recent disappointments.

But the future is more than the present or the past and this lively demonstration of democracy in action stirs us as liberals precisely because, in imagination, we can see the same process being applied by the United States to the world's affairs under the future League of Nations. What, from the standpoint of humanity, is the vice of the present Covenant? That the League is not a league of peoples, pacific and disinterested, but a league of the victorious Allies, a conference of bureaucrats, a council not of nations but of governments. But suppose that on these oligarchs there suddenly impinged a massive body out of the west, bursting with energy and will, criticising, examining, insisting; suppose that it were backed up, as before long it would be, by a British Labor Government, no less pacific than itself even if somewhat embarrassed by its imperial chains, and by the purified and liberal Russia which will some day emerge from the present chaos—is there not hope there for the League of Nations? But all this, the critics in America, will say, is the vague optimism of the rank idealist. On the contrary, the American part of it is as practical as the Senate Committee's essays in vivisection. Consider the latest illustration in Europe; note how the vacillation and the timidities of the Supreme Council in Paris with regard to Hungary and the Archduke Joseph have shrunk away before Mr. Hoover's sudden assertion of principle and his demand for decisive action. It is comical here in Europe to read the telegram dilating on Mr. Hoover's sudden dominance, which he exercises simply because he is a man of principle and both knows his mind and speaks it.

But when did united principle and courage fail of their just effect?

It is intelligible enough that Americans should fight shy of the burden which the peace treaty and the Covenant, in their present shape, impose upon them. But they must not expect us, as we follow the controversy in the United States, to hope that they will refuse it. (The French treaty is another matter.) On the contrary, it is to us a proof that with the liberalism and the abounding vitality of the American people inspiring it the League of Nations can yet in time be made what liberals once hoped of it. But not otherwise.

F. P. A's Conning Tower

The wheeze in "Adam and Eve," about the Sweet-and-Low dress, is less adroit than Old Hector Turnbull's, about the dress that was Low and Behold in front and V-de-Boheme in the back.

Mothers who are worrying about the freedom their daughters take nowadays, what with motor rides and midnight dance places and one thing and another, will recall how the bicycle, in turn, sent them coasting down the asphalt path of dalliance, straight to Gehenna. "That the free use of the bicycle," said the Chicago Inter-Ocean of September 19, 1894, "has led to an alarming increase of immorality it is folly to deny—not because bicycling in itself is anything other than a beautiful sport and exercise, but because the privilege of going when and where one pleases on a wheel presents the opportunity and the temptation to wrong-doing that do not exist within the ordinary limitations of intercourse between the sexes."

The grave diggers are about to strike, and the celebrated stork is going to ask, it is said, for a 44-hour week. And there is many a costly detour on the road between the two headquarters.

THE BENIGHTED STATES

Sir: Speaking of last lines, after reading our daily quota of front page stuff about the H. C. L., robberies, murders and plain and assorted strikes, there comes to us the famous last line of Old George Gordon, Lord Byron: "My Native Land—Good Night!"

TACK.

Now, if ever, come perfect days, and to have to work on them evidently is breaking the w. k. heart of the world. Hence, one guesses, the strikes.

"I REMEMBER, I REMEMBER"

I remember, I remember
The kicks I used to wear;
I was a snappy dresser; I
Spent seven on a pair.
But now I pay nine bucks apiece
(Or eighteen for the two).
Oh, Isadora Duncan!
Ere long I'll string with you.

JOHN H. McGOUGH.

The President, according to Mr. Charles H. Grasty, is shy only in private; in public he is brave, bold and confident. But most of us are the other way; our bravery increases with our privacy. . . . We wonder when the President thinks up the wheezes he pulls—in private, or when he is in his bravest mood? Our guess is that it is when his courage is at the speak.

Lamped in San Diego by Professor William Lyon Phelps: "No Children Allowed in This Building: All Deliveries Must Be Made in the Back Yard."

Correspondence

China Organising

Editor, THE CHINA PRESS

Dear Editor.—It is eight years now since the establishment of the Republic, during this period selfishness and party struggle dominate this country. North and South are still in struggle, and we, merchants, are badly suffered from this situation.

Owing to the opposition of the Northern delegate personally, the peace movement is in silence and the country is in a state of distraction. We establish the China Unity Society to promote peace between the Northern and Southern parties.

Your great journal pays special attentions to the political, social and industrial life of our country and is appreciated by all the readers of the world. We are pleased to send you the copies of the proclamations of the Society both in English and Chinese. Hope you are interested in it, and publish it at your convenience.

We express our sincere wish that the paper will circulate throughout the world. Yours truly,

K. Y. CHUN,
China Unity Society.

(Editor's note: We are publishing the following article without any attempt to correct its grammar. The writer of it surely passed through a mere-racking ordeal in trying to pour out his surging thoughts in English, and, we think any effort to correct his writing would detract from the earnest note he has struck):

THE CHINA UNITY SOCIETY

It is a great blessing for this world that the battle cry was over and the songs of peace sing again. China is doubly blessed for her co-operation with the allies in this great war and partaking this grand Conference of Peace in Paris, Germany was beaten. Righteousness overcomes the militarism.

As China declared war with Germany, their friendship was broken and the right of settlement in Tsingtau by Germans were ceased. During that time no third nation has the right to interfere their business. But the case was contrarily. Japan sent her soldiers, without consultation to China, to get rid of the Germans and immigrated her people to settle there as if Tsingtau was her own territory. China is helplessness to get it back.

For the sake of alliance she may help China to beat the Germans but after the war was over she should return it to her original owner. On the other hand China may pay Japan her military expenses which may be settled in the Peace Conference. However Japan made all sort of trouble to interfere China's business in the Conference. Is China not an ally. Righteousness do over come militarism?

Recently China is not only suffered by foreign aggressions but also by internal troubles. Her politics are as dark as before, jurisdiction uncomplete, soldiers without discipline, industries undeveloped, business not improved; besides there are restorations of monarchy, and struggles of party opinions one follows on the heel of another, is there any nation in the universe, with the same trouble as China has, would struggle for opinions and set her on the very verge of destruction. China does not fear the seriousness of the treaties which Japan forces her to sign, but, however, she does fear if the party struggle, the source of the down fall of China, still existing in this great Republic. An American motto says, "United we stand, separate we fall."

Few months ago both parties were awaken, they sent their delegates Mr. Tong and Mr. Tsu to consult the peace terms. But only a few days both gone to extremities and no more peace come to pass. Citizens are long for peace and hope that the Peace Conference will be reinaugurated. Mr. Tong of south declares that he is desirous to save the country, Mr. Tsen Chun-husan telegramed to the south to promote peace. It gives a clear view of the southern politicians that their willingness to sacrifice for the party opinions.

Wang I-tong is specially appointed by the Northern party as their delegate to consult the peace terms with Tong Shao-yi. Wang declares his willingness of sacrifice and his whole-hearted desire to make this peace movement fruitful. Those who are against Mr. Wang personally and try to set obstacles on his path are the sinners of the Peace Conference.

This society is in eager hope that the delegates of both parties will meet together as soon as possible so that this Republic will be the leaders of the East. May the delegates put more energies on the peace term and cancel their party or personal opinions.

With regard to the personality of these leading delegates. Tang was an olden official, Tsu was the head of the monarchical party and Wang is the head of Aun Foo Bou. The society makes no difference to those three gentlemen, but for the sake of the idea of our citizens the society is obliged to make this proposal.

The citizens of the South sent pititions to their government to ask for peace. The Northern citizens have the same idea. As Shanghai is the center of this Republic, the society, on behalf of its promoters, ventures to inform our foreign friedns that what the members of this society desire and care for is the reunion of this country. So that the Republic has her strong foundation on this great rock of Asia.

BY-LAWS OF THE CHINA UNITY SOCIETY

ARTICLE 1.

1.—We, the people of China, in order to form a more perfect union, insure domestic unity, do organise the China Unity Society for the Republic of China.

2.—Any citizen of the Republic of China may be the members of this society by the recommendation of its sustaining members.

ARTICLE 2.

3.—The society shall be composed of one Chairman who represents this society and supervises other departments. Two Vice-Chairmen to assist the Chairman or in case of his absence.

4.—The society shall establish four departments:

(a) General department takes charge of important documents and keeps a set of books for the society.

(b) Correspondence department looks over correspondence and keeps the records of the society.

(c) Social department takes charge socials and try to connect with other quarters for the improvement of the Society.

(d) Investigation department is responsible for the investigation and collecting the opinions of different parties to make reports to the general department.

5.—A body of critics shall be elected by the members who are responsible to criticise and discuss important business.

6.—The workers shall attend their duties lawfully according to the rules settled by each department.

7.—The workers of this society shall be elected by members in the grund meeting.

8.—Chairman has the right to ap-

[redacted]

...Treasury is evidently working into an easier position as the war recedes, despite the croakings in Congress to the contrary. Purchases on regular sinking-fund account must in time cumulatively strengthen the demand. In an investment world still much troubled by the uncertainties and reconstructions springing from the anarchy of war, these bonds are losing nothing in the attractiveness of safety. None of the Liberty issues will long remain below par as things are now going.

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Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

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WE'LL TELL HER WE'VE BEEN TO BOSTON IF SHE ASKS US IF WE HAVE BEEN AWAY.
WHERE D'EVER THAT IS.
OH! YES. WE'VE BEEN AWAY. WE WERE IN BOSTON.
DID YOU SEE BUNKER HILL?
NO. WE CALLED ON HIM BUT HE WASN'T IN.
GEO MCMANUS
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The Slacker—By Maurice Level

Translated By William L. McPherson

Here is a war story in the brilliant manner of Maurice Level, one of the most distinguished exponents of the modern school of French fiction. It is tense, dramatic and biting, and marked by an extreme economy in workship.

"Well," said Frederic, cheerfully, looking at the wound in his leg, which had almost closed, "I shall soon be able to go back to the front."

"You are in such a hurry to leave me!" sighed Mme. Chantel.

"In a hurry to leave you? What foolishness! But now that I am nearly well I naturally think of rejoining my regiment. In two weeks I shall be all right."

She shook her head.

"You can hardly take a step. The war, alas! isn't nearly over. You will have plenty of time to fight. And I shall have plenty of time to wait at home, torn with anguish by letters which never come, by news which fills one with doubt. Stay a month longer, or six weeks! It will go so quickly. Then I shall be the first to say to you: 'Go!'"

He tenderly kissed her fingertips.

"I shall stay."

Life took its ordinary course again, beautiful with anticipations, rose colored with hopes. Leaning on Mme. Chantel's arm, he smiled at his progress, measuring the distance he covered each day. After walking around the house he made a tour of the lawn, then of the garden. Finally he opened the gate into the highroad. Mme. Chantel followed his recovery joylessly. One day when he had taken a longer walk than usual he asked her:

"Aren't you glad to see me getting along so well?"

She answered evasively:

"I am always thinking of the separation which draws near."

"How can it be helped? I must return."

"What service can you render? You have told me what life in the trenches is like—how much courage and strength are needed by the man who fights and the man who commands. I know that you have courage enough. But have you the strength?"

The sweetness of inaction, the attention with which he had been surrounded every minute, had softened him a little. He agreed that he still tired very quickly. She explained to him that that was not at all surprising. She would not hold him back for anything in the world, she said. But prudence and even duty required him to remain. He listened to her thoughtfully. She avoided intermingling her love and her egoistic desire to retain him with her arguments based on ecmmon sense.

Winter brought the rains. Snow darkened the skies. The house was cheerful. The droning stove sang a strange cradle song. So he remained. His convalescence lasted until spring. His wound, completely healed, was now only a rose spot on his flesh. The newspapers were filled with talk of a new offensive. Letters brought him word of battles, of wounded comrades cited in the orders of the day. The list of the dead lengthened. When he read these letters aloud Mme. Chantel closed her eyes. He didn't dare to continue. In a hoarse voice he kept saying. "I'm going to go." Mme. Chantel made no answer.

One morning she broke out suddenly:

"Why go? Why die? I gave you up once. I nearly lost you once. Your life is precious to me. You have shed your blood. You have done your duty."

He answered with firmness:

"Who knows that he has done his duty so long as he has not done more than his duty?"

Then she poured out her love, her self-pity, her rebelliousness and her tears.

"Haven't you also a duty toward me? Is our love so poor a thing? Besides, a soldier's duty is not always in the first line. It is everywhere. You think you are cured. I know well that you aren't. The doctors have told me"——

"What doctors?"

"All of them," she cried audaciously.

Then, in a softened tone she added:

"Wait, wait a while. If you are absolutely determined to go back to service, go back, but to a service to which your strength is equal. There must be many such posts. I don't know. But don't you know of any? You will be brave, wherever you are. I am as scrupulous of your honor as you are yourself. Think a little of me."

He listened in silence. The slow work of the winter months had borne its fruits, weakening his will, diluting his courage. He yielded.

Now, attached to a service in the rear, he lived the petty and narrow life of a garrison. From time to time, when he received news from the front, when he learned of the decoration of a comrade, he remembered his past ambitions and regretted his too peaceable present. Then he bent his head.

But Mme. Chantel pressed his brow upon her shoulder.

"Why torment yourself? You have done all you could do."

Sometimes this assurance sufficed him. But not always.

"What," she murmured, "do you regret having given me the satisfaction of keeping you? Do you regret having given me this proof of your love?"

He caressed her hair, sighed and turned his thoughts in other channels.

Then Mme. Chantel ended by no longer worrying herself about his attacks of melancholy. Ceasing to try to console him by beautiful phrases, she showed him life as it was in reality—good fortune for some, misfortune for others. Little by little he forgot the war and dreamed of the day when he should return to Paris to resume his civilian clothes and his former occupation. All constraint disappeared from their conversation.

He spoke of the war, of the advancement of his former comrades, with such detachment that she asked herself sometimes whether this indifference didn't conceal a deep-seated chagrin—if he didn't cherish a secret grudge against her for having kept him out of danger. She sought to fathom his thoughts. But he smiled so tranquilly and sank back into the depths of his easy chair with such abandon that she felt embarrassed on his account and changed the subject.

Almost unconsciously she became less tender. He felt the change, was alarmed by it and ended by saying to her:

"You are no longer the same. I speak to you; you don't understand me. You seem abstracted, far away, indifferent."

She defended herself. How could he have such an idea? She was sad, perhaps. But what woman wouldn't be sad; saddened thinking of the many men who were fighting and dying?

Her response had never been so direct. He had ever so cruelly understood how false his own situation was—how humiliating, even. He replied, with bitterness:

"No doubt they deserve more tenderness than those who remain behind."

Without measuring its brusqueness or brutality, she blurted out the word:

"Inevitably."

Her tone seemed to him to convey a certain hostility. Her look was harsh and contemptuous. He thought her savage, unjust and hateful.

"Do you mean to reproach me for being here?" he murmured.

She was silent. His gorge rose.

"Have you forgotten that if I am here it is because of your entreaties—almost because of your commands? Wasn't it you who counselled me and influenced me? Have you forgotten what you repeated to me over and over again with tears: 'Don't go; don't abandon me; keep yourself for me'? Was that a piece of acting on your part? Didn't you think what you were asking me? Then—for your looks, your attitude, your gestures, your silence, all you are and do annoy and humiliate me—then what have you to reproach me for now?"

She raised her head and answered pitilessly:

"For having obeyed me."

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One Way To Get A Raise

By Sam Hollman

"George," said Mrs. Harper heavily "the butcher was here again today."

"Well?"

"He says he won't deliver any more meat unless we pay him all we owe him."

"That'll be all right. Tomorrow's pay day. How much do we owe him? Ten dollars?"

"Twenty-two," replied Mrs. Harper. "Remember, we didn't pay him last month."

"When! That much? Well, we can give him a part of it."

"No, we can't" interrupted the woman, "he wants it all, he says. We've got to pay the rent, the bakeryman and the grocer. John I'm becoming desperate. You'll have to get a raise, or do something. We just can't live on $80 a month. We owe everybody and there isn't a store within ten blocks that will trust me for a spool of thread. Can't you get a raise from Mr. Hall?"

"Raise?" repeated Harper bitterly, "Why should he give me a raise? Bookkeepers are thicker than thieves. You don't have to pay a bookkeeper much, and I don't know how to do anything else."

"We must do something," reiterated Mrs. Harper with the persistence of blank despair. "There are a hundred dollars' worth of bills that we must pay this month understand me, must, and we have only $80 to do it with. Can't you get another job or extra work or something? Have you tried to get a raise lately? If we had $100 tomorrow instead of $80 we could at least get through this month. Ask Mr. Hall for a raise."

"What's the use?" replied Harper wearily. "I tell you bookkeepers are thicker than thieves——"

"Thieves," interrupted his wife shrilly. "We'd be better off if you were a thief. We might as well be in jail as fighting all day with bill collectors and worrying ourselves sick. You've got to do something"——

"Talking foolishly like that isn't going to help any," snapped Harper. "What do you want me to do? Get a piece of lead pipe and go out and knock someone down to get $20 for you?"

"Huh," laughed Mrs. Harper hysterically, "you haven't got the nerve."

"I haven't, haven't I," retorted Harper. "Where's my hat?"

"I was only fooling, George. You"——

"You've fooled too much. Good-by"—and before Mrs. Harper could get in the way to stop him he had dashed from the house.

It was a moonless night and a fine drizzle was falling. For a few seconds Harper stood in a daze of reaction before his home and then automatically turned his steps in the direction of his office. He had neither lead pipe nor plans—nothing but a chaotic idea of getting twenty dollars.

For several blocks he walked in fruitless thought. Suddenly an idea came. Tomorrow was pay day and Hall and Sons never banked the receipts of the day before, keeping the money in the cash drawer to be applied to the monthly payroll. Harper had a key to the office. There would be at least $50 in the till. What could be simpler? Thief? Certainly, but his wife had dared him to be one.

In a short time there appeared through the mist the gilt letters—"Hall and Sons, Coffee, Tea and Spices. Established 1858." The street was deserted. With a calmness that surprised him, Harper opened the front door and entered the familiar office. He walked directly to the cash drawer and opened it. There was a bunch of bills but Harper wanted only $20.

Casting a look about to see if the shades were drawn, he turned on the desk light on the counter. A sound came to his ears. Some one was at the door. For the first time the intruder noticed that one of the blinds had only been drawn partly and he had probably been observed from the outside.

The door was opening. Harper did not dare look in that direction. In an inspiration born of sheer desperation, he seized a book lying on the counter, sat on the high chair and pretended to be reading.

"Hello, Harper," came a gruff voice, "what are you doing down here at this time of the night?" It was Hall, the old man himself.

"Reading, sir," quavered Harper.

"Reading! What?"

For the first time Harper glanced at the book's title. It was "Coffee, How It Is Grown, Roasted and Treated."

"It's about coffee, sir. I am trying to learn all about coffee. It's very interesting."

"Huh!" grunted Hall. "Why don't you read at home?"

"I was afraid, sir," said Harper, gaining assurance, "that you would not like to have it leave the office. I have been coming down here several nights to read this book."

"What are we paying you?" asked Hall.

"Eighty dollars."

"Huh. Did you see my grip? I came down here for it. Oh, there it is."

Harper climbed from the chair to hand the grip to his employer.

"You can take the book home," said Hall. "Reading at night, eh? Tell the cashier in the morning to make your salary $100 instead of $80 and then report to me. Bookkeeping is no business for a young fellow with ambition."

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Future Use Of Pigeons

Feathered "veterans" of H. M. Pigeon Service are being "demobilised," and it has been decided to present them to discharged soldiers.

The London Daily Chronicle understands that the pigeon services of the army and navy are to be disbanded, and that, in future, that of the R. A. F. will be responsible for the varied duties which are alloted to "carriers."

These will be almost exclusively confined to work in connection with seaplanes, for which the birds have proved themselves invaluable, and, in consequence of the development which is taking place in aviation, the establishment of the R. A. F. pigeons has been largely increased.

Practically the whole of the pigeons used by the army, navy and air force during the war, numbering 80,000 were presented gratuitously by breeders, in return for which the latter were given free supplies of corn to assist in rearing fresh "recruits."

"Breeders have been sent an official letter of thanks from the Air Council," he said, "together with a list of those birds which rendered signal service, and have been specially mentioned in despatches.

"Many of the incidents mentioned are extremely thrilling, and in a few cases old, war-worn birds have been 'pensioned off by the Government and are now living in peace and plenty. One of these is the pigeon which was shot through the eye while delivering a message. It recovered from the wound and is now at Westgate 'on light duty.'

"The number of lives saved by pigeons during the war will never be known," added the officer, "for in addition to the many pilots and observers who have been rescued from wrecked machines as a result of messages faithfully delivered, the birds have been used to establish communication with troops who were surrounded by the enemy, by dropping them from airplanes in baskets attached to parachutes.

Carrier pigeons have, in fact, been employed in all parts of the battle zone—even in the front-line trenches—and, as a result, numbers of our soldiers, sailors and airmen have formed an attachment for them and are taking up the breeding of carrier pigeons either as a sport or a hobby.

In commercial circles many traders and merchants have come to the conclusion that under certain conditions, such as in isolated situations, pigeons are invaluable for cheap and ready means of communication.

A service of carrier pigeons has already been instituted in Borneo by an enterprising trader, the birds being used to carry messages in connection with the coaling of vessels.

There is already a big boom in carrier pigeons.

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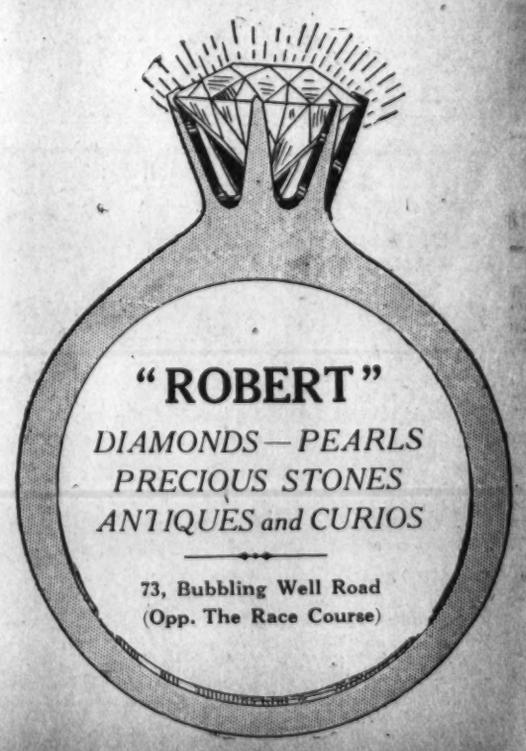

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GENERAL SHIPPING NEWS

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For River Ports

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tungting**, Captain Torrible, will leave from the French Bund on **Wednesday, November 5**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Wuchang**, Captain Pickard, will leave on **Wednesday, November 5**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Nanyang Maru**, Captain K. Takesita, will be despatched from N.Y.K. Pootung Wharf on **Wednesday, Nov. 5**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA**, No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Str. **Hwahta**, will leave on **Wednesday** night. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Co.'s Steamer **Talee Maru**, Capt. G. Kamauira, will be despatched from N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Thursday, November 6**, about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HONGKONG & CANTON.—The Str. **Kwanglee**, Captain A. P. Sangster, will leave on **Thursday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tatung**, Captain Williams, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, November 6**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Luenho**, 2,868 Tons, Captain Jackson, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Thursday, November 6**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Freight Tel. C. 250, Passage Tel. C. 240.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The Indo-China S. N. Co.'s S.S. **Suiyo**, 2,671 Tons, Captain Smith, will sail for the abovementioned ports from Hunt's Wharf on **Friday, November 7**, at about midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., Ltd.**, General Managers. Freight Tel. C. 250, Passage Tel. C. 240.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Luenyi**, Captain Frazier, will leave from the French Bund on **Friday, November 7**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

HANKOW & PORTS—The Co.'s Steamer **Suiyang Maru**, Capt. G. Kawamura, will be despatched from the N.K.K. Pootung Wharf on **Friday, November 7**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage, apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS—The Co.'s Steamer **Fengyang Maru**, Captain S. Takano, will be despatched from N. Y. K. Mail Wharf on **Saturday, November 8**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight and Passage apply to **THE NISSHIN KISEN KAISHA.** No. 5 The Bund.

HANKOW & PORTS.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Chungking**, Captain W. T. Roberts, will leave on **Sunday, November 9**, at about 12 o'clock midnight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

For Southern Ports

NINGPO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Hsin Peking**, Captain A. Scott, R. N. R., will leave from the French Bund on **Wednesday, November 5**, at 4:30 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

NINGPO.—The Str. **Kiangteen**, Captain D. D. Ross, will leave on Thursday afternoon at 4 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

AMOY, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Str. **Sinkiang**, Capt. G. W. Eedy, will leave from the French Bund direct for the above ports on **Thursday, Nov. 6**, at 9:30 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tel. No. 401.

SWATOW, HONGKONG & CANTON.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Yingchow**, Captain E. B. Simons, will leave from the French Bund on **Saturday, November 8**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TAKAO (FORMOSA) via FOOCHOW & KEELUNG.—The Str. **Kohoku Maru**, Captain M. Tsubaki, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **November 11**, at ———— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ———— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

HONGKONG.—The Str. **Canada Maru**, Captain T. Nimoto, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **November 14**, at ———— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the Custom jetty at—— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Northern Ports

TIENTSIN DIRECT.—The Str. **Hsintah**, Captain J. Glen, will leave on **Wednesday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

CHEFOO & NEWCHWANG.—The Str. **Hsinkong**, Captain A. B. Baines, will leave on **Wednesday** morning. For Freight or Passage apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

CHEFOO & TIENTSIN.—The Str. **Hsinming**, Captain Mackinon, will leave on **Thursday** morning. For Freight or Passage, apply to **C.M.S.N. Co.**

WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Shengking**, Captain K. E. Tuebben, will leave from the French Bund on **Thursday, November 6**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund Freight Tel. No. 77 Passage Tel. No. 401.

ANTUNG.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Foochow**, Captain C. R. Mecham, will leave on **Thursday, November 6**, at 10 a.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TSINGTAO.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Tean**, Captain Wm. McDonald, will leave from the Watung Wharf on **Saturday, November 8**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents French Bund. Freight Tel. No. 77, Passage Tel. No. 401.

TIENTSIN.—The China Navigation Co.'s Steamer **Ningpo**, Captain W. J. Freer, will leave on **Saturday, November 8**, at daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents. Tel. No. 77.

TIENTSIN & DAIREN.—The Steamer **Taito Maru**, Captain M. Takagi, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **November 13**, at ———— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ———— on the same day. For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

TIENTSIN & DAIREN via TSINGTAU.—The Steamer **Keelung Maru**, Captain Y. Fukami, will be despatched from the Co.'s Yangtszepoo Wharf on **November 15**, at ———— The steam-launch conveying passengers on board will leave the jetty in front of the Nisshin Kisen Kaisha at ———— For Freight and Passage, please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

For Foreign Ports

ROTTERDAM via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES AND ANTWERP.—The Str. **Celebes Maru**, Captain T. Ezoe, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy Wharf on **November 7.** For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

MARSEILLES, VIA SINGAPORE, COLOMBO & PORTSAID.—The Steamer **Indo Maru**, Captain S. Arai, will be despatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on November 24. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund. Tel. Central No. 4234 & 4235.

LONDON, via HONGKONG, SINGAPORE, COLOMBO, PORTSAID, MARSEILLES, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG.—The Steamer **Alps Maru**, Captain T. Yamaguchi, will be desatched from the Co.'s No. 9 Buoy on December 6. For Freight please apply to **THE OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA**, No. 4, The Bund Tel. Central No. 4234 and 4235.

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Nov.	4	River ports	Kianghsin	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	4	River ports	Hwahlee	Chi.	J.M. & Co.
Nov.	4	River ports	Tachang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Nov.	4	Hongkong & Canton	Suiyang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	4	Amoy & Swatow	Tungwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	4	Foochow	Haean	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	4	New York	Nanerie	Br.	D. & Co.
Nov.	4	Japan	Takeshima Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	4	Japan	Yamashiro Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	4	Chinwangtao	Holhow	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	4	Native Customs	Sado Maru	Jap.	Kaiyosha
Nov.	4		Ceylon	Swe.	K.F.A.
Nov.	4	Dairen	Sakaki Maru	Jap.	S. M. R.
Nov.	4	Tientsin, ports	Tungchow	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	4	Chinwangtao	Hero	Nor.	K.M.A.
Nov.	4	Japan	Taiyei Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	4	Manila	W. of Montana	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	4	Vladivostok	Orel	Rus.	S. H. & Co.
Nov.	4	Vladivostok	Bolky	Rus.	
Nov.	4	Vladivostok	Grasny	Rus.	
Nov.	4	Ningpo	Kiangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.

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*ALPS MARU	18,000	T. Yamaguchi,	Dec. 4	Dec. 6

FOR MARSEILLES Via Singapore, Colombo and Port Said.

*INDO MARU	1,000	S. Arai,	Nov. 21	Nov. 24

FOR NORTH AMERICA (Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver) via Nagasaki, Kobe, and Yokohama.
In connection with the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Ry.

*AFRICA MARU ...	12,000	H. Yamamoto,	Nov. 21	Nov. 22
*MEXICO MARU ...	12,000	K. Kamiga,	Dec. 15	Dec. 16

FOR HONGKONG

CANADA MARU	12,000	T. Nimoto,	Nov. 13	Nov. 14
MEXICO MARU	12,000	K. Kamiya,	Nov. 29	Nov. 30

FOR NORTH CHINA PORTS (Tientsin and Dairen).

TAITO MARU	3,000	M. Takagi,	Nov. 11	Nov. 13
KEELUNG MARU ..	3,000	Y. Fukami,	Nov. 13	Nov. 15

FOR SOUTH CHINA PORTS and FORMOSA (Foochow, Keelung and Takao).

KOHOKU MARU ..	5,000	M. Tsubaki,	Nov. 9	Nov. 11

*Fully booked for passage.
The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to South America, South Africa, Austria, India, Java, China, Korea, Vladivostok and also between the principal ports in Japan. Through freight booked from Shanghai.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA
O.S.K. Yangtszepoo Wharf, Wayside
Tel. Nos. East 208 and 209 Union Building, 4 The Bund
Tel. Address: SHOSEN, Shanghai, Tel. Nos. C. 4233, 4234 and 4235.

THE ADMIRAL LINE

PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO.
TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE
BOSTON, NEW YORK via SUEZ
S.S. "WYTHEVILLE"
About December 1st
SEATTLE

S.S.	"SEATTLE SPIRIT"	About	NOV. 9th
S.S.	"WHEATLAND OF MONTANA"	Middle	NOV.
S.S.	"ENDICOTT"	Early	DEC.
S.S.	"ELKTON"	Middle	DEC.

PORTLAND

S.S.	"WABAN"	Early	DEC.

Through Bills of Lading issued to all United States and Canadian Overland Points.
FOR FREIGHT AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO
THE ADMIRAL LINE
53 SZECHUEN ROAD.
JOHN J. GORMAN, GENERAL AGENT
FRED C. CHARMAN AGENT.
Telegraphic Address—ADMIRALINE.
Telephone, Central 1471

"Sooner or later" is a smooth-sounding phrase, but the man who uses Want Ads knows that it pays to DO IT NOW

PACIFIC MAIL S.S.CO

AMERICAN STEAMERS
TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI (subject to Change)

For San Francisco via Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu		For Hongkong via Manila	
*S.S. West Sequana	Nov. 5	S.S. Venezuela	Nov. 19
S.S. Colombia	Nov. 8	S.S. Ecuador	Dec. 13
S.S. Venezuela	Dec. 5	S.S. Colombia	Jan. 10 1920

*Cargo Only

Steamers equipped with most modern improvements for the safety and comfort of passengers. One and two bed staterooms only. No Upper Berths. Tickets interchangeable with Canadian Pacific Ocean Services, Ltd. and Toyo Kisen Kaisha.

CARGO STEAMERS
"West Conob" "West Vaca" "West Sequana"
"Archer" "West Inskip" "West Caddoa"
"West Kador" "West Neris"

EAST INDIA SERVICE
SAILINGS FROM MANILA (subject to Change)

For Saigon, Singapore, Calcutta and Colombo		For San Francisco via Honolulu	
S.S. Santa Cruz	Dec. 15	S.S. Colusa	About Dec. 14
S.S. Colusa	about Nov. 18	S.S. Colusa	about Jan. 10

PANAMA SERVICE
Regular Sailings from San Francisco
MEXICO—CENTRAL AMERICA—PANAMA
BALTIMORE SERVICE
Sailings from San Francisco via Central America, Panama Canal, Puerto Colombia and Havana
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY
1-B Nanking Road, Palace Hotel Building.
Telephone Central 5056 Cable Address "Solano"

T. K. K.
SHANGHAI BRANCH OFFICE
TOYO KISEN KAISHA.
(ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP CO.)

Imperial Japanese and U.S.M. Line to San Francisco from Shanghai, via Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama and Honolulu.
SEMI-TROPICAL ROUTE.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

FOR HONGKONG
KOREA MARU ..... November 22

FOR SAN FRANCISCO
KOREA MARU ..... December 5
TENYO MARU ..... December 21

All steamers of this Company are thoroughly modern and up-to-date. Equipped with Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signals, Laundry, Children's Nursery, Ladies' Lounge, and all other modern improvements for safety and comfort. String Orchestra, Moving Picture Performance, Deck Dances. Service and Cuisine unexcelled.
Lay-Over privileges allowed to all ports of call. Interchangeable with steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, and CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, LD.
Railway transportation between Nagasaki, Kobe and Yokohama may be had on application to the purser.
T. N. ALEXANDER, Manager.
North China Insurance Co.'s Buildings.
Telephone No. 3229. Entrance 71 Szechuen Road.

STRUTHERS AND DIXON, INC.

OFFICES: San Francisco and Seattle, U.S.A.; Shanghai, China; Manila, P.I.; Kobe, Japan and Hongkong.
Operating the following Far Eastern services for account of the United States Shipping Board:

U.S.A. PACIFIC COAST—JAPAN, CHINA AND PHILIPPINES

INWARD	HOMEWARD
S.S. "ELKHORN" due Nov. 9th.	For San Francisco.
S.S. "BRAVECOUER" due Dec. 3rd.	S.S. "ELKHORN" Dec. 3rd.

also
"WEST CAJOOT", "WEST HELIX", "WEST HENSHAW", "WEST ISON", "WESTERN GLEN", "BAKERSFIELD", "BRAVECOEUR", "DEVOLENTE" "EDITOR", "STANLEY", "WEST CACTUS" "WEST SEGOVIA", "WEST ISLIP", "HATHAWAY", "VINITA".
arrivals to be announced later.
Through rates quoted and through B/L's issued to all overland points in U. S. and Canada.
SHANGHAI OFFICE: No. 7 JINKEE ROAD.
Tel. No. Central 2557.
L. EVERETT, Vice-President J. S. EMENS, Agent.

CHINA MAIL S.S. CO., LTD.

S.S. "NANKING" (15,000 TONS) S.S. "CHINA" (10,200 TONS)
S.S. "NILE" (11,000 TONS)
(SUBJECT TO CHANGE)
SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI FOR
SAN FRANCISCO
VIA NAGASAKI, YOKOHAMA AND HONOLULU

S.S.	"NANKING"	NOV.	7th
S.S.	"CHINA"	NOV.	25th
S.S.	"NILE"	DEC.	23rd

*S.S. "NANKING" does not call at NAGASAKI

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT

S.S.	"CHINA"	NOV.	10th
S.S.	"NILE"	DEC.	10th
S.S.	"NANKING"	JAN.	3rd

For further information regarding passenger fares, sailings, freight rates, etc., apply to
J. P. WILLIAMS, AGENT.
CORNER SZECHUEN & KIUKIANG ROADS
PHONE CENTRAL 4773 Cable Address: "CHIM AIL

SHIPPING

N.Y.K.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

(Japan Mail Steamship Co.)

Under Mail Contract with the Imperial Japanese Government

SAILINGS FROM SHANGHAI

(Subject to Alteration)

EUROPEAN LINE MAIL SERVICE.

For Hongkong, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, Marseilles and England:

	Tons	Capt.	
YOKOHAMA MARU ..	12,500	K. Okamoto,	Nov. 10
TAMBA MARU	12,500	K. Itsuno,	Nov. 24

EUROPEAN LINE AUXILIARY CARGO SERVICE.

For Portsaid, Marseilles, Liverpool via ports:

TSUSHIMA MARU ...	15,000	K. Teramoto,	Nov. 30
PENANG MARU	11,500	Later part of December	

For Portsaid, London, Antwerp via ports (May extend to Rotterdam and Hamburg according to cargo inducement).

TATSUNO MARU	T. Shirai,	Nov. 15
DURBAN MARU	Second half of December	

AMERICAN LINE

For Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama, Victoria, B. C., and Seattle, Washington, Shanghai, Kobe and Osaka Line (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU	19,000	M. Machida,	Nov. 30
FUSHIMI MARU	21,000	T. Irisawa,	Dec. 17

NEW YORK LINE Via PANAMA.

TOKIWA MARU	15,000	K. Shibuya,	Nov. 17
TOKUSHIMA MARU..	15,000	Y. Okuno,	about Dec. 25

SHANGHAI-YOKOHAMA LINE (Via Nagasaki, Moji and Kobe.)

	Tons	Capt.	
CHIKUGO MARU	5,500	Y. Yoshida,	Nov. 7
KASUGA MARU	7,000	E. Takahashi,	Nov. 14
YAMASHIRO MARU .	7,000	T. Terada,	Nov. 21

SHANGHAI, KOBE AND OSAKA LINE (Via Moji).

	Tons	Capt.	
YAWATA MARU	7,000	H. Mojiri,	Nov. 8
OMI MARU	7,000	H. Yamamoto,	Nov. 12
KUMANO MARU	9,500	T. Sasaki,	Nov. 15
TAKESHIMA MARU ..	4,500	D. Awoshima,	Nov. 19

FOR JAPAN

	Tons	Capt.	
MISHIMA MARU	16,000	S. Takano,	Nov. 10

FOR HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KASHIMA MARU .. .	19,000	M. Machida,	Nov. 9

FOR MANILA AND HONGKONG

	Tons	Capt.	
KATORI MARU	19,000	E. Tozawa,	Dec. 31

AUSTRALIAN LINE (Sailing From Hongkong).

Regular Four-Weekly Service between Japan ports and Australia (calling at Hongkong and Manila).

	Tons	Capt.	
AKI MARU	12,500	S. Shibata,	Nov. 19
TANGO MARU	14,000	M. Nishimura,	Dec. 24
NIKKO MARU	10,000	G. Yamazaki,	Middle of Jan.

CALCUTTA LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Yokohama and Calcutta (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

BOMBAY LINE

Regular Fortnightly Service between Kobe and Bombay (calling at Shanghai on homeward voyage).

The Company also runs numerous steamers from Japan to China and Korean ports and Vladivostok, and also between the principal ports in Japan.

For freight, passage and further information apply to

T. IBUKIYAMA, Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

Tel. Address: Yusen, Shanghai.

CHINESE GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

TIENTSIN-PUKOW LINE

TIME TABLE

(Published by order of the Administration)

November 1, 1919, and until further notice

Mail 101.	Mail 3.		Miles	Peking-Mukden Line			Mail 4.	
20.35	8.35		0	dep.	Peking	arr.	19.50	
23.45	11.12			arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	17.00	
23.50	11.17		84	dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.53	
24.00	11.25			arr.	Tientsin-East	dep.	16.45	
19.25	:		524	arr.	Mukden	dep.	:	

Local 5.	Mail 3.	Exp. 1.		Tientsin-Pukow Line		Exp. 2.	Mail 4.	Local 6.
6.45	10.10	11.30	0	dep.	Tientsin-East	arr.	16.40	15.05	22.16
6.55	10.20	11.40	2.71	arr.	Tientsin-Central	dep.	16.30	14.55	22.06
7.25	10.40	11.55		dep.	Tientsin-Central	arr.	16.15	14.39	21.46
12.32	14.13	15.10	78	dep.	Tsangchow	dep.	13.21	11.21	16.36
18.35	17.16	17.56	148	dep.	Techow	dep.	10.45	8.39	11.56
22.28	20.05	20.21	220	arr.	Tsinanfu	dep.	8.06	5.50	8.20
7.	:								8.
8.00	20.55	20.31	—	dep.	Tsinanfu	arr.	7.56	5.30	18.40
11.14	23.20	22.31	266	dep.	Tsinanfu	dep.	6.01	3.15	15.54
14.17	1.22	0.34	318	arr.	Yenchowfu	dep.	3.49	0.35	12.23
14.42	1.52	0.49	—	dep.	Yenchowfu	arr.	3.39	0.02	11.58
18.33	4.54	3.16	377	dep.	Linchang	dep.	1.20	21.24	8.26
21.27	6.39	4.55	420	dep.	Hsuchowfu	dep.	23.36	19.20	5.20
9.					:				10.
7.25	7.00	4.57	—	dep.	Hsuchowfu	arr.	23.29	19.00	19.56
13.10	11.03	8.38	523	arr.	Pengpu	dep.	19.53	14.55	13.36
13.25	11.18	8.40	—	dep.	Pengpu	arr.	19.46	14.37	13.16
18.26	15.15	11.52	600	dep.	Chinkow	dep.	16.45	10.50	8.27
20.05	16.48	13.00	631	arr.	Pukow	dep.	15.30	9.20	6.40

N. Exp.	Exp.			Shanghai-Nanking Line			Exp.	N. Exp.
23.00	14.20	0		dep.	Nanking-Ferry	arr.	14.15	6.50
7.00	21.00	193		arr.	Shanghai-North	dep	7.55	23.00

Yenchowfu-Tsiningchow Branch Line					Lincheng-Tsochuang Branch Line						
3.55	14.50	d. Yenchowfu a.	11.15	23.40	4.50	9.20	21.25	d. Linches; a.	7.55	17.55	0.40
4.50	15.45	a. Tsiningchow d.	10.20	22.45	6.00	10.30	22.35	a. Tsochuang d.	6.45	16.45	23.30

The station for the foreign concessions in Tientsin is "TIENTSIN-EAST"

The T. P. L. Express Trains are provided with 1st and 2nd class Sleeping, Dining accommodations and 3rd class cars only for 3rd class Through Passengers and servants accompanying 1st and 2nd class passengers.

Passengers travelling on the T. P. L. Express Trains must hold Express Extra Tickets in addition to passenger tickets. Application for Sleeping Accommodation should be made at the earliest possible moment to the Traffic Manager at Tientsin, or to the Traffic Inspectors at Tientsin, Tsinanfu, Hsuchowfu or Pukow.

By Order

THE TRAFFIC MANAGER.

Tientsin, November, 1919.

Large Display Advertisements intended for the Sunday issue of The China Press should be sent in before **5 p.m. on Friday**

Shipping Items

The I.-C. s.s. Luenho left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Tatung left Hankow for Shanghai on Sunday.

The C.N. s.s. Tean left Hongkong for Shanghai on Sunday.

The P. and O. s.s. Novara is expected to leave Colombo for Shanghai today.

The I-C. s.s. Suiwo left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.N. s.s. Luenyi left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Suiyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai on Monday.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangyung left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Chungking left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The N.K.K. s.s. Fengyang Maru left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Shantung left Hongkong for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Yingchow left Tsingtau for Shanghai yesterday.

The C.N. s.s. Shuntien left Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai yesterday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yawata Maru left Moji on Monday and is due in Shanghai today.

The I-C. s.s. Cheongshing left Tsingtau for Hongkong on Sunday.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinchi will leave Foochow for Shanghai today.

The C.M. s.s. Kiangwah will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The I-C. s.s. Kutwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The N.K.K. s.s. Tachi Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai today.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Idomeneus, from Liverpool, left Singapore for Hongkong and Shanghai on Saturday.

The I-C. s.s. Hangsang is due in Shanghai from Canton, Hongkong, Swatow and Ningpo on Friday.

The I-C. s.s. Koonshing is due in Shanghai from Tientsin, Chefoo and Weihaiwei on Sunday.

The I-C. s.s. Kiangwo left Hankow for Shanghai yesterday.

The I-C. s.s. Tuckwo will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.M. s.s. Hsinfung will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Poyang will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yohyang Maru will leave Hankow for Shanghai tomorrrow.

The C.N. s.s. Sunning will leave Hongkong for Shanghai tomorrow.

The C.N. s.s. Fengtien will leave Tientsin for Chefoo, Weihaiwei and Shanghai tomorrow.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Suwa Maru will sail for Seattle and port at daylight today.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Kashima Maru, from Seattle, will leave Nagasaki today and is expected to arrive in Shanghai on Friday.

The N.Y.K. s.s. Yokohama Maru will leave Moji tomorrow and is due in Shanghai on Saturday. The Yokohama sails for London and ports on Monday.

The Blue Funnel s.s. Lycaon arrived in Shanghai from Japan yesterday and will sail for London and ports on Saturday.

The G. L. s.s. Carnarvonshire arrived in Shanghai from London and ports yesterday.

The Japanese gun-boat Uji arrived in Shanghai yesterday.

The P.M. s.s. West Sequana arrived in Shangahi from Manila yesterday and will sail for San Francisco direct tomorrow morning.

The P.M. s.s. Colombia will leave Hongkong at noon today and is due at Woosung early Saturday morning. The Colombia sails for Japan, Honolulu and San Francisco Saturday afternoon.

The S. and D. s.s. Elk, which sailed from Seattle on October 4, is due to arrive in Shanghai next Sunday. The Elkhorn bring 1,000,000 feet of lumber and 1,400 tons of general cargo for local merchants.

The S. and D. s.s. Bravecouer, substituted for s.s. Duel, sailed from Seattle on October 25 and is due in Shanghai about November 28. The Bravecouer brings 900 tons of general cargo for this port.

The Russian transport Orel and two torpedo boat destroyers Grasny and Boiky left Shanghai for Vladivostok via Kobe and Yokohama yesterday afternoon.

See that you have your heating Circuits ready before the cold weather sets in, and the rush for

Electric Heaters

STARTS

A special rate of Tls. 0.04 per unit is made for heating and cooking apparatus, so take advantage of this low rate and heat your house electrically.

For further information, apply at

MUNICIPAL ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT

SHOWROOMS: 471-2 NANKING ROAD. TEL. CENTRAL 2660.

DOLLAR LINE

REGULAR TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT SERVICE

MANILA — HONGKONG — SHANGHAI

to

PACIFIC COAST PORTS

SAILINGS FOR SAN FRANCISCO

S.S.	"Stanley Dollar"	Nov.	10th
S.S.	"West Harts"	,,	12th
S.S.	"West Hepburn"	Dec.	15th
S.S.	"West Ira"	,,	20th
S.S.	"Cadaretta"	,,	30th

SAILINGS FOR VANCOUVER

S.S.	"Melville Dollar"	Dec.	7th
S.S.	"Harold Dollar"	,,	28th
S.S.	"Bessie Dollar"	Feb.	5th

DIRECT SAILINGS FOR NEW YORK

S.S.	"M. S. Dollar"	Dec.	20th
S.S.	"Grace Dollar"	Jan.	15th

Through Railway Bills of Lading issued to the Principal Cities of the United States and Canada.

For further information as to Freight Rates, etc. apply to

THE ROBERT DOLLAR COMPANY

Union Building, Canton Road

TELEPHONE: CENTRAL 2303

BENJAMIN AND POTTS SHARE LIST

Yesterday's Prices

Stock	Closing Quotations
Banks	
H. K. and S. B. ..	$560 S.
Chartered	£80 Unl
Russo-Asiatic	Tls. 250
Marine Insurances	
Canton	$440 Sa.
North China	$180 B.
Union of Canton .	Hk. 205 S.
Yangtsze	$270 S.
Far Eastern Ins. Co., Ltd.	Tls. 22½ S.
Fire Insurances.	
China Fire	$128
Hongkong Fire ..	$845 B.
Shipping	
Indo-China Def. ..	$210 B.
Indo-China Pref. .	$32
"Shell"	185/-
Shanghai Tug ord.	Tls. 40 B.
Shanghai Tug pref	Tls. 37 B.
Mining	
Kaiping	Tls. 12½ B.
Oriental Cons.	25/-
Raub	$2.10
Docks	
Hongkong Dock ..	$176 S.
Shanghai Dock ...	Tls. 120 B.
New Eng. Works .	Tls. 26¾ B.
Wharves	
Shanghai Wharf ..	Tls. 165 B.
Hongkong Wharf	Tls. 110 B.
Lands and Hotels	
Anglo-French Land	Tls. 67½
China Land	Tls. 50
Shanghai Land ...	Tls. 63½ B.
Weihaiwei Land .	Tls. 3
S'hai Hotels Ltd. .	Tls. 15 B.
China Realty (ord.)	Tls. 68
China Realty (pref)	Tls. 50
Cotton Mills	
E-wo	Tls. 85
E-wo Pref	Tls. 470 B.
Laou-kung-mow ..	Tls. 275
Oriental	Tls. 135 B.
Shanghai Cotton .	Tls. 265
Kungyik	Tls. 40 B.
Yangtszepoo	Tls. 21 B.
Yangtszepoo Pref. .	Tls. 83
Industrials	
Butler Tiles	Tls. 25
China Sugar	$175 B.
Green Island	$7¼
Langkats	Tls. 19 S.
Major Bros	Tls. 5
S'hai Sumatra ...	Tls. 125
Stores	
Hall & Holtz	Tls. 12½ B.
Llewellyn	$30
Lane, Crawford ...	$88
Moutrie	$32
Watson	$6.10 B.
Weeks	$11¼
Rubbers (Local)	
Alma	Tls. 7 S.
Amherst	Tls. 0.50
Anglo-Java	Tls. 8 B.
Anglo-Dutch	Tls. 3 B.
Ayer Tawah	Tls. 22½ B.
Batu Anam 1918 .	Tls. 0.55 B.
Bukit Toh Alang .	Tls. 2
Bute	Tls. 0.50 B.
Chemor United ..	Tls. 0.75 B.
Chempedak	Tls. 6
Cheng	Tls. 1½
Consolidated	Tls. 2¼ B.
Dominion	Tls. 6
Gula Kalumpong .	Tls. 6
Java Consolidated.	Tls. 11½
Kamunting	Tls. 3 B.
Kapala	Tls. 0.60
Kapayang	Tls. 9 B.
Karan	Tls. 8.10
Kota Bahroe	Tls. 4 B.
Kroewoek Java ...	Tls. 9½
Padang	Tls. 8½ B.
Pengkalan Durian .	Tls. 4
Permata	Tls. 2½
Repah	Tls. 0.60 B.
Samagaga	Tls. 0.75
Seekee	Tls. 1
Semambu	Tls. 0.80
Senawang	Tls. 8 S.
Shanghai Klebang .	Tls. 0.50 B.
Shanghai Malay ..	Tls. 6
S'hai Malay pref. .	Tls. 8½ B.
Shanghai Pahang .	Tls. 1½
Sungala	Tls. 0.50 B.
Sungei Duri	Tls. 6 B.
Sua Manggis	Tls. 3 B.
S'hai Kalantan ...	Tls. 0.50
S'hai Seremban ...	Tls. 0.60
Taiping	Tls. 1
Tanah Merah	Tls. 0.50 B.
Tebong	Tls. 13½
Ulobri	Tls. 2½
Ziangbe	Tls. 4 B.
Miscellaneous	
C. I & E. Lumber .	Tls. 350 S.
Culty Dairy	Tls. 13
S'hai Elec. & Ash	$2
Shanghai Trams ..	Tls. 62 B.
Shanghai Gas	Tls. 19
Horse Bazaar	Tls. 40
Shanghai Mercury .	Tls. 25
S'hai Telephone ..	Tls. 74½
S'hai Waterworks .	Tls. 163¾

S. Sellers. Sa, Sales. B. Buyers

Benjamin and Potts, 8 Jinkee Rd.

Telephone No. Central 298

Future Sailings

FOR AMERICA AND CANADA

Date	Time	Destination	Ship's Name	Flag	Agents
Nov.	5 —	Seattle, etc.	Suwa Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	5 —	San Francisco	West Sequana	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	7 —	San Francisco	Nanking	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	8 —	San Francisco	Colombia	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	10 —	San Francisco	Stanley Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Nov.	12 —	San Francisco	West Harts	Am.	Dollar Co.
Nov.	14 —	Seattle	W. of Montana	Am.	A. Line
Nov.	16 —	Portland	West Hartland	Am.	A. Line
Nov.	17 —	New York	Tokiwa Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	18 —	N. York via Panama	Eurylochus	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	20 —	New York	Lowther Castle	Br.	D. & Co.
Nov.	22 —	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	25 —	San Francisco	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	25 —	New York v. Suez	Slavic Prince	Br.	S. Tomes & Co.
Nov.	29 —	Vancouver	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	30	Seattle, etc.	Kashima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	— —	New York v. Suez	C. of Newcastle	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	1 —	B'ton & N. York v. Suez	Wytheville	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	1 —	New York	Arna	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Dec.	3 —	Seattle	Endicott	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	4 —	Portland	West Munham	Am.	A. Line
Dec.	4 —	Portland	Nishmaha	Am.	A Line
Dec.	5 —	San Francisco	Korea Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.
Dec.	5 —	San Francisco	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co.
Dec.	7 —	Vancouver	Melville Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	17 —	New York	Knight Templar	Br.	B. & S.
Dec.	20 —	San Francisco	West Ira	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	20 —	New York	M. S. Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	20 —	San Francisco	West Hepburn	Am.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	21 —	San Francisco	Tenyo Maru	Jap.	T.K.K.
Dec.	23 —	San Francisco	Nile	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Dec.	25 —	New York	Tokushima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec.	28 —	Vancouver	Harold Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.
Dec.	30 —	San Francisco	Cadaretta	Am.	Dollar Co.
Jan.	3 —	Vancouver	E. of Japan	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Jan.	15 —	New York	Grace Dollar	Br.	Dollar Co.

FOR JAPAN PORTS

Nov.	7 —	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Chikugo Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	8 —	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Yawata Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	10 —	Kobe	Mishima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	12 —	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Omi Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	14 —	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Kasuga Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	15 —	Moji, Kobe & Osaka	Kumano Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	19 —	Moji, Kobe, Osaka	Takeshima M.	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	21 —	N'saki, Kobe, Y'hama	Yamashiro M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.

FOR EUROPE, INDIA, STRAITS, ETC.

Nov.	6 —	London	Mentor	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	7 —	Rotterdam	Celebes Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Nov.	8 —	Liverpool	Lycaon	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	8 —	London	Glenade	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Nov.	8 —	London	Bendoran	Br.	G. L. & Co.
Nov.	9 —	London	Carnarvonshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Nov.	10 —	London	Yokohama Maru	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nov.	10 —	Marseilles	Yonan Maru	Jap.	M. M. Cie.
Nov.	15 —	London	Tatsuno Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	15 —	London	C. of Melbourne	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	15 —	Trieste	Nippon	Ital.	D. & Co.
Nov.	19 —	Singapore	Methven	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	20 —	London	Rhesus	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	22 —	London	Cardiganshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Nov.	23 —	Liverpool	Tucer	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	24 —	London	Tamba Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	24 —	Marseilles	Indo Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Nov.	26 —	London	Carmarthenshire	Br.	G. L. E. A.
Nov.	30 —	Liverpool	Tsushima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Dec.	3 —	London	Kalomo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Dec.	6 —	London	Alps Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Dec.	9 —	London	Novara	Br.	P.&O.S.N. Co.
Dec.	12 —	Bombay	Dilwara	Br.	M.M. & Co.

FOR SOUTHERN PORTS

Nov.	5	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Peking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	5	4.30 Ningpo	Hsin Ningshao	Chi.	N.S.S.N. Co.
Nov.	6	4.00 Ningpo	Klangteen	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	6	9.30* Amoy, H'kong, C'ton	Sinkiang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	6	— Hongkong, Canton	Kwanglee	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	8	D.L. S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Yingchow	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	9	— Hongkong	Kashima Maru	Jap.	N. Y. K.
Nov.	9	noon S'tow, H'kong, C'ton	Hangsang	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	10	— Hongkong	China	Am.	C.M.S.S. Co.
Nov.	14	— Hongkong	Canada Maru	Jap.	O. S. K.
Nov.	15	— Manila, Hongkong	E. of Asia	Br.	C.P.O.S.
Nov.	19	— Manila, Hongkong	Venezuela	Am.	P.M.S.S. Co
Nov.	22	— Hongkong	Korea Maru	Jap.	T. K. K.

FOR NORTHERN PORTS

Nov.	5	— Chefoo, N'chwang	Hsinkong	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	5	— Tientsin	Hsintah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	5	9.00* Dairen & Newchwang	Kashing	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	6	— Chefoo, Tientsin	Hsinming	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	6	10.00* Antung & Newchwang	Foochow	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	6	10.00* W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Shengking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	7	D.L. Tientsin	Ningpo	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	8	10.00* W'wei, C'foo, T'tsin	Shuntien	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	8	D.L. Tsingtau	Tean	Br.	B. & S.

FOR RIVER PORTS

Nov.	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hwahta	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tungting	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Nanyang M.	Jap.	N. K. K.
Nov.	5	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Wuchang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Talee Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tatung	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenho	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	6	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Klangyu	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	7	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Luenyi	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	7	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	7	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Suiyang Maru	Jap.	N.K.K.
Nov.	8	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.
Nov.	8	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Fengyang Maru	Jap.	N. K. K.
Nov.	9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Chungking	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	9	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangyung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	10	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kutwo	Br.	J.M. & Co.
Nov.	10	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Kiangwah	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	11	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Hsinfung	Chi.	C.M.S.N. Co.
Nov.	11	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Poyang	Br.	B. & S.
Nov.	11	M.N. Hankow, etc.	Tuckwo	Br.	J. M. & Co.

*A.M. M.N.—MIDNIGHT. D.L.—DAYLIGHT

MEN OF WAR IN PORT

Section	Date	From	Name	Flag and Rating
WTW			Snipe	Br. gun-boat
W.T.W.			Nightingale	Br. gun-boat
M.M.B.	Aug. 18		Wilmington	Am. gun-boat
K.N.D	Sep. 29		Bee	Br. gun-boat
1 C.	Oct. 2		Matsukaze	Jap. destroyer
2 C.	Oct. 26		Saga	Jap. gun-boat
1 C	Oct. 27		Yodo	Jap. gun-boat
S. Creek	Oct. 29		M.A.S. 226	Ital. sub-chaser
S. Creek	Oct. 29		M.A.S. 227	Ital. sub-chaser
8 p.	Nov. 4		Uji	Jap. gun-boat

Information For Mariners

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5

High Water at Woosung Bar

(The day tides are higher than the night tides, they are about equal at 5 and 6 o'clock).

Approximate rise, at springs 4 1/4 h; at neaps, 5 h.
fall, at springs 8 1/4 h; at neaps, 7 1/2 h.

A.M. Time H	M	Range Ft.	In.	P.M. Time H	M	Range Ft.	In.
10	4	8	0	10	26	6	8

High Water at Tungsha Lightship

(The evening tides are higher than the morning tides).

Approximate rise, 5 1/2 h; approximate fall, 7 h.

A.M. H	M	P.M. H	M
8	35	9	2

Time of Moonrise, Moonset, Sunrise, Sunset

Moon Rises H	M	Sets H	M	Sun Rises H	M	Sets H	M	Daylight H	M	Dark H	M
3	3 p.m.	2	58 a.m.	6	19	5	7	5	34	5	52

Mean Barometric Pressure at Shanghai

For October 30.23 in
768.0 mm.

SHANGHAI-HANGCHOW-NINGPO RAILWAY ABRIDGED TIME TABLE

SHANGHAI NORTH TO ZAHKOU—"DOWN" (MAIN LINE) ZAHKOU TO SHANGHAI NORTH—"UP"

STATIONS	Local	Fast R.	Slow	Coolie & Goods	Local	Express R	Local	Local
Shanghai North ..... dep.	....	7.35	9.00	10.00	....	14.50	15.50	....
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	7.51	9.16	10.23	....	15.06	16.06	....
Siccawei ..... dep.	....	7.58	9.23	10.38	....	15.13	16.13	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	8.15	9.40	10.53	....	15.30	16.29	....
Shanghai South ..... dep.	....	*7.45*	*9.10*	*10.20*	*13.35*	*15.00*	*16.00*	*17.55*
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	*8.15*	*9.40*	*10.53*	*13.52*	*15.30*	*16.29*	*18.12*
Sunghiang ..... dep.	....	8.59	10.48	12.02	....	16.07	17.42	....
Kashai ..... dep.	....	9.51	11.52	13.28	....	16.53	18.49	....
Kashing ..... dep.	7.40	10.25	12.30	14.35	....	17.22	19.20	....
Yahrah ..... dep.	8.45	11.05	13.15	15.50	....	17.53	....	....
Changan ..... dep.	9.45	11.41	14.00	16.50	....	18.24	....	....
Hangchow ..... dep.	11.10	12.50	15.25	18.30	....	19.19	....	....
Zahkou ..... arr.	11.35	13.10	15.50	19.00	....	19.35	....	....

STATIONS	Local	Local	Fast R	Slow	Local	Coolie and Goods	Express R	Local
Zahkou ..... dep.	....	....	6.30	7.55	....	9.20	14.10	15.30
Hangchow ..... dep.	....	....	7.00	8.30	....	10.00	14.35	16.05
Changan ..... dep.	....	....	8.04	9.48	....	11.40	15.20	17.36
Yahrah ..... dep.	....	....	8.41	10.31	....	12.39	15.51	18.40
Kashing ..... dep.	....	7.15	9.28	11.22	....	14.10	16.30	19.30
Kashai ..... dep.	....	7.48	9.53	11.55	....	14.48	16.52	....
Sunghiang ..... dep.	....	9.05	10.47	12.59	....	16.08	17.40	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	*8.18*	*10.38*	*11.38*	*14.08*	*15.33*	*17.23*	*18.23*	....
Shanghai South ..... arr.	*8.35*	*10.55*	*11.55*	*14.25*	*15.50*	*17.40*	*18.40*	....
Lunghwa Junction ..... dep.	....	10.30	11.35	14.05	....	17.18	18.20	....
Siccawei ..... dep.	....	10.39	11.44	14.14	....	17.28	18.29	....
Jessfield ..... dep.	....	10.46	11.51	14.21	....	17.37	18.36	....
Shanghai North ..... arr	....	11.00	12.05

L. MOORE & Co
LIMITED
AUCTIONEERS : VALUERS : LAND BROKERS
45 KIANGSE ROAD SHANGHAI

AUCTION INDEX

WEDNESDAY, November 5th. — Sundry, sound and damaged cargo in godown at 2.30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, November 5th.—Household Furniture at 149 Dixwell Road.

THURSDAY, November 6th.—Second consignment of Carpets and good Furniture in Salesroom.

FRIDAY, November 7th.—In Salesroom at 2.30 p.m. a Splendid Collection of Books.

SATURDAY, November 8th.—A valuable collection of Stamps in Salesroom at 2.30 p.m.

THURSDAY, November 27th.—Household Furniture at 21 Rue de Soeurs.

MONDAY, November 10th.—Household Furniture and Sundries at Salesroom at 10 a.m.

Safety by the Inch
Economy by the Mile

You skid by *inches* and not by miles. It is imperative that you have tires that grip the road inch by inch; tires that are sure-footed over wet streets, through slush and mud. This inch-by-inch safety is possible only when your car is geared to the road with

MILLER TIRES

You need Miller Multi-power tires on your car, because they are built to withstand the strenuous task imposed on them by the weight, power and speed of the car, and the wear and tear of rough and uneven roads.

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DODGE & SEYMOUR (China), LTD.

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FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Fire and Marine Policies are issued at lowest current rates. Branch offices are located in all principal cities of China.

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OSRAM LAMPS

Save Current
Last Longest
Brightest Light

Guarantee British Manufacture
Strongest and Best

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NUTGALLS
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(In stock)

Yangtze Transport & Supply Corporation
93 Rue Montauban, Shanghai
Cable Adress: "Transuply"

THE CHINA PRESS MAIL SCHEDULE

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1919

Date and Destination	Per	Chi.	Br.	USA	Rus.	Jap.	Reg
TODAY							
United Kingdom, via Suez	Mentor	..	p14.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..				17.00
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Chefoo	Hsinming	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hongkong and Canton	Kwanglee	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Hankow	Wuchang	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
V'stok and Siberia via Pukow & Harbin (Daily expect Sunday)	Train				17.00	..	17.00
Ningpo	Hsin Peking	..	15.00	..	..	..	..
Tientsin	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Hankow	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Vladivostok	Train	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
TOMORROW							
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	Shengking	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Shengking	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Amoy, H'kong & C'ton	Sinkiang	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
Vladivostok and Siberia	Via P. & H.	17.00	..	..	..	..	17.00
Japan Ports	Chikugo M.	19.00	..	..	..	..	18.30
Japan & A'rica via N'saki	do	..	..	..	..	n20.00	19.30
Amoy and Hongkong	Sinkiang	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Friday, November 7.							
Vladivostok	Penza		13.00	..	..	..	12.30
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Yingchow	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Swatow and Hongkong	do	..	17.00	..	..	..	..
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe via U.S.A.	Nanking	..	15.00	..	..	..	14.30
River Ports	Train & Str.	21.00	..	..	..	..	21.00
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. & Europe	Nanking	15.00	..	..	..	..	14.30
Saturday, November 8.							
Weihaiwei and Chefoo	Shuntien	9.00	..	..	..	..	8.30
W'wei, C'foo & T'tsin	do	..	9.00	..	..	..	..
Sunday, November 9.							
S'tow, H'kong & C'ton	Hangsang	11.00	..	..	..	..	10.30
Monday, November 10.							
Japan, Canada, U.S.A. and Europe	S. Dollar	17.00	..	..	..	..	16.30

†Parcels only.
B Letters and boxes with declared value 7.30; parcel post 5 p.m. and money orders 4 p.m.
D Correspondence marked via Suez.
E Registered articles 5 p.m. on previous day.

The Chinese Post Office will close two mails daily for Tsingtao, Tientsin, Peking, etc.
a.—at 21 for S. N. R. 23 o'clock train
b.—at 7 for S. N. R. 7:55 o'clock train
Mails closed by 7:55 train should reach Tientsin only 46 minutes later than those closed for the previous night's train.

Mail Notices

MAILS CLOSE
For U.S., Canada and Europe:
Per C.M. s.s. Nanking Nov. 7
Per P.M. s.s. Colombia Nov. 8
For United Kingdom
Per B. & S. Mentor .. Nov. 5
For Japan
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Chikugo Maru Nov. 6

MAILS DUE
From U.S. and Canada
Per N.Y.K. s.s. Kashima Maru Nov. 7
From France
Per M.M. s.s. Sphinx .... Nov. 10

Launch Services

Friday, November 7, 1919.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the R.V.F. s.s. Penza will leave the Customs Jetty at 2 p.m.

The tender conveying passengers and mails on board the S.M.R. s.s. Kobe Maru will leave the Customs jetty at 8.:30 a.m.

Siccawei Weather Report

3.—The center of high pressures becomes more important in Japan; on the other hand, an anticyclone is advancing in Siberia (pressure 30.60); between both, relatively low pressures on the Yellow sea, with variable breezes and local calms. Rain at some places in the Valley and at the mouth of the Yangtsze, weather improving at night.

4.—A very dense fog sets in at the early hours. Very light N.W. breezes, intervals of calm. The pressure is below the mean level, but ceases to decrease.

Amusements

Olympic Theatre

WEDNESDAY,
November 5th.

"Love's Night"

Usual Time: 9.15 p.m.

Booking at MOUTRIE'S.

Under the Direction of A. STROK

Towa Cinema Theatre
No. 3 Woochang Road

PROGRAMME
for
November 5th and 6th
"Views of America"
"The Moon Child"
Episodes 8 and 9
"Keystone Comedy".

"The Girl From Frisco"
For November 7th, 8th and 9th.
Episodes 9 and 10

New Helen Theatre
Haining Road

PROGRAMME
for
Wednesday and Thursday,
5th and 6th November
Pathe's Most Enthralling and Thrilling Serial
In 15 Episodes.
"The Lightning Raider"
1st and 2nd Episodes 5 Parts.
Featuring Pearl White
and
One Double Reel Triangle Comedy
and
One Chaplin Comedy

Stalls, 20 Cents; Dress Circle, 30 Cents.

ISIS THEATRE
Corner of North Szechuen Road Extension and Jukong Road
(200 yards from Range Road)

The largest Cinema Theatre in Shanghai. Newly built. Well ventilated, opening into external air on three sides. Kept up in perfectly sanitary condition.

Grand Chinese Performance Daily
AFTERNOON AND EVENING
By A Leading Company of Cantonese Actresses with the very best Embroidered Dresses Obtainable. Very Pretty Stage Sceneries, never before seen in Chinese Performances in Shanghai.

Change of Programme with each performance.

"White Snake Drama"
will be repeated some time next week. Date will be advertised in advance.

Foreigners will enjoy immensely the performances given by this company of Actresses if an interpreter is brought to explain the play.

Admission for Foreigners and Interpreters to Dress Circle, $1.00 a ticket.

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM THEATRE
A. D. C.
181st Production
"ANN"
A Sparkling Comedy in 3 Acts
by Leschmere Worrall

Wednesday, 12th November 1919
Saturday, 15th November 1919
9.15 p.m. Sharp

The booking for the above two performances will be opened at Messrs. Moutrie & Co., Ltd., Nanking Road, on Thursday, 6th November for Members only, and on Friday, 7th November for the public.

By Order
Wm. ARMSTRONG
Business Manager.
26139

CHARLES MARGELIS PRESENTS
AT THE
VICTORIA THEATRE
FOR SIX DAYS ONLY, NOV 5th to 10th
THE ALL STARS VAUDEVILLE CO.
AND
THREE WONDERFUL FILM MASTERPIECES.
ON TUESDAY AND WEDNEDAY, 4th & 5th
WILL BE SCREENED
"THE CURSE OF EVE"
SIX PARTS
The "CURSE of EVE" is a warning to the girl of today, who has the spirit of adventure in her make-up; it is also an appeal to manhood to protect rather than disgrace and destroy her.

ON NOVEMBER 6th, 7th and 8th
'IT MAY BE YOUR DAUGHTER"
SIX PARTS
One of the Greatest Moral Lessons ever shown on the Screen, produced by the Moral Uplift Society of America.

ON NOVEMBER 9th and 10th
ANOTHER FIVE PART SPECIAL FEATURE
"THE BOND BETWEEN"
MATINEE: SATURDAY AND SUNDAY
ADMISSION PRICES: $1.50 and $1.00
Holders of special coupon tickets entitled to use same by paying the difference.

APOLLO THEATRE TONIGHT TONIGHT
Very Special Engagement
THE GREAT BRACKENS
Direct from the **Palace Theatre**, Broadway, New York
The World's Most Sensational Wire Artistes & Jugglers Supreme

Their Main Feats consist of walking a rope from the stage to the balcony and back. Dancing, jumping over chairs, climbing ladder and double juggling, also physical culture display in dancing of muscles to music

A THRILLING ATTRACTION ! ! !
Wm. Fox presents
DOROTHY BERNARD and GLEN WHITE
in
"SPORTING BLOOD"
5-parts of a Thrilling and Galloping Romance of the Race Track, Written and Directed by Bertran Bracken.
This picture tells a wonderful story. You will enjoy the great acting and fine photography.
Time and Prices as Usual. Booking at Robinson's

Good Things to Eat and Drink
Short Orders a Specialty
THE TROCADERO
14 Astor Road Phone: North 1664

AMUSEMENTS

The Russian Grand Opera Company

ABSOLUTELY THE LAST 13 PERFORMANCES

Commencing: MONDAY, November 3rd
AT THE
OLYMPIC THEATRE

Wednesday, Nov. 5th: "LOVE'S NIGHT" (Valentinoff)
(The most famous Operetto. Presented in Moscow 385 times).
Miss Burskaya, Miss Sasenzova, Mr. Busanovsky, Mr. Ulianoff and Mr. Voinoff.
Special Ballet with modern dances.

Thursday, Nov. 6th: "THAIS" (Massenet)
Miss Ossipova, Mr. Hochloff and Mr. Preobragensky.

Friday, Nov. 7th: "ROMEO and JULIET" (Gounod)
Miss Kasanskaya, Miss Burskaya, Mr. Daniloff and Mr. Voinoff.

Saturday, Nov. 8th: "MADAM BUTTERFLY" (Puccini)
Miss Ossipova, Miss Burskaya, Mr. Daniloff and Mr. Hochloff.

Matinee Sunday, Nov. 9th:
"PAGLIACCI" and "CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA"

Sunday Night, Nov. 9th: "BORIS GODOUNOV" (M. Moussorgsky)

Monday, Nov. 10th: "THE HUGUENOT" (Meyerbeer)
In aid of Russian Red Cross Fund.
Miss Sasonzova, Miss Zirianova, Mr. Hochloff, Mr. Busanovsky and Mr. Magsky.

Tuesday, Nov. 11th: "THE GYPSY BARON" (Strauss)
Miss Ossipova, Miss Guiseva, Miss Kasanskaya, Mr. Daniloff, Mr. Voinoff, Mr. Gorlenko and Mr. Magsky.

Wednesday, Nov. 12th: "GIOCONDA" (Ponchinelli)
Miss Guiseva, Miss Burskaya, Miss Zirianova, Mr. Hochloff, Mr. Magsky and Mr. Preobragensky.

Thursday, Nov. 13th: "The Czar's Bride" (Rimsky-Korsakov)
In aid of Russian Red Cross Fund
Miss Ossipova, Miss Kasanskaya, Mr. Daniloff and Mr. Ulianoff.

Friday, Nov. 14th: "TROUBADOUR" (Verdi)
Miss Guiseva, Miss Zirianova, Mr. Daniloff and Mr. Gorlenko.

USUAL PRICES. USUAL TIME. Booking at MOUTRIE'S.

Carlton Café

AN APPEAL FOR AID
has reached us from the ladies of the
RUSSIAN RED CROSS SOCIETY
and we have therefore promised to give
On Thursday, November 6th
A GRAND PRIZE BALL

Two Dollars Admission will be charged, the entire amount to be given to the Red Cross.

3 Prizes will be presented with each dance, any one of which is worth more than the Entrance Fee.

Book your tables by phone. **C. 2301 and C. 2337**